

Residential Fire Evacuation Plan

1. Objectives

- Ensure all occupants can safely exit the house during a fire.
- Provide clear routes and meeting points.
- Prevent re-entry until emergency services declare the area safe.

2. House Description

- Levels: Basement, Ground Floor, First Floor
- Occupants: Family (adults + children)
- Primary Hazards: Electrical fires, kitchen fires, heating systems in basement

3. Escape Routes

Basement

- Primary Exit: Use basement stairs leading to the ground floor exit nearest the main door.
- Secondary Exit: If blocked, use egress window (if available). Keep a step stool or escape ladder nearby.
- Close all doors behind you to slow fire spread.

Ground Floor

- Primary Exit: Front door to outside.
- Secondary Exit: Back door or sliding patio door.
- Windows: Can be used as last-resort exits. Avoid kitchen area if that's where the fire starts.

First Floor

- Primary Exit: Use the main stairway to ground floor and exit via front or back door.
- Secondary Exit: Use escape ladder from bedroom windows if stairs are blocked by smoke/flames.
- Close bedroom doors while preparing to escape — this delays smoke spread.

4. Safe Meeting Point

- Designate a meeting point outside 391
- Do not re-enter the building once outside 391 Bradford Road.
- Call 999 (or local emergency number) immediately.

5. Roles

- Adults: Guide children, check all rooms, assist elderly or pets.
- Children: Go to the nearest exit and meet outside — no hiding under beds or in closets.
- Pets: If safe, release them or keep carriers near exits for quick evacuation.