



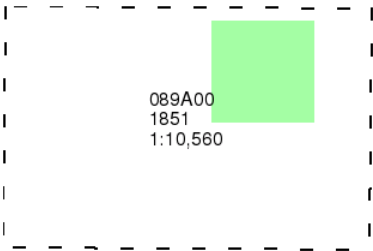
Lancashire And Furness

Published 1851

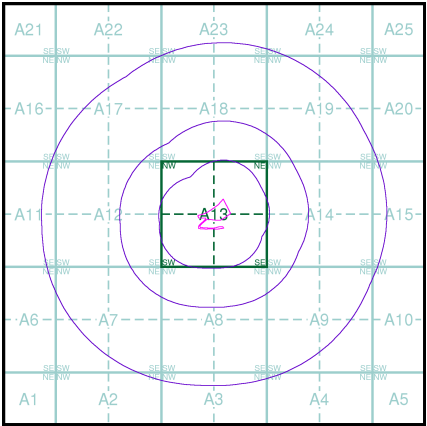
Source map scale - 1:10,560

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 382604826_1_1
Customer Ref: C10400
National Grid Reference: 405820, 412500
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 1.49
Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

Cellars Clough, Marsden, HUDDERSFIELD, HD7 6LY



Tel: 0844 844 9952
Fax: 0844 844 9951
Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk



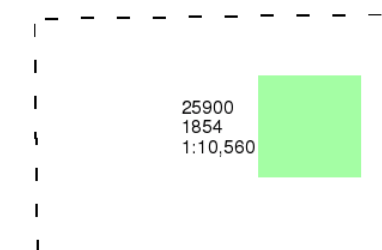
Yorkshire

Published 1854

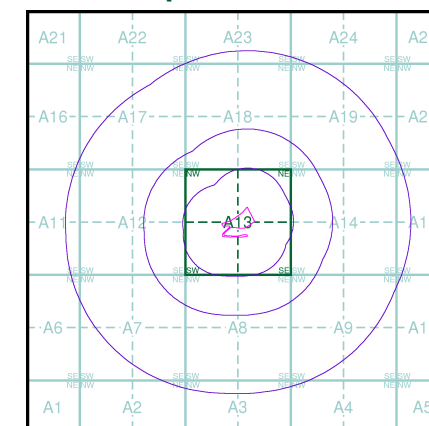
Source map scale - 1:10,560

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INFORMATION GROUP

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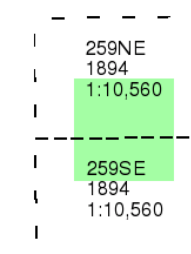
Yorkshire

Published 1894

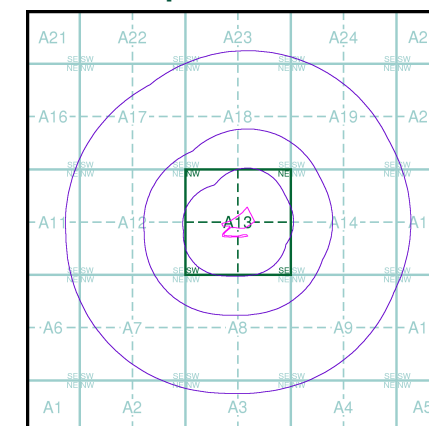
Source map scale - 1:10,560

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Yorkshire

Published 1907 - 1908

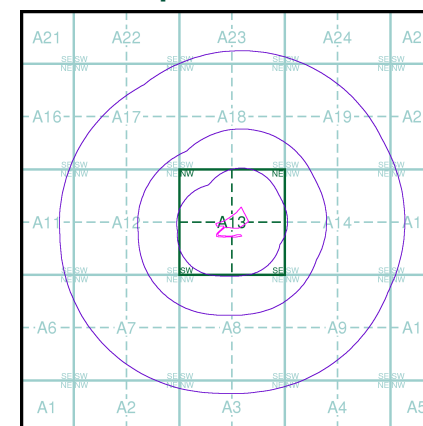
Source map scale - 1:10,560

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Map Name(s) and Date(s)

259NE
1907
1:10,560
259SE
1908
1:10,560

Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

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Yorkshire

Published 1930

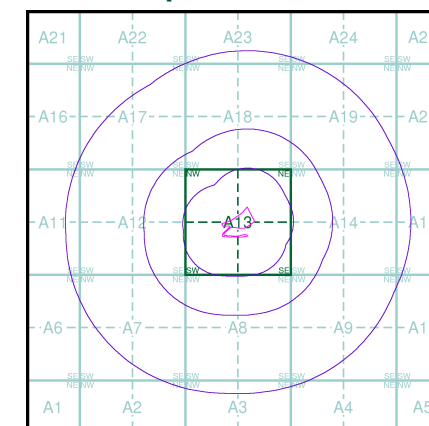
Source map scale - 1:10,560

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Map Name(s) and Date(s)

259NE
1930
1:10,560
259SE
1930
1:10,560

Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

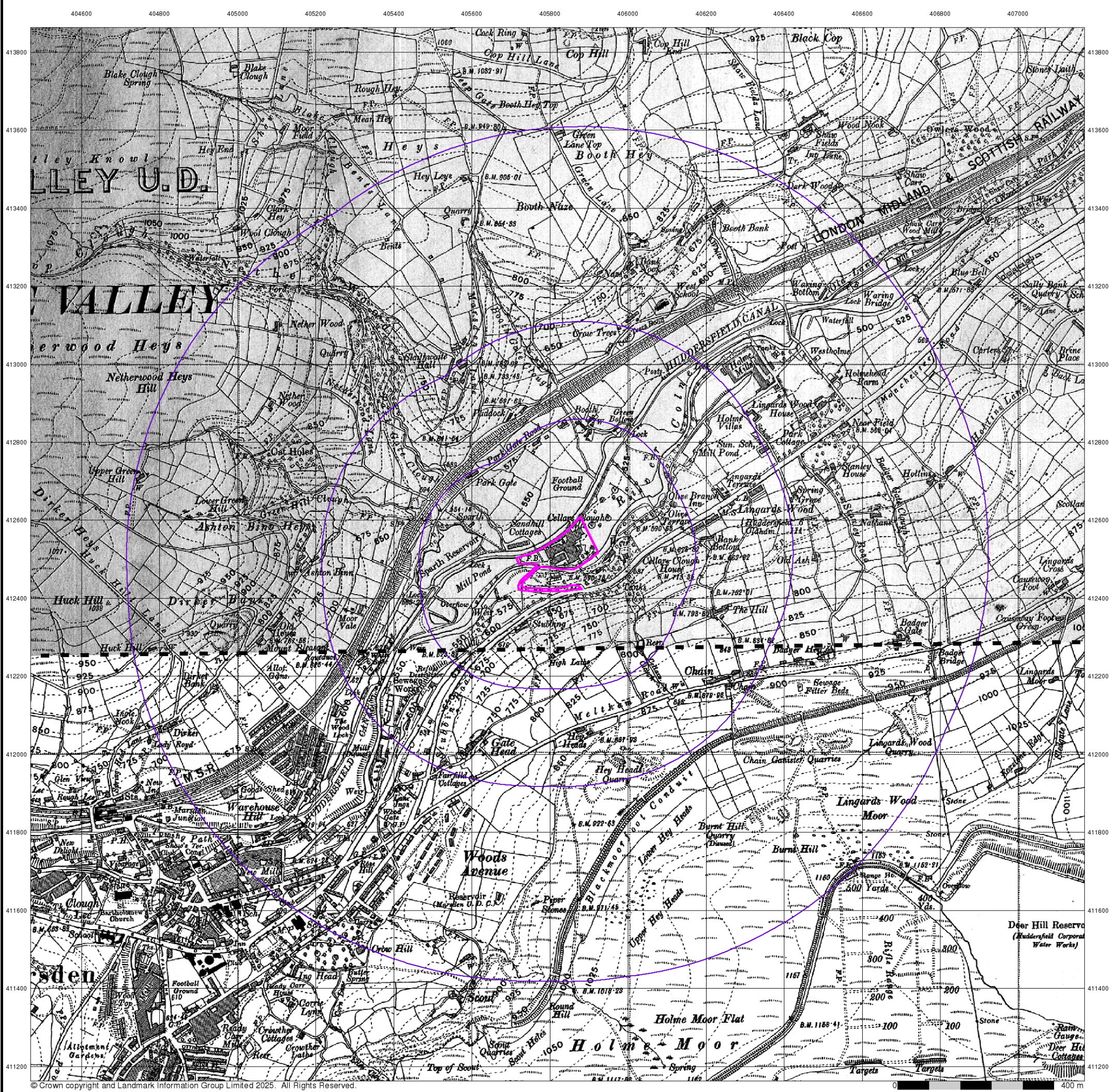
Order Number: 382604826_1_1
Customer Ref: C10400
National Grid Reference: 405820, 412500
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 1.49
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Yorkshire

Published 1930 - 1948

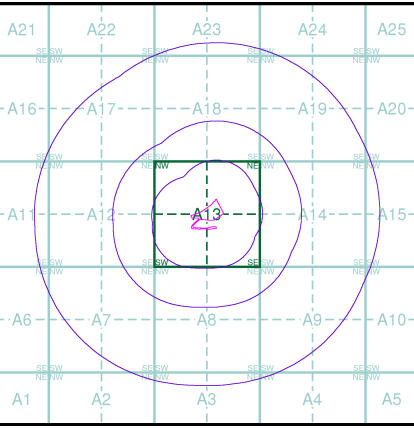
Source map scale - 1:10,560

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)

259NE	1948
1:10,560	
259SE	1930
1:10,560	

Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number:	382604826_1_1
Customer Ref:	C10400
National Grid Reference:	405820, 412500
Slice:	A
Site Area (Ha):	1.49
Search Buffer (m):	1000

Site Details

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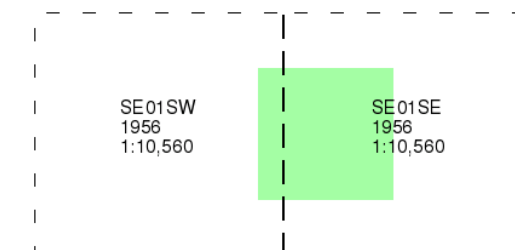
Ordnance Survey Plan

Published 1956

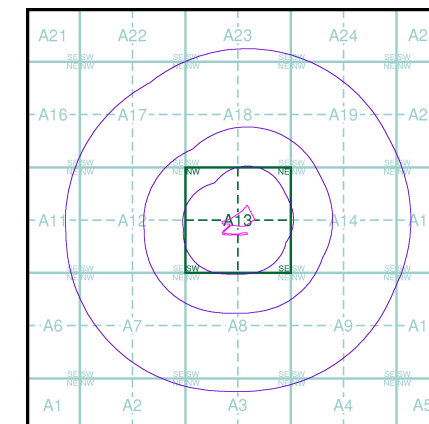
Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 382604826_1_1
Customer Ref: C10400
National Grid Reference: 405820, 412500
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 1.49
Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

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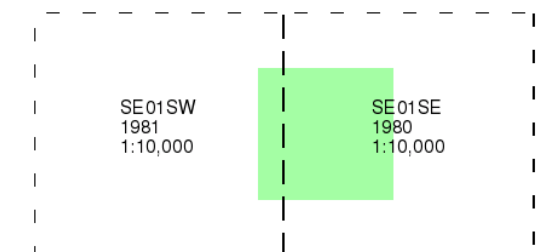
Ordnance Survey Plan

Published 1980 - 1981

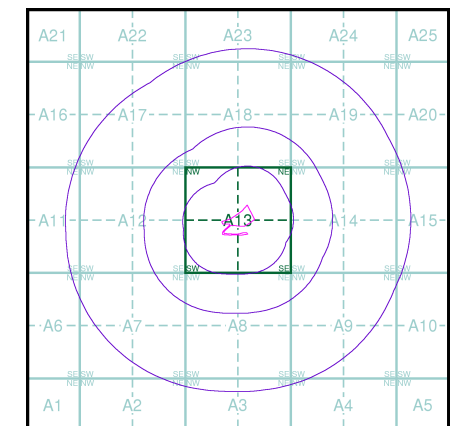
Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

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Huddersfield

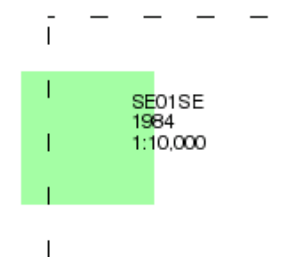
Published 1984

Source map scale - 1:10,000

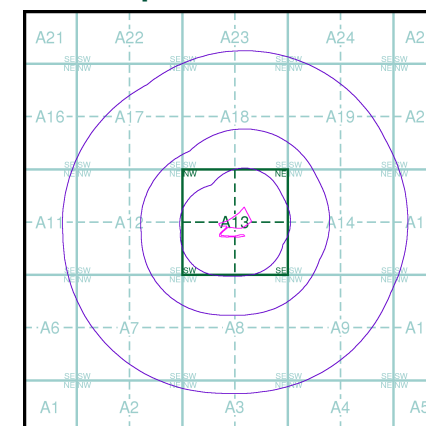
These maps were produced by the Russian military during the Cold War between 1950 and 1997, and cover 103 towns and cities throughout the U.K. The maps are produced at 1:25,000, 1:10,000 and 1:5,000 scale, and show detailed land use, with colour-coded areas for development, green areas, and non-developed areas. Buildings are coloured black and important building uses (such as hospitals, post offices, factories etc.) are numbered, with a numbered key describing their use.

They were produced by the Russians for the benefit of navigation, as well as strategic military sites and transport hubs, for use if they were to have invaded the U.K. The detailed information provided indicates that the areas were surveyed using land-based personnel, on the ground, in the cities that are mapped.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Russian Map - Slice A



Order Details

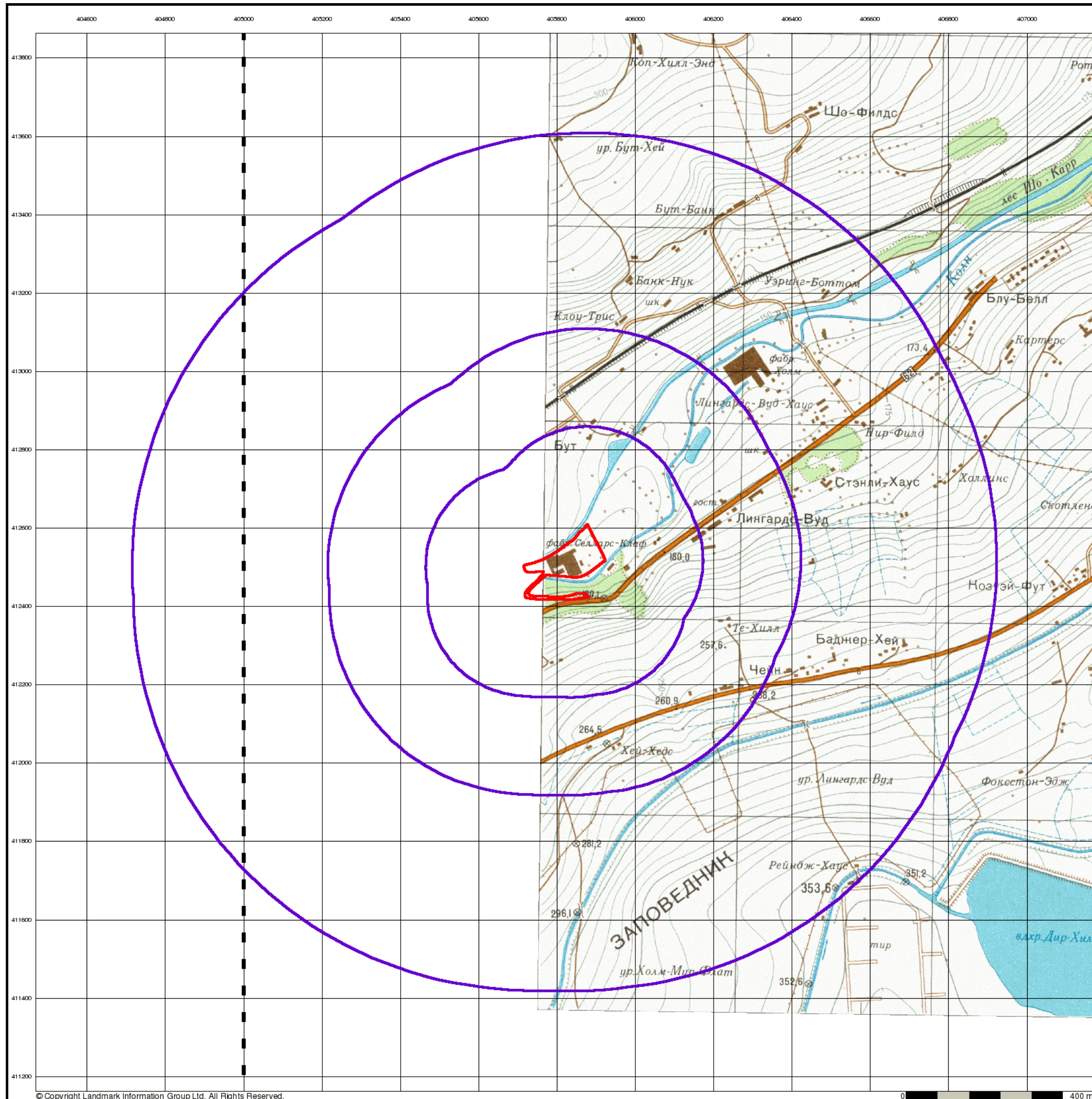
Order Number: 382604826_1_1
Customer Ref: C10400
National Grid Reference: 405820, 412500
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 1.49
Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

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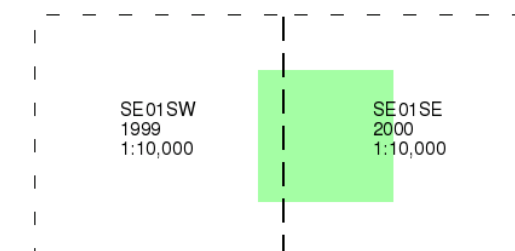
10k Raster Mapping

Published 1999 - 2000

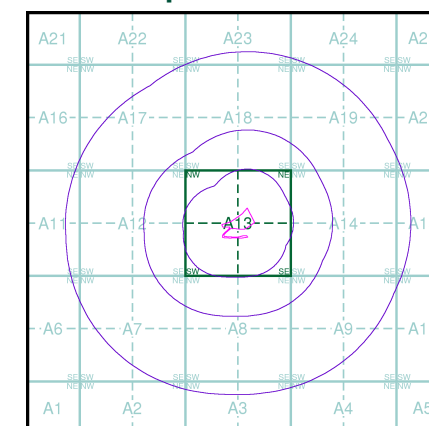
Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were produced from the Ordnance Survey's 1:10,000 colour raster mapping. These maps are derived from Landplan which replaced the old 1:10,000 maps originally published in 1970. The data is highly detailed showing buildings, fences and field boundaries as well as all roads, tracks and paths. Road names are also included together with the relevant road number and classification. Boundary information depiction includes county, unitary authority, district, civil parish and constituency.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 382604826_1_1
Customer Ref: C10400
National Grid Reference: 405820, 412500
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 1.49
Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

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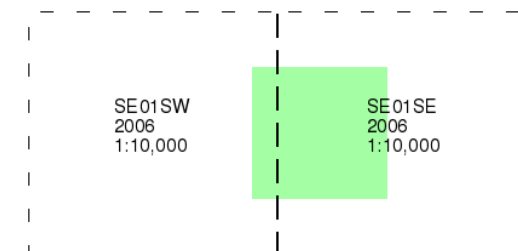
10k Raster Mapping

Published 2006

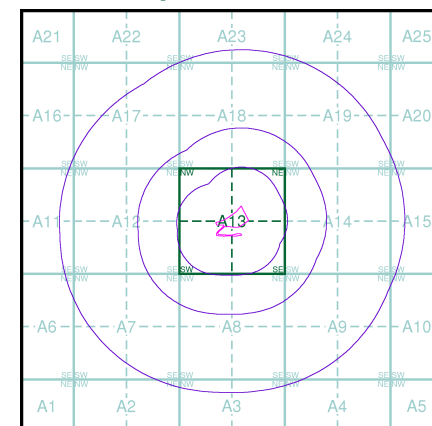
Source map scale - 1:10,000

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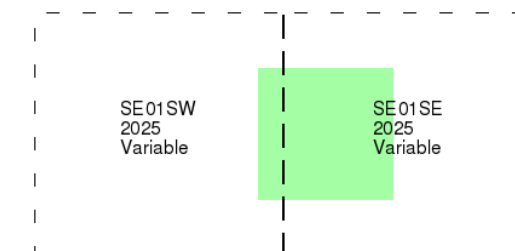
VectorMap Local

Published 2025

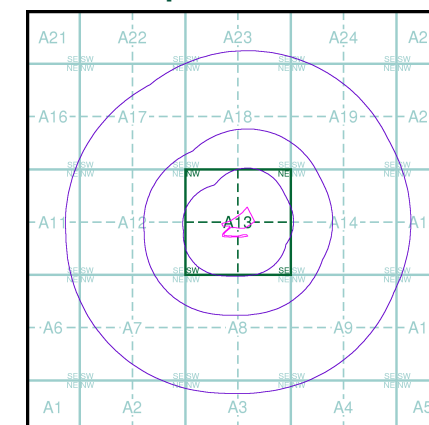
Source map scale - 1:10,000

VectorMap Local (Raster) is Ordnance Survey's highest detailed 'backdrop' mapping product. These maps are produced from OS's VectorMap Local, a simple vector dataset at a nominal scale of 1:10,000, covering the whole of Great Britain, that has been designed for creating graphical mapping. OS VectorMap Local is derived from large-scale information surveyed at 1:1250 scale (covering major towns and cities), 1:2500 scale (smaller towns, villages and developed rural areas), and 1:10 000 scale (mountain, moorland and river estuary areas).

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

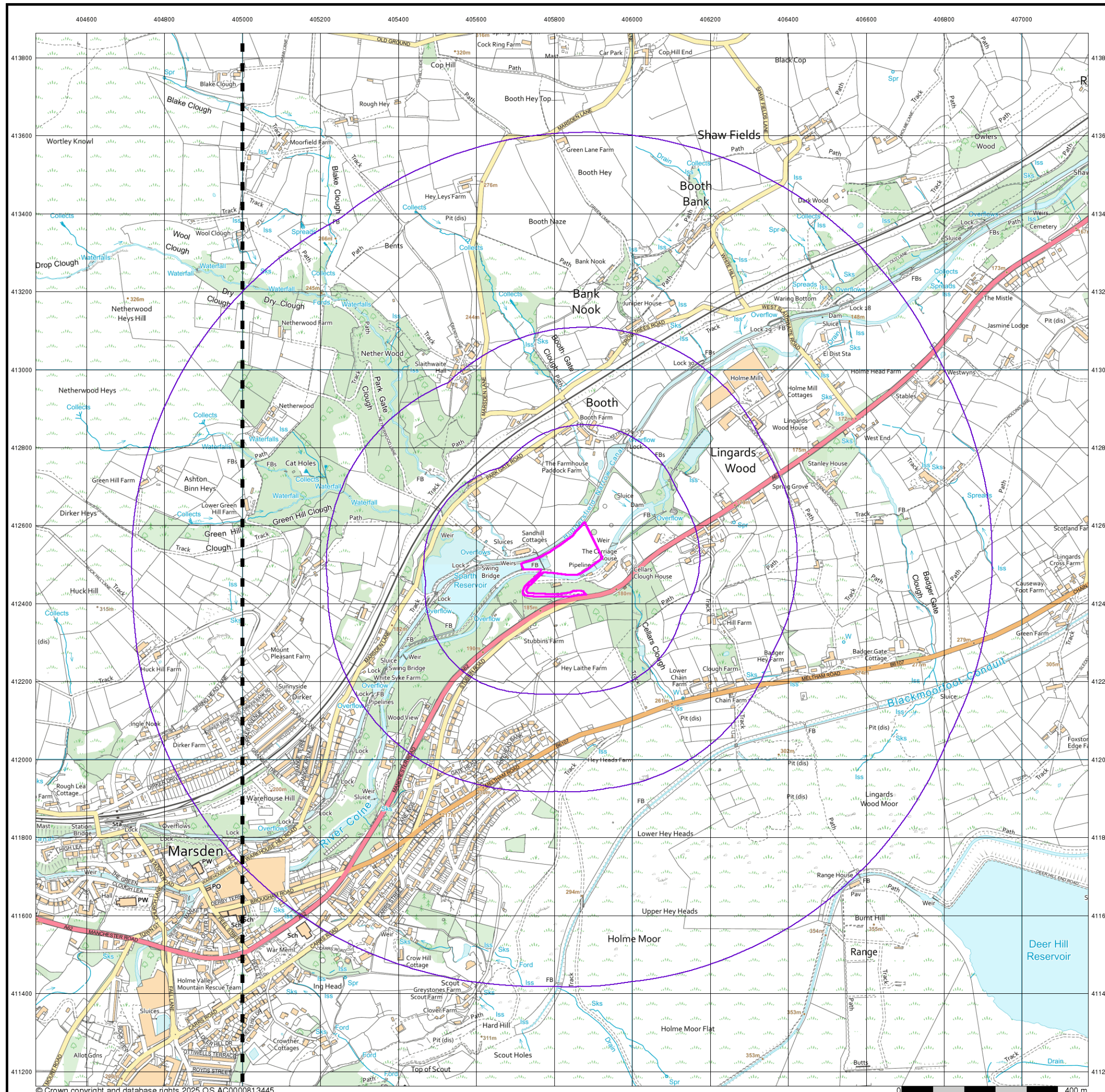
Order Number: 382604826_1_1
Customer Ref: C10400
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Slice: A
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Site Details

Cellars Clough, Marsden, HUDDERSFIELD, HD7 6LY

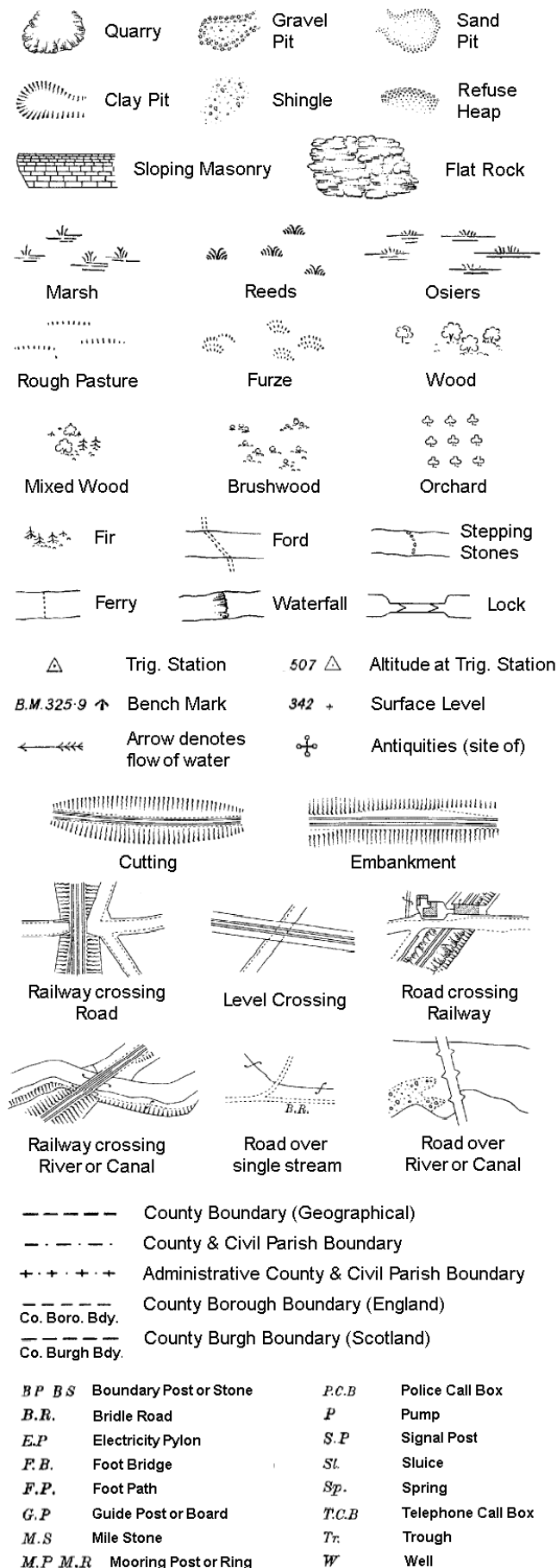
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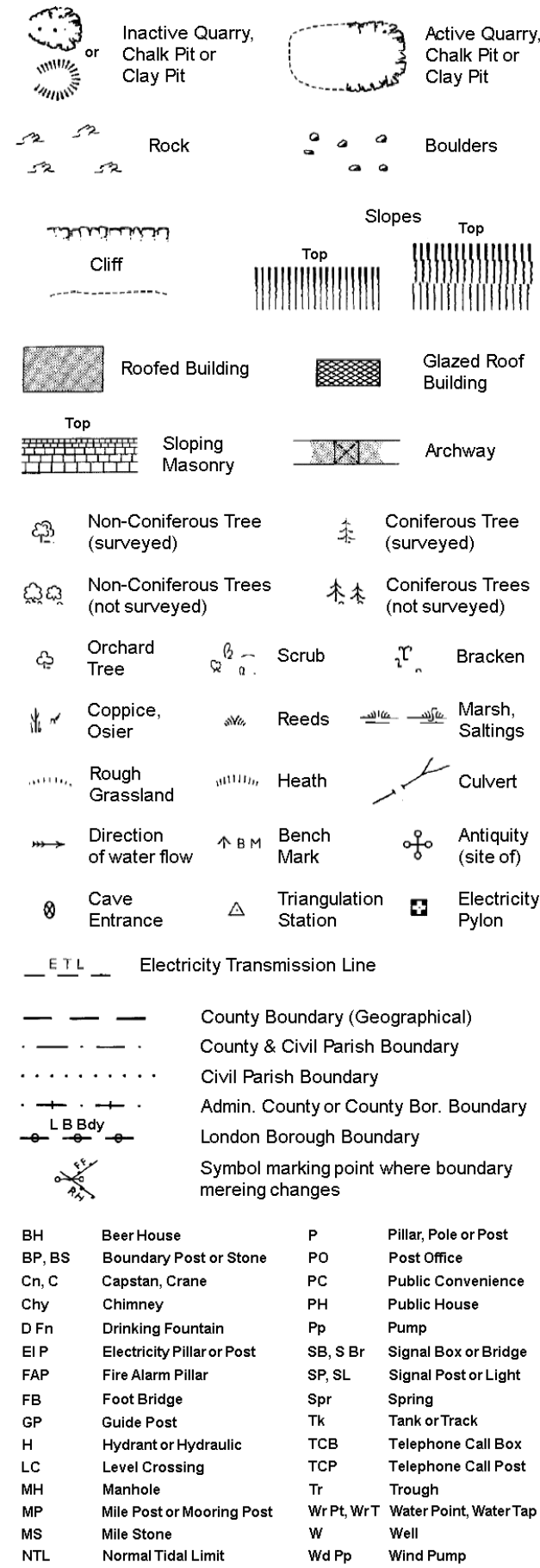


Historical Mapping Legends

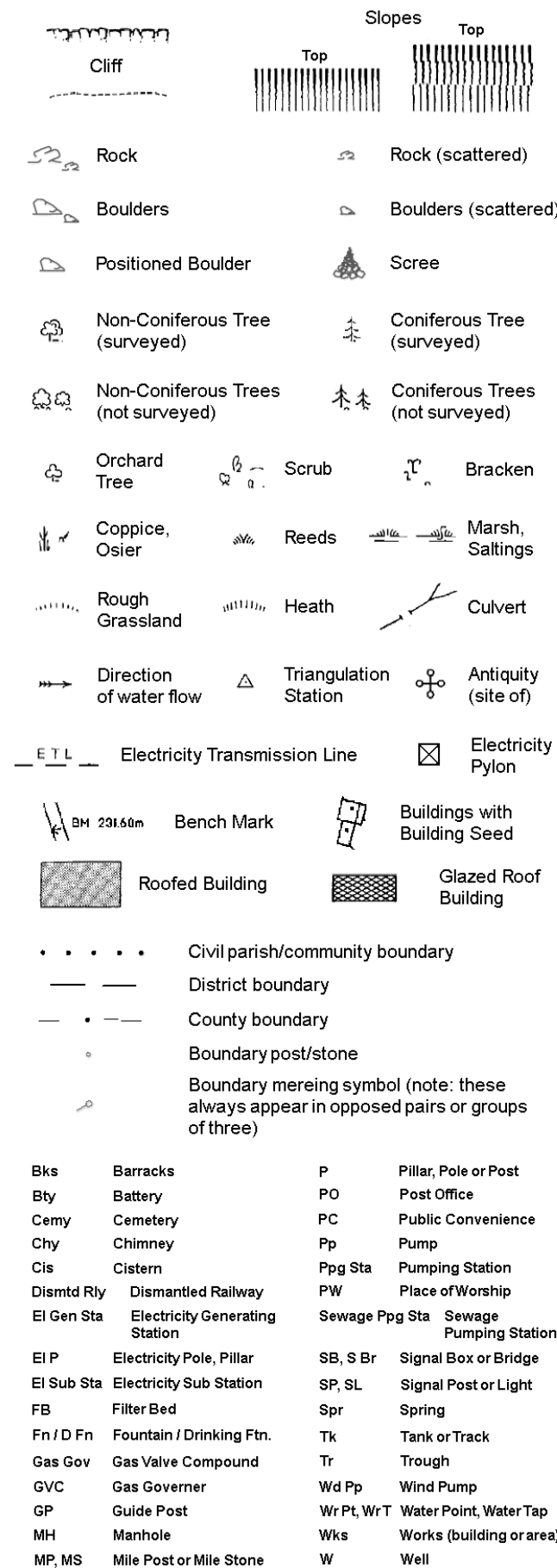
Ordnance Survey County Series and Ordnance Survey Plan 1:2,500



Ordnance Survey Plan, Additional SIMs and Supply of Unpublished Survey Information 1:2,500 and 1:1,250



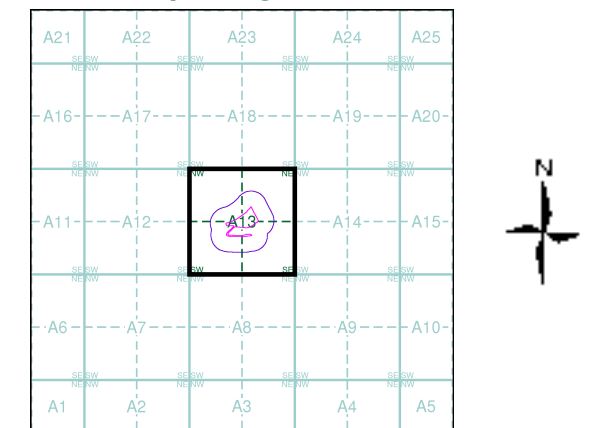
Large-Scale National Grid Data 1:2,500 and 1:1,250



Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Yorkshire	1:2,500	1892	2
Yorkshire	1:2,500	1906	3
Yorkshire	1:2,500	1932	4
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1968 - 1969	5
Additional SIMs	1:2,500	1984	6
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1993	7
Historical Aerial Photography	1:2,500	1999	8

Historical Map - Segment A13



Order Details

Order Number: 382604826_1_1
Customer Ref: C10400
National Grid Reference: 405820, 412500
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 1.49
Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Cellars Clough, Marsden, HUDDERSFIELD, HD7 6LY



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Yorkshire

Published 1892

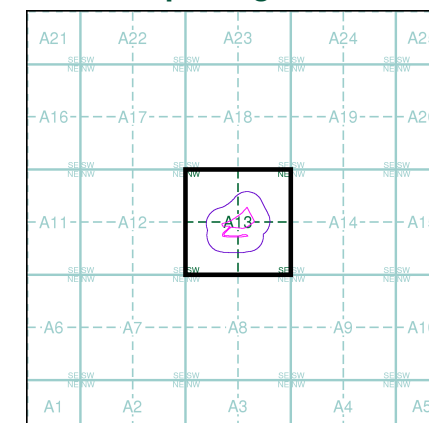
Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)

259_07 1892 1:2,500	259_08 1892 1:2,500
259_11 1892 1:2,500	259_12 1892 1:2,500

Historical Map - Segment A13



Order Details

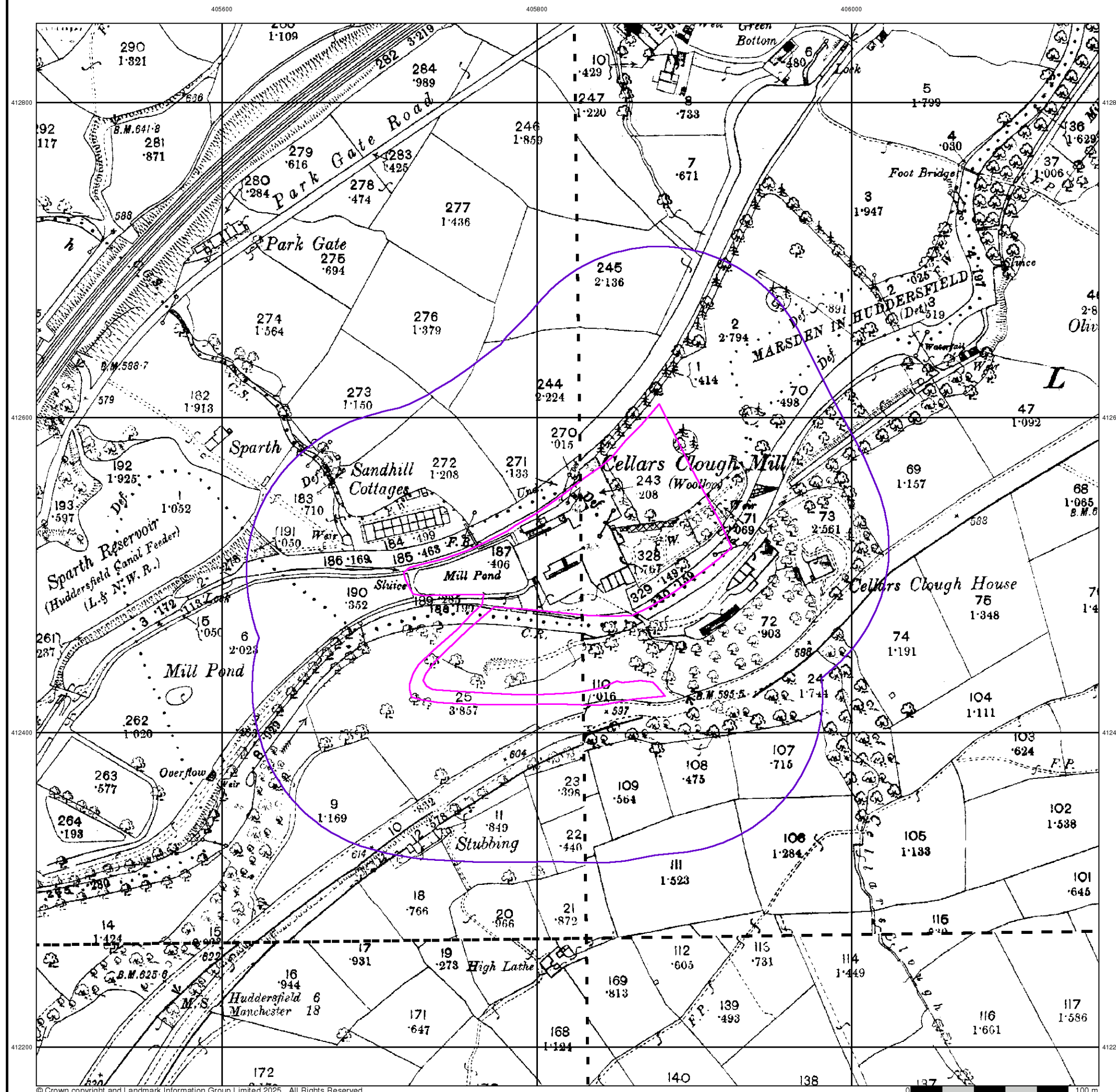
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Customer Ref: C10400
National Grid Reference: 405820, 412500
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 1.49
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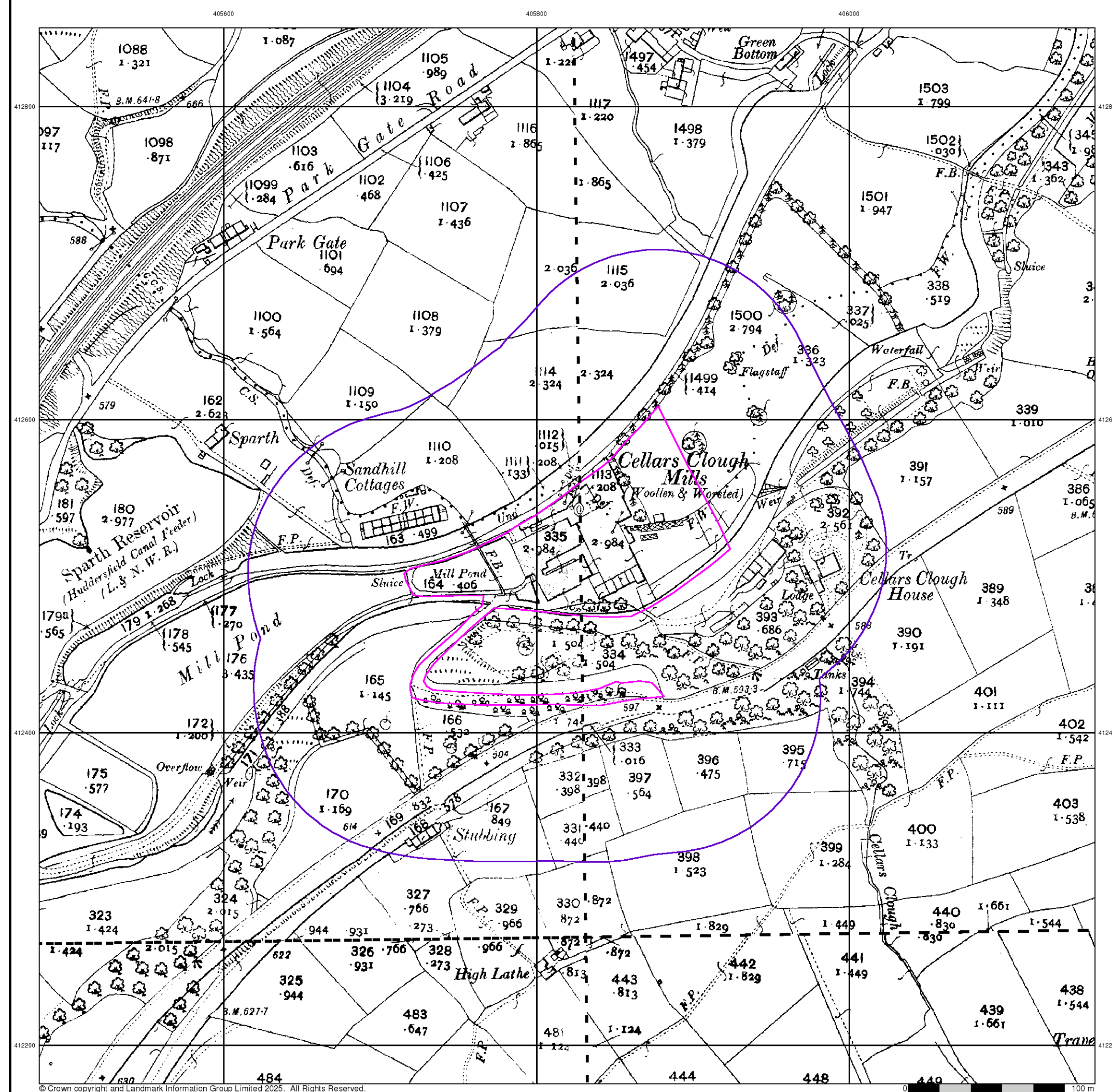
Site Details

Cellars Clough, Marsden, HUDDERSFIELD, HD7 6LY

Landmark
INFORMATION GROUP

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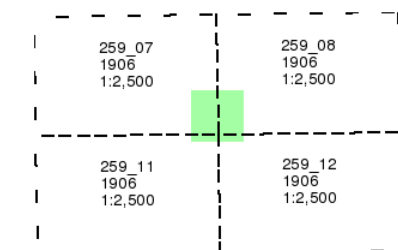
Yorkshire

Published 1906

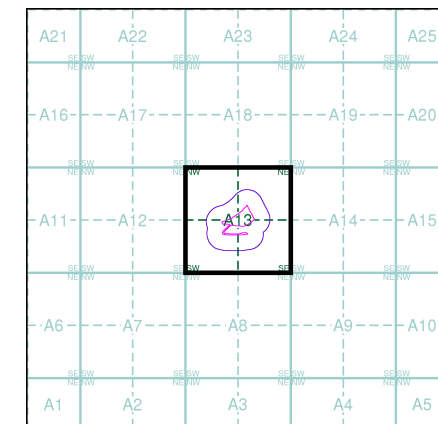
Source map scale - 1:2,500

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Historical Map - Segment A13



Order Details

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Slice:	A
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Yorkshire

Published 1932

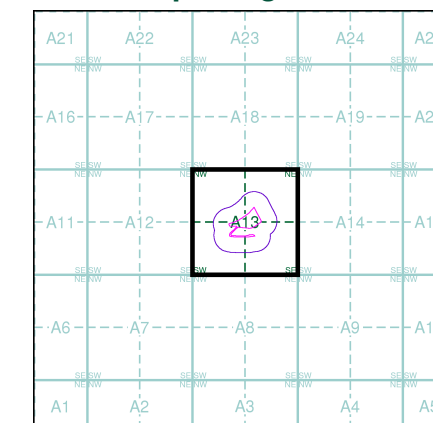
Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)

259_07 1932 1:2,500	259_08 1932 1:2,500
259_11 1932 1:2,500	259_12 1932 1:2,500

Historical Map - Segment A13



Order Details

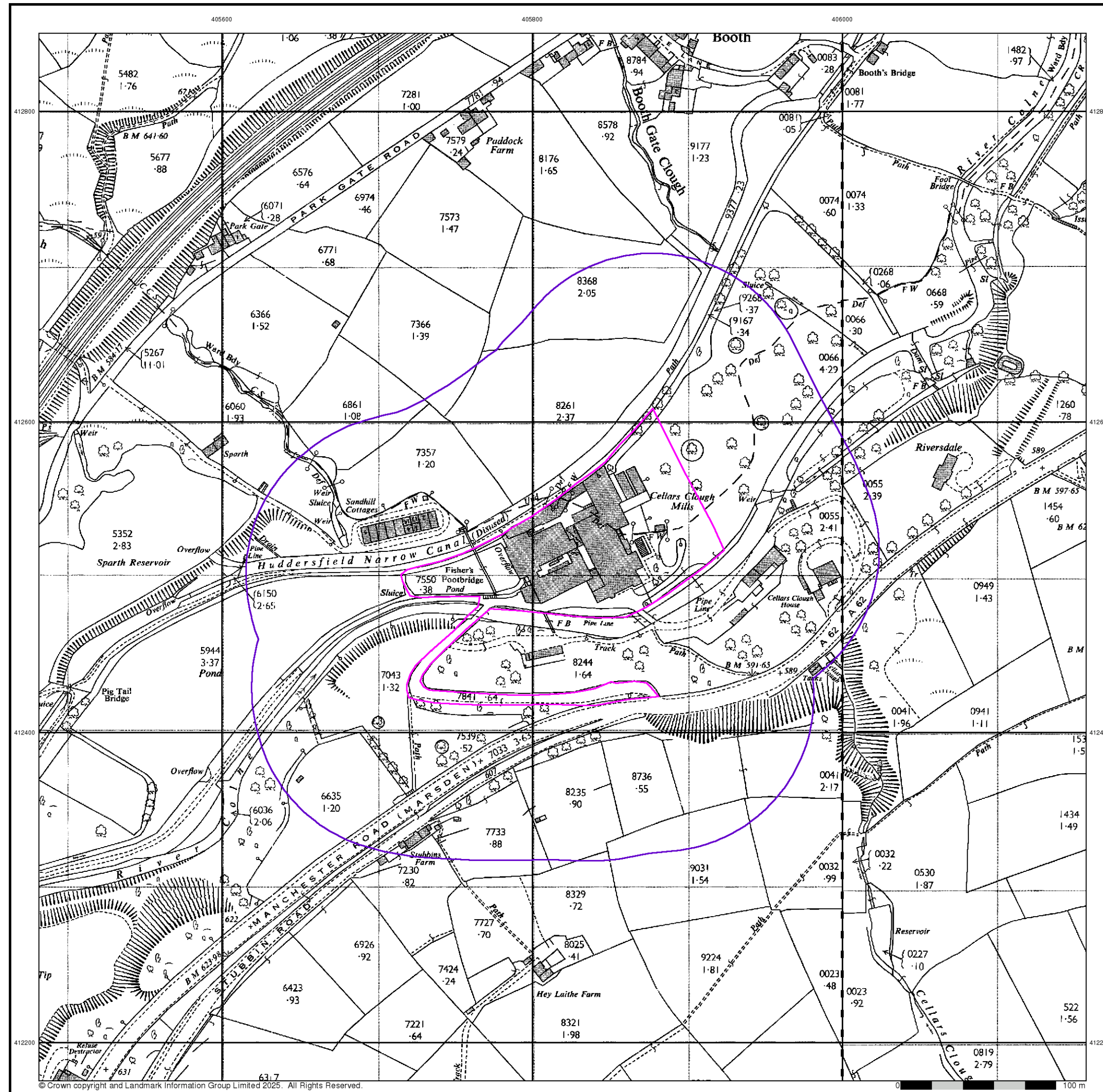
Order Number: 382604826_1_1
Customer Ref: C10400
National Grid Reference: 405820, 412500
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 1.49
Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Cellars Clough, Marsden, HUDDERSFIELD, HD7 6LY

Landmark
INFORMATION GROUP

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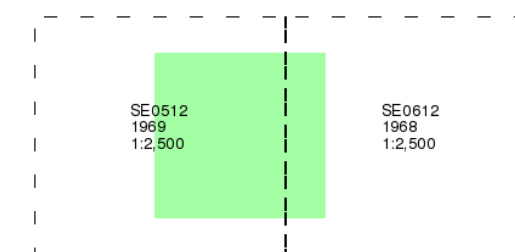
Ordnance Survey Plan

Published 1968 - 1969

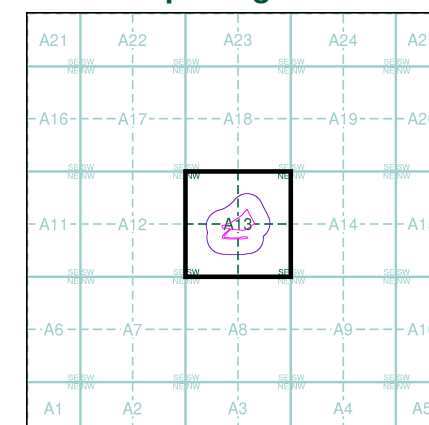
Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A13



Order Details

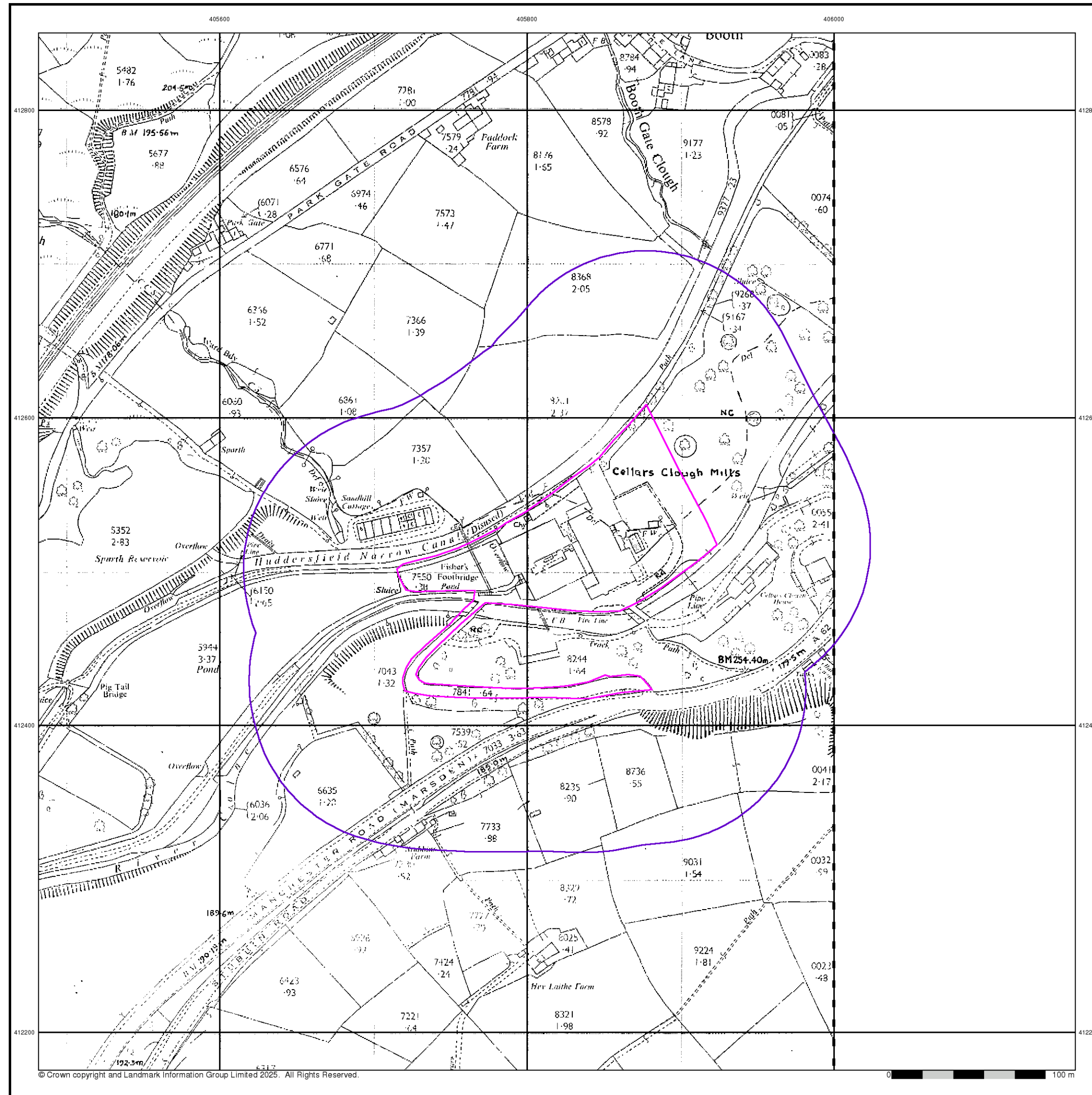
Order Number: 382604826_1_1
Customer Ref: C10400
National Grid Reference: 405820, 412500
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 1.49
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Site Details

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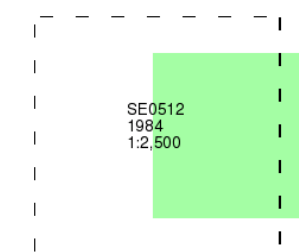
Additional SIMs

Published 1984

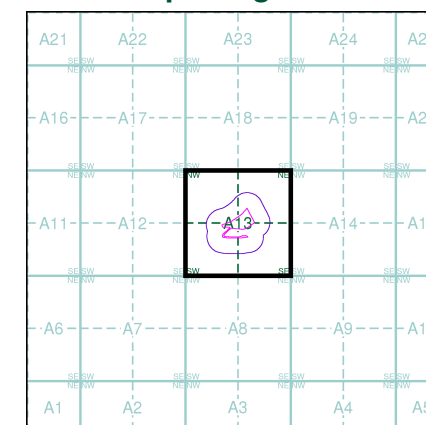
Source map scale - 1:2,500

The SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') are further, minor editions of mapping which were produced and published in between the main editions as an area was updated. They date from 1947 to 1994, and contain detailed information on buildings, roads and land-use. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A13



Order Details

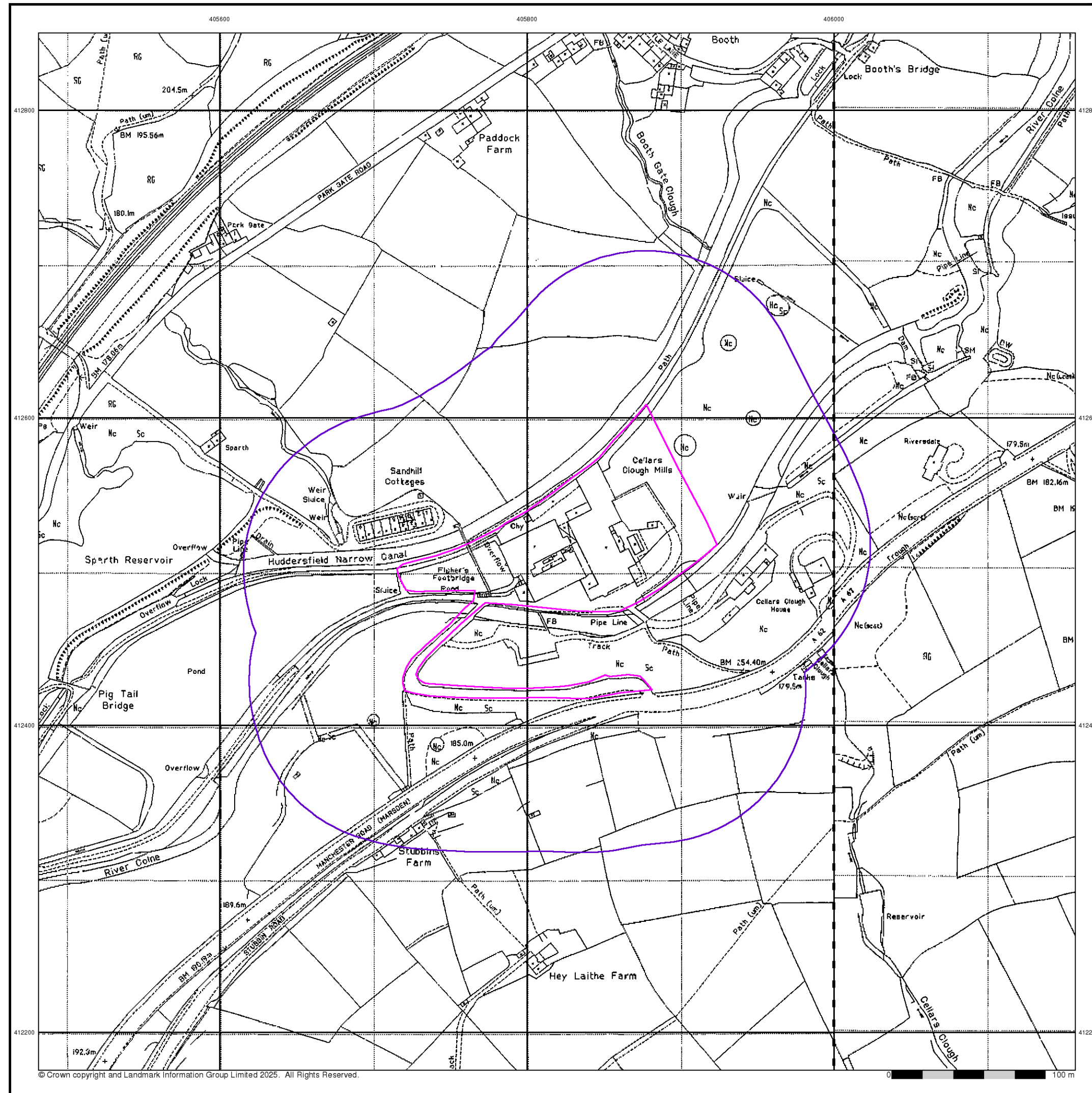
Order Number: 382604826_1_1
Customer Ref: C10400
National Grid Reference: 405820, 412500
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 1.49
Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

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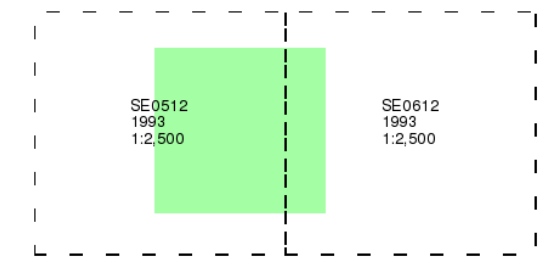
Large-Scale National Grid Data

Published 1993

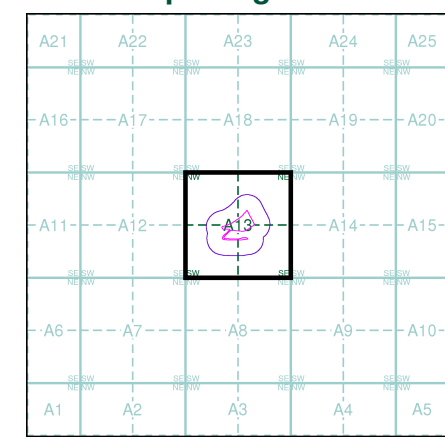
Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A13



Order Details

Order Number: 382604826_1_1
Customer Ref: C10400
National Grid Reference: 405820, 412500
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 1.49
Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

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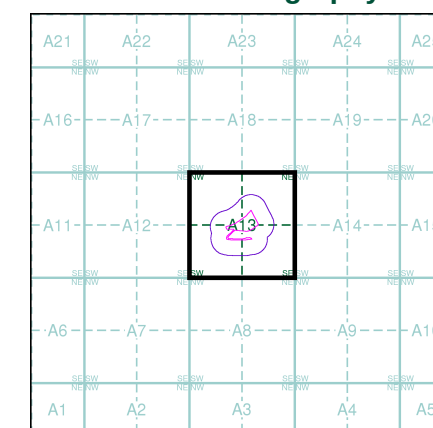


Historical Aerial Photography

Published 1999

This aerial photography was produced by Getmapping, these vertical aerial photographs provide a seamless, full colour survey of the whole of Great Britain

Historical Aerial Photography - Segment A13



Order Details

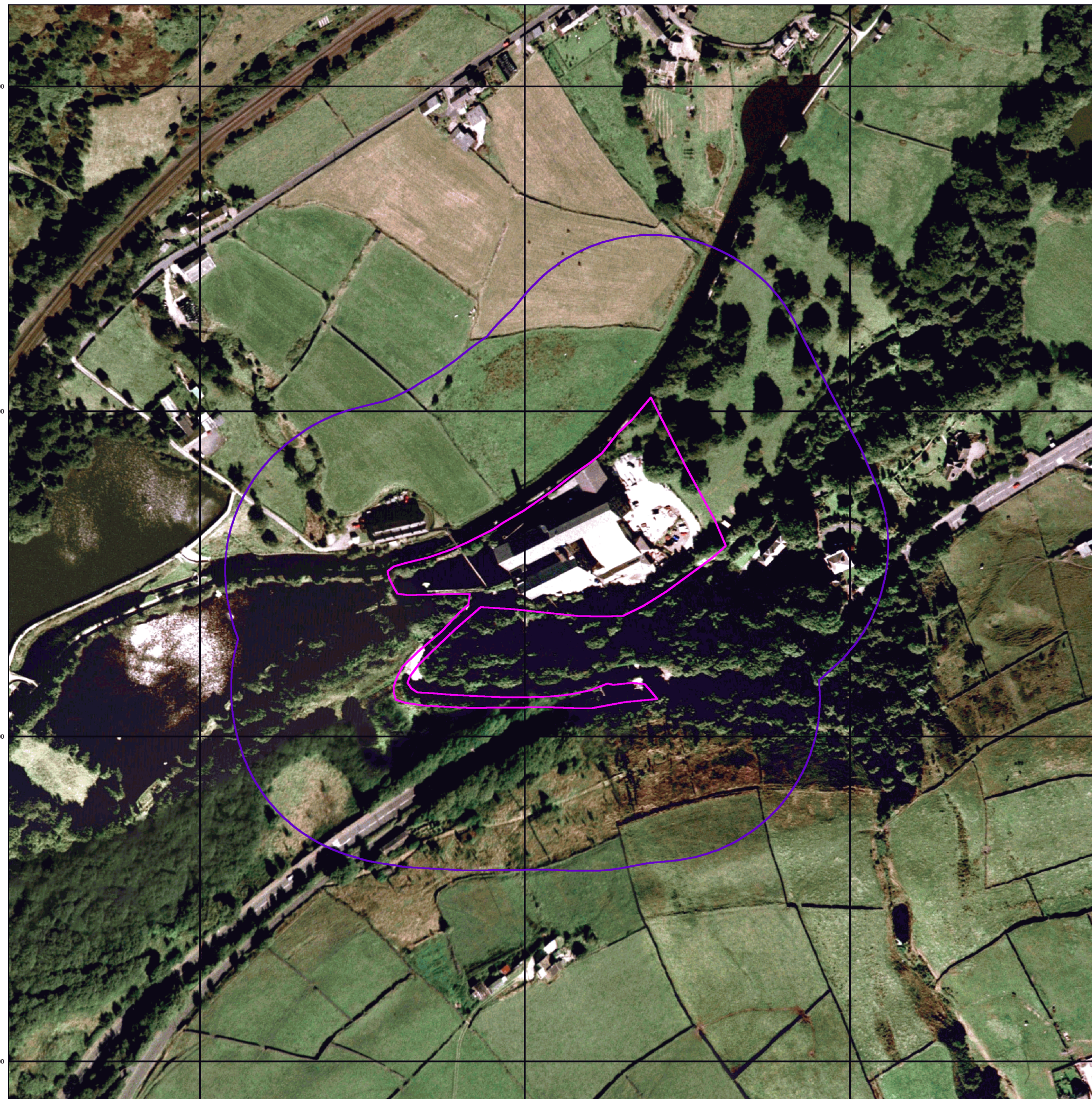
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Customer Ref: C10400
National Grid Reference: 405820, 412500
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 1.49
Search Buffer (m): 100

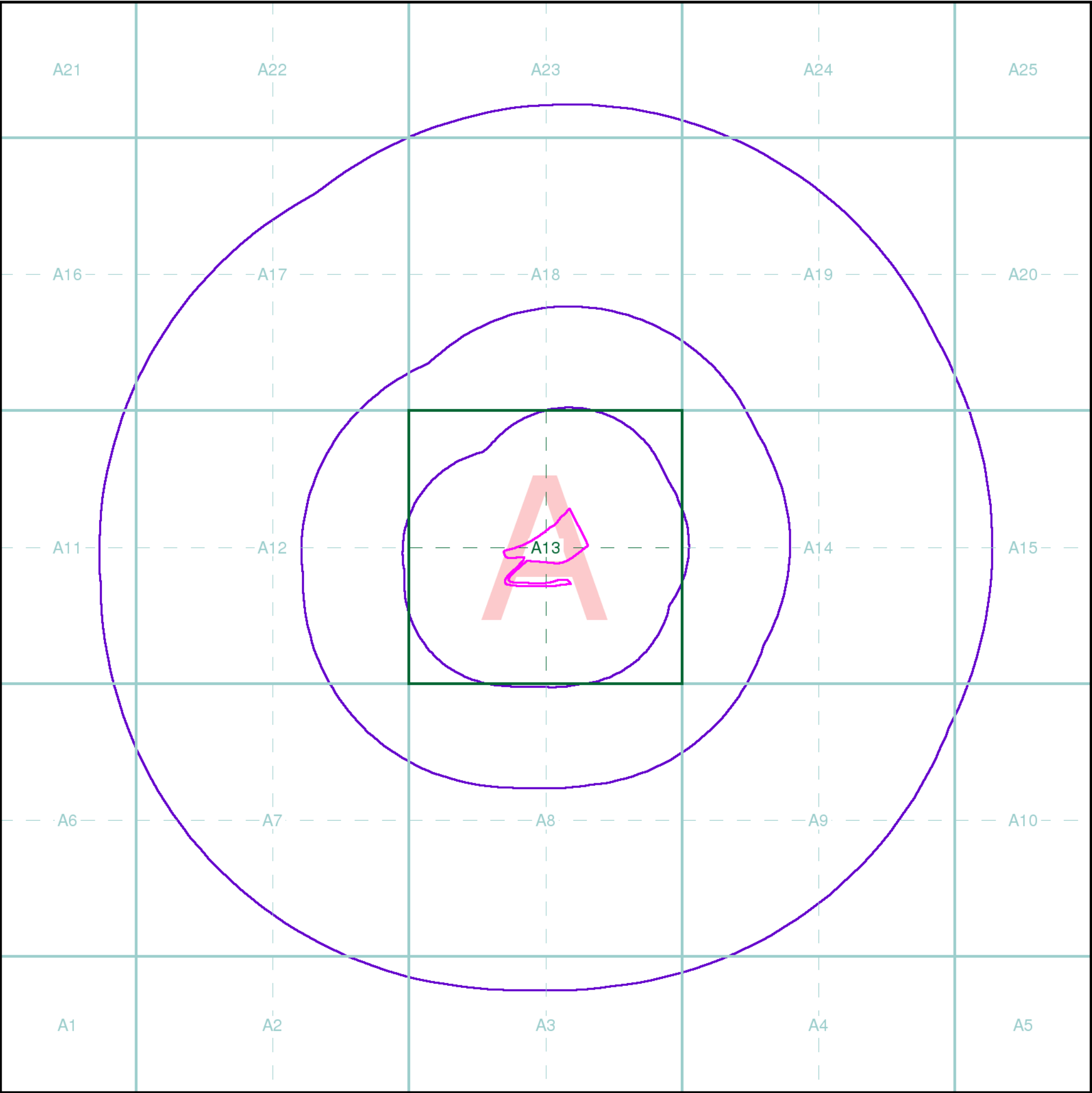
Site Details

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Index Map

For ease of identification, your site and buffer have been split into Slices, Segments and Quadrants. These are illustrated on the Index Map opposite and explained further below.

Slice
Each slice represents a 1:10,000 plot area (2.7km x 2.7km) for your site and buffer. A large site and buffer may be made up of several slices (represented by a red outline), that are referenced by letters of the alphabet, starting from the bottom left corner of the slice "grid". This grid does not relate to National Grid lines but is designed to give best fit over the site and buffer.

Segment
A segment represents a 1:2,500 plot area. Segments that have plot files associated with them are shown in dark green, others in light blue. These are numbered from the bottom left hand corner within each slice.

Quadrant
A quadrant is a quarter of a segment. These are labelled as NW, NE, SW, SE and are referenced in the datasheet to allow features to be quickly located on plots. Therefore a feature that has a quadrant reference of A7NW will be in Slice A, Segment 7 and the NW Quadrant.

A selection of organisations who provide data within this report:



Envirocheck reports are compiled from 136 different sources of data.

Client Details

Ms S Howson, Sirius Geotechnical Ltd, 4245 Park Approach, Thorpe Park, Leeds, LS15 8GB

Order Details

Order Number: 382604826_1_1
Customer Ref: C10400
National Grid Reference: 405830, 412510
Site Area (Ha): 1.49
Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

Cellars Clough, Marsden, HUDDERSFIELD, HD7 6LY

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The Coal
Authority

CON29M

coal mining report

CELLARS CLOUGH HOUSE, MANCHESTER ROAD, MARSDEN, HUDDERSFIELD,
KIRKLEES, HD7 6LY



No known or potential coal mining risks

No recorded or potential coal mining features have been identified in the report.



Further action

There are no further actions required as no known or potential coal mining risks have been identified.

For more information on our reports please visit
www.groundstability.com



Professional opinion

According to the official mining information records held by the Coal Authority at the time of this search, there were no areas of concern relating to coal mining.

Your reference: **25661/C10400/JC**
Our reference: **51003515982001**
Date: **4 August 2025**

Client name:
SIRIUS GEOTECHNICAL LTD

If you require any further assistance
please contact our experts on:
0345 762 6848
groundstability@coal.gov.uk



The Law
Society

Enquiry boundary

Key

Approximate position of enquiry boundary shown



We can confirm that the location is
off the coalfield



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This report is prepared in accordance with the latest Law Society's Guidance Notes 2018, the User Guide 2018 and the Coal Authority's Terms and Conditions applicable at the time the report was produced.



Accessibility

If you would like this information in an alternative format, please contact our communications team on 0345 762 6848 or email communications@coal.gov.uk.

Detailed findings

Information provided by the Coal Authority in this report is compiled in response to the Law Society's CON29M Coal Mining enquiries. The said enquiries are protected by copyright owned by the Law Society of 113 Chancery Lane, London WC2A 1PL.

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1 Past underground coal mining

The property is not within a surface area that could be affected by any past recorded underground coal mining.

2 Present underground coal mining

The property is not within a surface area that could be affected by present underground mining.

3 Future underground coal mining

The property is not in an area where the Coal Authority has received an application for, and is currently considering whether to grant a licence to remove or work coal by underground methods.

The property is not in an area where a licence has been granted to remove or otherwise work coal using underground methods.

The property is not in an area likely to be affected from any planned future underground coal mining.

No notices have been given, under section 46 of the Coal Mining Subsidence Act 1991, stating that the land is at risk of subsidence.

4 Mine entries

There are no recorded coal mine entries known to the Coal Authority within, or within 20 metres, of the boundary of the property.

5 Coal mining geology

The Coal Authority is not aware of any damage due to geological faults or other lines of weakness that have been affected by coal mining.

6 Past opencast coal mining

The property is not within the boundary of an opencast site from which coal has been removed by opencast methods.

7 Present opencast coal mining

The property does not lie within 200 metres of the boundary of an opencast site from which coal is being removed by opencast methods.

8 Future opencast coal mining

There are no licence requests outstanding to remove coal by opencast methods within 800 metres of the boundary.

The property is not within 800 metres of the boundary of an opencast site for which a licence to remove coal by opencast methods has been granted.

9 Coal mining subsidence

The Coal Authority has not received a damage notice or claim for the subject property, or any property within 50 metres of the enquiry boundary, since 31 October 1994.

There is no current Stop Notice delaying the start of remedial works or repairs to the property.

The Coal Authority is not aware of any request having been made to carry out preventive works before coal is worked under section 33 of the Coal Mining Subsidence Act 1991.

10 Mine gas

The Coal Authority has no record of a mine gas emission requiring action.

11 Hazards related to coal mining

The property has not been subject to remedial works, by or on behalf of the Coal Authority, under its Emergency Surface Hazard Call Out procedures.

12 Withdrawal of support

The property is not in an area where a notice to withdraw support has been given.

The property is not in an area where a notice has been given under section 41 of the Coal Industry Act 1994, cancelling the entitlement to withdraw support.

13 Working facilities order

The property is not in an area where an order has been made, under the provisions of the Mines (Working Facilities and Support) Acts 1923 and 1966 or any statutory modification or amendment thereof.

14 Payments to owners of former copyhold land

The property is not in an area where a relevant notice has been published under the Coal Industry Act 1975/Coal Industry Act 1994.

Statutory cover



Coal mining subsidence

In the unlikely event of any coal mining related subsidence damage, the Coal Authority or the mine operator has a duty to take remedial action in respect of subsidence caused by the withdrawal of support from land or property in connection with lawful coal mining operations.

When the works are the responsibility of the Coal Authority, our dedicated public safety and subsidence team will manage the claim. The house or land owner ("the owner") is covered for these works under the terms of the Coal Mining Subsidence Act 1991 (as amended by the Coal Industry Act 1994). Please note, this Act does not apply where coal was worked or gotten by virtue of the grant of a gale in the Forest of Dean, or any other part of the Hundred of St. Briavels in the county of Gloucester.

If you believe your land or property is suffering from coal mining subsidence damage and you need more information on what to do next, please use the following link to our website which sets out what your rights are and what you need to consider before making a claim.

www.gov.uk/government/publications/coal-mining-subsidence-damage-notice-form



Coal mining hazards

Our public safety and subsidence team provide a 24 hour a day, 7 days a week hazard reporting service, to help protect the public from hazards caused by past coal workings, such as a mine shaft or shallow working collapse. To report any hazards please call **0800 288 4242**. Further information can be found on our website: www.gov.uk/coalauthority.

Glossary



Key terms

adit - horizontal or sloped entrance to a mine

coal mining subsidence - ground movement caused by the removal of coal by underground mining

Coal Mining Subsidence Act 1991 - the Act setting out the duties of the Coal Authority to repair damage caused by coal mining subsidence

coal mining subsidence damage - damage to land, buildings or structures caused by the removal of coal by underground mining

coal seams - bed of coal of varying thickness

future opencast coal mining - a licence granted, or licence application received, by the Coal Authority to excavate coal from the surface

future underground coal mining - a licence granted, or licence application received, by the Coal Authority to excavate coal underground. Although it is unlikely, remaining coal reserves could create a possibility for future mining, which would be licensed by the Coal Authority

mine entries - collective name for shafts and adits

mine gas - reports of alleged mine gas emissions received by the Coal Authority within the enquiry boundary that subsequently required investigation and action by the Coal Authority to mitigate the effects of the mine gas emission. Please note, if there are no recorded instances of mine gas reported, this does not mean that mine gas is not present within the vicinity. The Coal Authority Mine Gas data is limited to only those sites where a Mine Gas incident has been recorded

payments to owners of former copyhold land - historically, copyhold land gave rights to coal to the copyholder. Legislation was set up to allow others to work this coal, but they had to issue a notice and pay compensation if a copyholder came forward

shaft - vertical entry into a mine

site investigation - investigations of coal mining risks carried out with the Coal Authority's permission

stop notice - a delay to repairs because further coal mining subsidence damage may occur and it would be unwise to carry out permanent repairs

subsidence claim - a formal notice of subsidence damage to the Coal Authority since it was established on 31 October 1994

withdrawal of support - a historic notice informing landowners that the coal beneath their property was going to be worked

working facilities orders - a court order which gave permission, restricted or prevented coal mine workings

APPENDIX C

Risk Assessment Methodology



Qualitative Risk Assessment Methodology

The approach adopted by Sirius for the qualitative assessment of risk is based upon that given in Annex 4 of NHBC-Environment Agency-CIEH “Guidance for the Safe Development of Housing on Land Affected by Contamination” (2008) and is consistent with other current guidance.

The risk posed by viable contaminant linkages is based upon the consideration of both:

- a) the magnitude of the potential consequence (i.e. its severity); and,
- b) the probability (likelihood) of that consequence being realised.

The classifications used in this report for consequence and probability are given in Tables 1 and 2, respectively. The derived risk classifications are defined in Table 3.

Where there is no viable contaminant linkage there is no potential risk.

Table 1. Classification of Consequence

Classification	Definition
Severe	Contaminant concentrations at the receptor that are likely to result in “significant harm” to human health (as defined in Part 2A of the Environmental Protection Act 1990). Major pollution of controlled waters that could have persistent and/or extensive effects on water quality, for example fish kills, closure of an abstraction, or substantial deterioration in quality of the receiving water body. Major impact on receptor amenity value or major damage to agriculture or commerce. Major damage to an ecosystem that is likely to result in a substantial adverse change in its functioning or harm to a species of special interest that endangers the long-term maintenance of the population. Catastrophic damage to crops, buildings or property.
Medium	Elevated concentrations at the receptor that might result in “significant harm” to human health (as defined in Part 2A of the Environmental Protection Act 1990). A pollution incident that has significant effect on water quality or abstraction potential. An incident that has a marked effect on receptor amenity value, agriculture or commerce. Damage to an ecosystem that may result in a substantial adverse change in its functioning or harm to a species of special interest that may endanger the long-term maintenance of the population. Significant damage to crops, buildings or property.



Classification	Definition
Mild	Potential human health impact at the receptor point but unlikely to be classified as “significant harm” (as defined in Part 2A of the Environmental Protection Act 1990). Pollution of water that will have a small or short-lived effect on water quality and marginal effects on its amenity or resource value or its use in agriculture or commerce. Minor or short-lived damage to ecosystems, which is unlikely to result in a substantial adverse change Minor damage to crops, buildings or property
Minor	No potential measurable detrimental human health impacts at the receptor point. Impact on water that will have no or minimal effect on water quality or use. No or minor and easily repairable effects on buildings, structures and services.

Table 2. Classification of Probability

Classification	Definition
High	An impact is already occurring or is very likely in the short-term and almost inevitable over the long-term.
Medium	It is probable that an event would occur. This is not inevitable but possible in the short-term and likely over the long-term.
Low	Circumstances are possible under which an event could occur. However, it is by no means certain that an event will take place, even over the long-term.
Unlikely	Circumstances are such that it is improbable that an event would occur even over the very long-term.

Table 3. Risk Classification

Probability	Consequence			
	<i>Severe</i>	<i>Medium</i>	<i>Mild</i>	<i>Minor</i>
High	Very High	High	Moderate	Low
Medium	High	Moderate	Low to Moderate	Low
Low	Moderate	Low to Moderate	Low	Very Low
Unlikely	Low to Moderate	Low	Very Low	Negligible



Table 4 provides a context for interpretation of the risk classification categories. The definitions provided are based on those given in CIRIA (2001) "Contaminated Land Risk Assessment. A Guide to Good Practice", Report C552.

Table 4. Interpretation of Risk Classification Categories

Risk Classification	Definition
Very High	There is a high probability that severe harm to one or more identified receptors could occur or there is evidence that this is already happening. This risk is likely to result in a substantial liability. Urgent investigation and remediation are likely to be required.
High	Harm is likely to be caused to one or more identified receptors. Realisation of the risk is likely to present a substantial liability. Urgent investigation is required and remedial works may be necessary in the short-term and are likely over the longer term.
Moderate	It is possible that harm could be caused to one or more identified receptors. However, it is relatively unlikely that such harm would be severe. Investigation is normally required to clarify the risk and to determine the potential liability. Some remedial works may be required in the longer term.
Low	It is possible that harm could be caused to one or more identified receptors but it is likely that this harm, if realised, would normally be mild. No further investigation is considered necessary to assess risk or environmental liability but investigations could be undertaken if desired to confirm 'baseline' conditions for the purposes of liability management. Remedial works are unlikely to be required.
Very Low	There is a low probability that harm could be caused to one or more identified receptors. In the event of such harm being realised, it is likely to be mild, at worst. No further investigation is considered necessary to assess risk or environmental liability but investigations could be undertaken if desired to confirm 'baseline' conditions for the purposes of liability management. Remedial works are very unlikely to be required.
Negligible	It is unlikely that harm could be caused to one or more identified receptors. In the event of harm being realised, it is likely to be minor. No further investigation is considered necessary to assess risk or environmental liability. Remedial works are not expected.

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