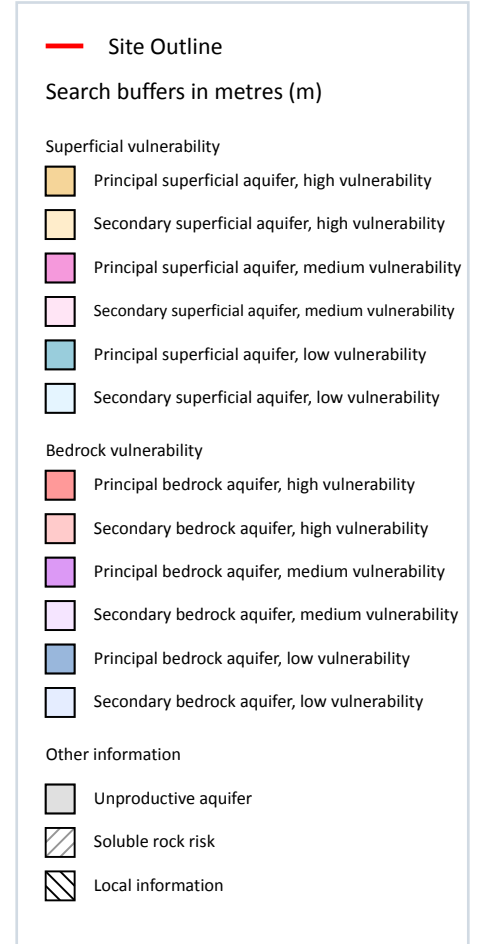
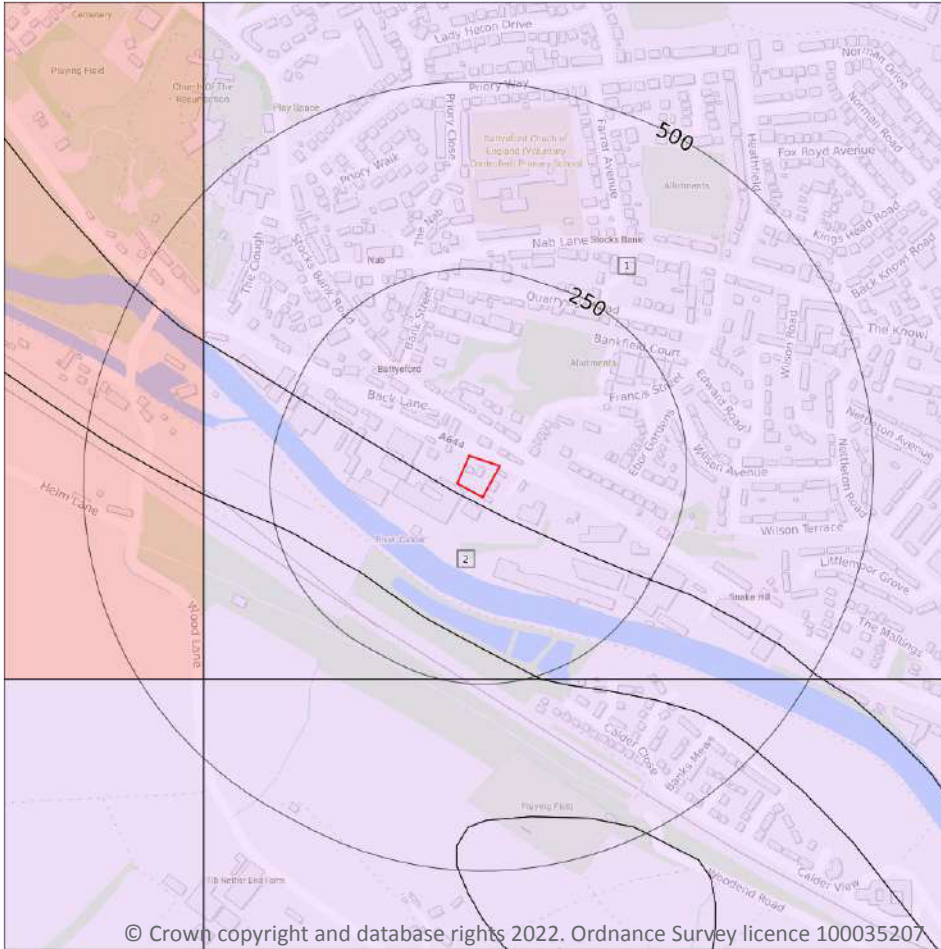


Groundwater vulnerability



5.3 Groundwater vulnerability

Records within 50m

2

An assessment of the vulnerability of groundwater to a pollutant discharged at ground level based on the hydrological, geological, hydrogeological and soil properties within a one kilometre square grid. Groundwater vulnerability is described as High, Medium or Low as follows:

- High - Areas able to easily transmit pollution to groundwater. They are likely to be characterised by high leaching soils and the absence of low permeability superficial deposits.
- Medium - Intermediate between high and low vulnerability.
- Low - Areas that provide the greatest protection from pollution. They are likely to be characterised by low leaching soils and/or the presence of superficial deposits characterised by a low permeability.

Features are displayed on the Groundwater vulnerability map on **page 50**

ID	Location	Summary	Soil / surface	Superficial geology	Bedrock geology
1	On site	Summary Classification: Secondary bedrock aquifer - Medium Vulnerability Combined classification: Productive Bedrock Aquifer, No Superficial Aquifer	Leaching class: Low Infiltration value: <40% Dilution value: 300- 550mm/year	Vulnerability: - Aquifer type: - Thickness: <3m Patchiness value: <90% Recharge potential: No Data	Vulnerability: Medium Aquifer type: Secondary Flow mechanism: Well connected fractures
2	10m S	Summary Classification: Secondary bedrock aquifer - Medium Vulnerability Combined classification: Productive Bedrock Aquifer, Productive Superficial Aquifer	Leaching class: Low Infiltration value: <40% Dilution value: 300- 550mm/year	Vulnerability: Low Aquifer type: Secondary Thickness: <3m Patchiness value: <90% Recharge potential: No Data	Vulnerability: Medium Aquifer type: Secondary Flow mechanism: Well connected fractures

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.4 Groundwater vulnerability- soluble rock risk

Records on site	0
------------------------	----------

This dataset identifies areas where solution features that enable rapid movement of a pollutant may be present within a 1km grid square.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.

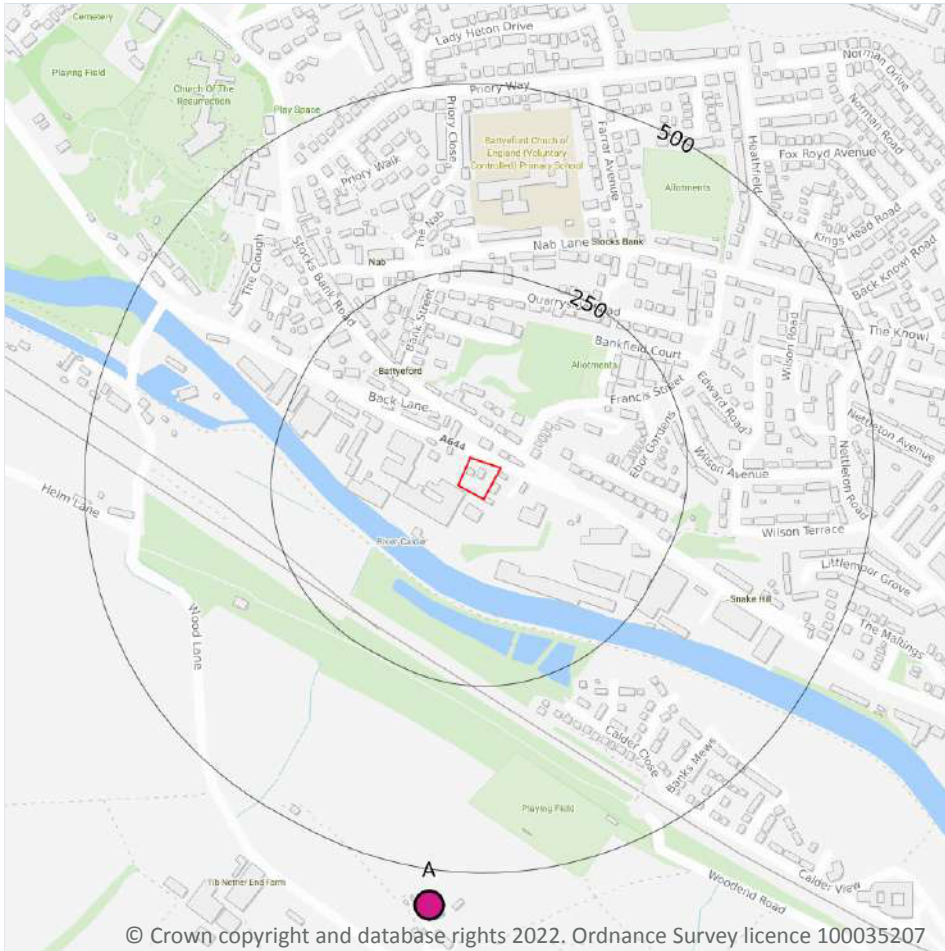
5.5 Groundwater vulnerability- local information

Records on site	0
------------------------	----------

This dataset identifies areas where additional local information affecting vulnerability is held by the Environment Agency. Further information can be obtained by contacting the Environment Agency local Area groundwater team through the Environment Agency National Customer Call Centre on 03798 506 506 or by email on enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.

Abstractions and Source Protection Zones



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5.6 Groundwater abstractions

Records within 2000m

4

Licensed groundwater abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, between two points (line data) or a larger area.

Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on **page 52**

ID	Location	Details	
A	548m S	Status: Historical Licence No: 2/27/13/090 Details: General Farming & Domestic Direct Source: GROUNDWATERS Point: -- WELL Data Type: Point Name: DEWS Easting: 419300 Northing: 419700	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 26/03/1974 Version End Date: -
A	548m S	Status: Historical Licence No: 2/27/13/090 Details: General Farming & Domestic Direct Source: GROUNDWATERS Point: WELL - COAL MEASURES - COLNSBRIDGE BRADLEY Data Type: Point Name: DEWS Easting: 419300 Northing: 419700	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 26/03/1974 Version End Date: -
-	1916m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2/27/12/186 Details: Boiler Feed Direct Source: GROUNDWATERS Point: BOREHOLE Data Type: Point Name: BOTTOMLEY & SON LIMITED Easting: 417500 Northing: 420800	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 28/04/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 01/07/1998 Version End Date: -
-	1916m W	Status: Active Licence No: 2/27/12/186 Details: Boiler Feed Direct Source: GROUNDWATERS Point: BOREHOLE - COAL MEASURES - BRADLEY Data Type: Point Name: E BOTTOMLEY & SONS LTD Easting: 417500 Northing: 420800	Annual Volume (m ³): 109,090 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 1,364 Original Application No: 4308(2) Original Start Date: 28/04/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 102 Version Start Date: 03/03/2008 Version End Date: -

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.7 Surface water abstractions

Records within 2000m

11

Licensed surface water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.



Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on **page 52**

ID	Location	Details	
-	1214m NW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2/27/13/049 Details: General Use Relating To Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: SURFACE WATER Point: NUNBROOK BECK Data Type: Point Name: JOHN COTTON (MIRFIELD) LTD Easting: 418300 Northing: 420900	Annual Volume (m ³): 57825 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 327.312 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 20/01/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 20/01/1966 Version End Date: -
-	1214m NW	Status: Active Licence No: 2/27/13/049 Details: General Use Relating To Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: SURFACE WATER Point: NUNBROOK BECK - MIRFIELD Data Type: Point Name: JOHN COTTON (MIRFIELD) LTD Easting: 418300 Northing: 420900	Annual Volume (m ³): 57,825 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 327.31 Original Application No: 726 Original Start Date: 20/01/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 20/01/1966 Version End Date: -
-	1459m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2/27/13/071 Details: General Cooling (Existing Licences Only) (Low Loss) Direct Source: SURFACE WATER Point: RIVER CALDER Data Type: Point Name: HOLLIDAY DYES & CHEMICALS LTD Easting: 417900 Northing: 420500	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 01/03/1982 Version End Date: -
-	1459m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2/27/13/071 Details: General use relating to Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: SURFACE WATER Point: RIVER CALDER Data Type: Point Name: HOLLIDAY DYES & CHEMICALS LTD Easting: 417900 Northing: 420500	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 01/03/1982 Version End Date: -

ID	Location	Details	
-	1656m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2/27/12/267 Details: General Cooling (Existing Licences Only) (Low Loss) Direct Source: SURFACE WATER Point: RIVER CALDER - DALTON WORKS HUDDERSFIELD Data Type: Point Name: ZENECA FINE CHEMICAL MANUFACTURING ORGANISATION Easting: 417700 Northing: 420500	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 24/02/1971 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 21/11/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1656m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2/27/12/267 Details: General Cooling (Existing Licences Only) (Low Loss) Direct Source: SURFACE WATER Point: RIVER CALDER - DALTON WORKS - HUDDERSFIELD Data Type: Point Name: ZENECA FINE CHEMICAL MANUFACTURING ORGANISATION Easting: 417700 Northing: 420500	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 24/02/1971 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 21/11/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1656m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2/27/12/267 Details: Transfer between sources Direct Source: SURFACE WATER Point: RIVER CALDER - DALTON WORKS - HUDDERSFIELD Data Type: Point Name: ZENECA FINE CHEMICAL MANUFACTURING ORGANISATION Easting: 417700 Northing: 420500	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 24/02/1971 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 21/11/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1656m W	Status: Active Licence No: 2/27/13/201 Details: Transfer Between Sources (Pre Water Act 2003) Direct Source: SURFACE WATER Point: RIVER CALDER - DALTON WORKS - HUDDERSFIELD Data Type: Point Name: SYNGENTA LTD Easting: 417700 Northing: 420500	Annual Volume (m ³): 1,136,500 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 27,300 Original Application No: 5041 Original Start Date: 21/10/1999 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 102 Version Start Date: 01/04/2006 Version End Date: -

ID	Location	Details	
-	1767m SE	Status: Active Licence No: 2/27/13/050 Details: General Use Relating To Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: SURFACE WATER Point: RIVER CALDER - HOLME BANK MILLS Data Type: Point Name: James Walker Textiles Ltd Easting: 420800 Northing: 419200	Annual Volume (m ³): 36,368 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 227.30 Original Application No: NPS/WR/001627 Original Start Date: 20/01/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 15/06/2009 Version End Date: -
-	1916m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2/27/12/185 Details: Boiler Feed Direct Source: SURFACE WATER Point: RIVER CALDER Data Type: Point Name: E BOTTOMLEY & SON LTD Easting: 417500 Northing: 420800	Annual Volume (m ³): 109090 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 1364 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 28/04/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 16/01/2006 Version End Date: -
-	1916m W	Status: Active Licence No: 2/27/12/185 Details: Boiler Feed Direct Source: SURFACE WATER Point: RIVER CALDER - BRADLEY Data Type: Point Name: E BOTTOMLEY & SONS LTD Easting: 417500 Northing: 420800	Annual Volume (m ³): 109,090 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 1,364 Original Application No: 4308 Original Start Date: 28/04/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 102 Version Start Date: 03/03/2008 Version End Date: -

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.8 Potable abstractions

Records within 2000m

0

Licensed potable water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



5.9 Source Protection Zones

Records within 500m

0

Source Protection Zones define the sensitivity of an area around a potable abstraction site to contamination.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.10 Source Protection Zones (confined aquifer)

Records within 500m

0

Source Protection Zones in the confined aquifer define the sensitivity around a deep groundwater abstraction to contamination. A confined aquifer would normally be protected from contamination by overlying geology and is only considered a sensitive resource if deep excavation/drilling is taking place.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

6 Hydrology



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Water Network (OS MasterMap)
- Surface water features (wider than 5m)
- Surface water features (narrower than 5m)
- ⋯ WFD River, canal and surface water transfer water bodies
- WFD Lake water bodies
- WFD Transitional and coastal water bodies
- WFD Surface water body catchments boundaries
- WFD Groundwater body boundaries

6.1 Water Network (OS MasterMap)

Records within 250m

5

Detailed water network of Great Britain showing the flow and precise central course of every river, stream, lake and canal.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on **page 58**

ID	Location	Type of water feature	Ground level	Permanence	Name
3	111m SW	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	River Calder



ID	Location	Type of water feature	Ground level	Permanence	Name
4	119m SW	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	River Calder
B	119m SW	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
6	159m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	River Calder
C	159m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

6.2 Surface water features

Records within 250m	6
----------------------------	----------

Covering rivers, streams and lakes (some overlap with OS MasterMap Water Network data in previous section) but additionally covers smaller features such as ponds. Rivers and streams narrower than 5m are represented as a single line. Lakes, ponds and rivers or streams wider than 5m are represented as polygons.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on **page 58**

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

6.3 WFD Surface water body catchments

Records on site	1
------------------------	----------

The Water Framework Directive is an EU-led framework for the protection of inland surface waters, estuaries, coastal waters and groundwater through river basin-level management planning. In terms of surface water, these basins are broken down into smaller units known as management, operational and water body catchments.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on **page 58**

ID	Location	Type	Water body catchment	Water body ID	Operational catchment	Management catchment
A	On site	River	Calder from River Colne to River Chald	GB104027062631	Calder Lower	Aire and Calder

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



6.4 WFD Surface water bodies

Records identified	1
---------------------------	----------

Surface water bodies under the Directive may be rivers, lakes, estuary or coastal. To achieve the purpose of the Directive, environmental objectives have been set and are reported on for each water body. The progress towards delivery of the objectives is then reported on by the relevant competent authorities at the end of each six-year cycle. The river water body directly associated with the catchment listed in the previous section is detailed below, along with any lake, canal, coastal or artificial water body within 250m of the site. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each water body listed.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on **page 58**

ID	Location	Type	Name	Water body ID	Overall rating	Chemical rating	Ecological rating	Year
2	105m SW	River	Calder from River Colne to River Chald	GB104027062631	Moderate	Fail	Moderate	2019

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

6.5 WFD Groundwater bodies

Records on site	1
------------------------	----------

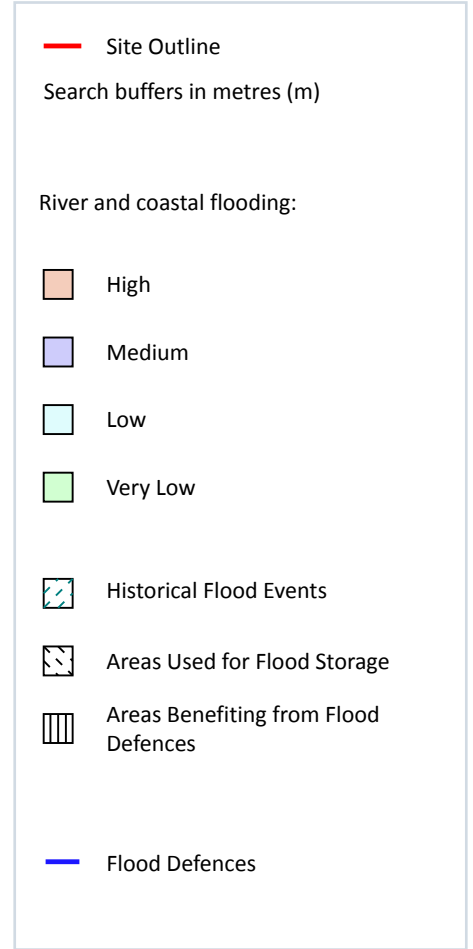
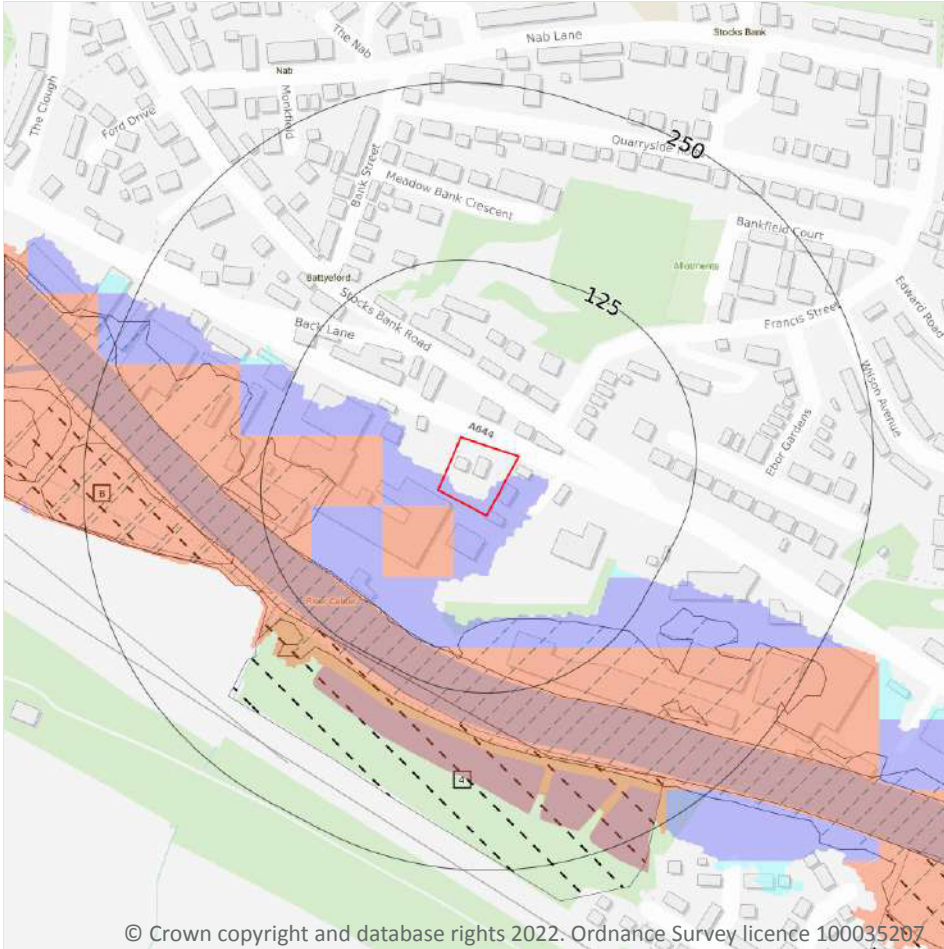
Groundwater bodies are also covered by the Directive and the same regime of objectives and reporting detailed in the previous section is in place. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each groundwater body listed.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on **page 58**

ID	Location	Name	Water body ID	Overall rating	Chemical rating	Quantitative	Year
A	On site	Aire & Calder Carb Limestone / Millstone Grit / Coal Measures.	GB40402G700400	Poor	Poor	Good	2019

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7 River and coastal flooding



7.1 Risk of flooding from rivers and the sea

Records within 50m

3

The chance of flooding from rivers and/or the sea in any given year, based on cells of 50m within the Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea (RoFRaS)/Flood Risk Assessment Wales (FRAW) models. Each cell is allocated one of four flood risk categories, taking into account flood defences and their condition. The risk categories for RoFRaS for rivers and the sea and FRAW for rivers are; Very low (less than 1 in 1000 chance in any given year), Low (less than 1 in 100 but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 chance), Medium (less than 1 in 30 but greater than or equal to 1 in 100 chance) or High (greater than or equal to 1 in 30 chance). The risk categories for FRAW for the sea are; Very low (less than 1 in 1000 chance in any given year), Low (less than 1 in 200 but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 chance), Medium (less than 1 in 30 but greater than or equal to 1 in 200 chance) or High (greater than or equal to 1 in 30 chance).

Features are displayed on the River and coastal flooding map on **page 61**

Distance	Flood risk category
On site	Medium
0 - 50m	High

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.2 Historical Flood Events

Records within 250m	3
----------------------------	----------

Records of historic flooding from rivers, the sea, groundwater and surface water. Records began in 1946 when predecessor bodies started collecting detailed information about flooding incidents, although limited details may be included on flooding incidents prior to this date. Takes into account the presence of defences, structures, and other infrastructure where they existed at the time of flooding, and includes flood extents that may have been affected by overtopping, breaches or blockages.

Features are displayed on the River and coastal flooding map on **page 61**

ID	Location	Event name	Date of flood	Flood source	Flood cause	Type of flood
A	72m W	December 2015 Flood Event	2015-12-25 2015-12-29	Main river	Channel capacity exceeded (no raised defences)	Fluvial
A	92m SW	2020 February Flood Incident - Storm Ciara/dennis	2020-02-08 2020-03-19	Main river	Channel capacity exceeded (no raised defences)	Fluvial
B	151m W	River Calder. Brighouse To Dewsbury	2002-02-10 2002-02-13	Main river	Channel capacity exceeded (no raised defences)	Fluvial

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.3 Flood Defences

Records within 250m	0
----------------------------	----------

Records of flood defences owned, managed or inspected by the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales. Flood defences can be structures, buildings or parts of buildings. Typically these are earth banks, stone and concrete walls, or sheet-piling that is used to prevent or control the extent of flooding.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.4 Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences

Records within 250m

0

Areas that would benefit from the presence of flood defences in a 1 in 100 (1%) chance of flooding each year from rivers or 1 in 200 (0.5%) chance of flooding each year from the sea.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.5 Flood Storage Areas

Records within 250m

2

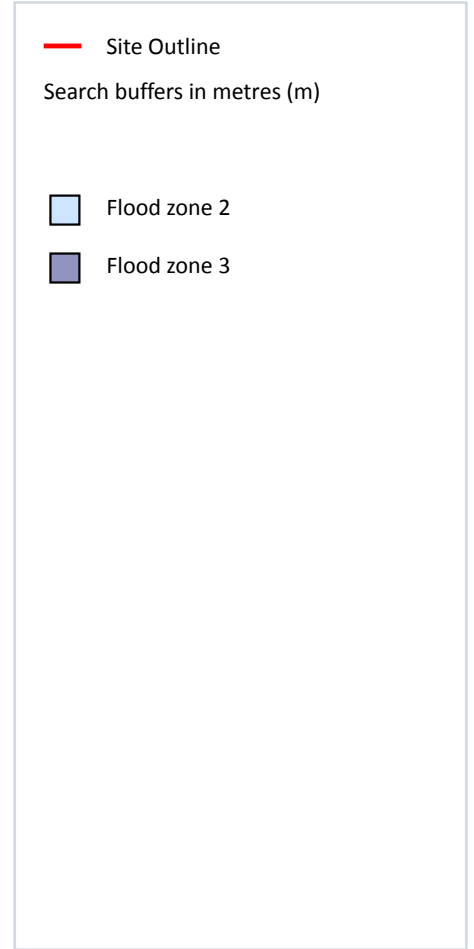
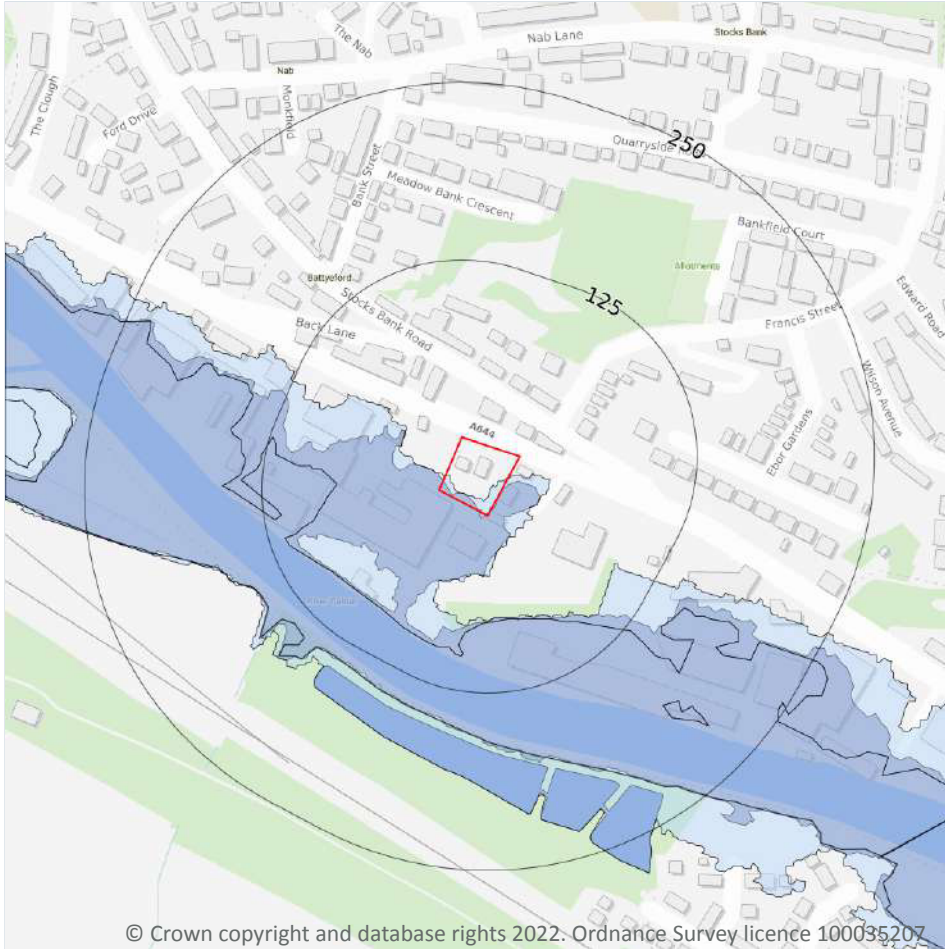
Areas that act as a balancing reservoir, storage basin or balancing pond to attenuate an incoming flood peak to a flow level that can be accepted by the downstream channel or to delay the timing of a flood peak so that its volume is discharged over a longer period.

Features are displayed on the River and coastal flooding map on **page 61**

ID	Location	Update
4	129m SW	Flood Storage Area
B	137m SW	Flood Storage Area

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

River and coastal flooding - Flood Zones



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7.6 Flood Zone 2

Records within 50m

1

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land between Flood Zone 3 (see next section) and the extent of the flooding from rivers or the sea with a 1 in 1000 (0.1%) chance of flooding each year.

Features are displayed on the River and coastal flooding map on **page 61**

Location	Type
On site	Zone 2 - (Fluvial /Tidal Models)

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.7 Flood Zone 3

Records within 50m

1

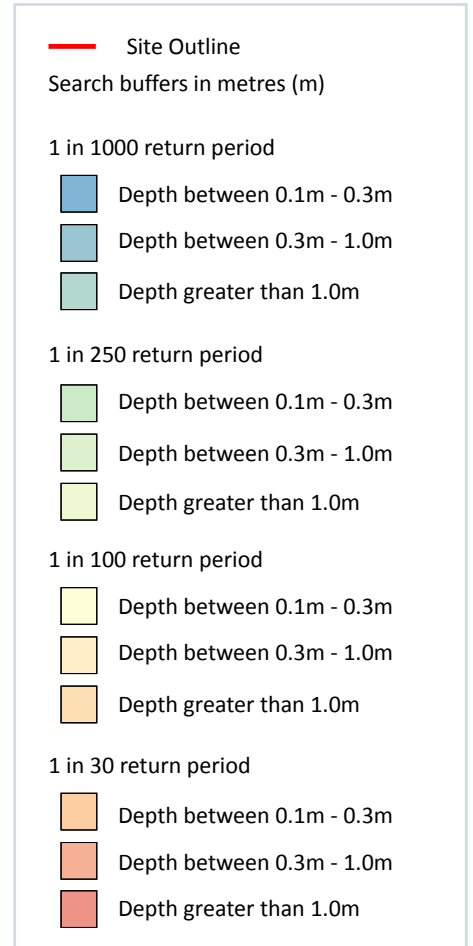
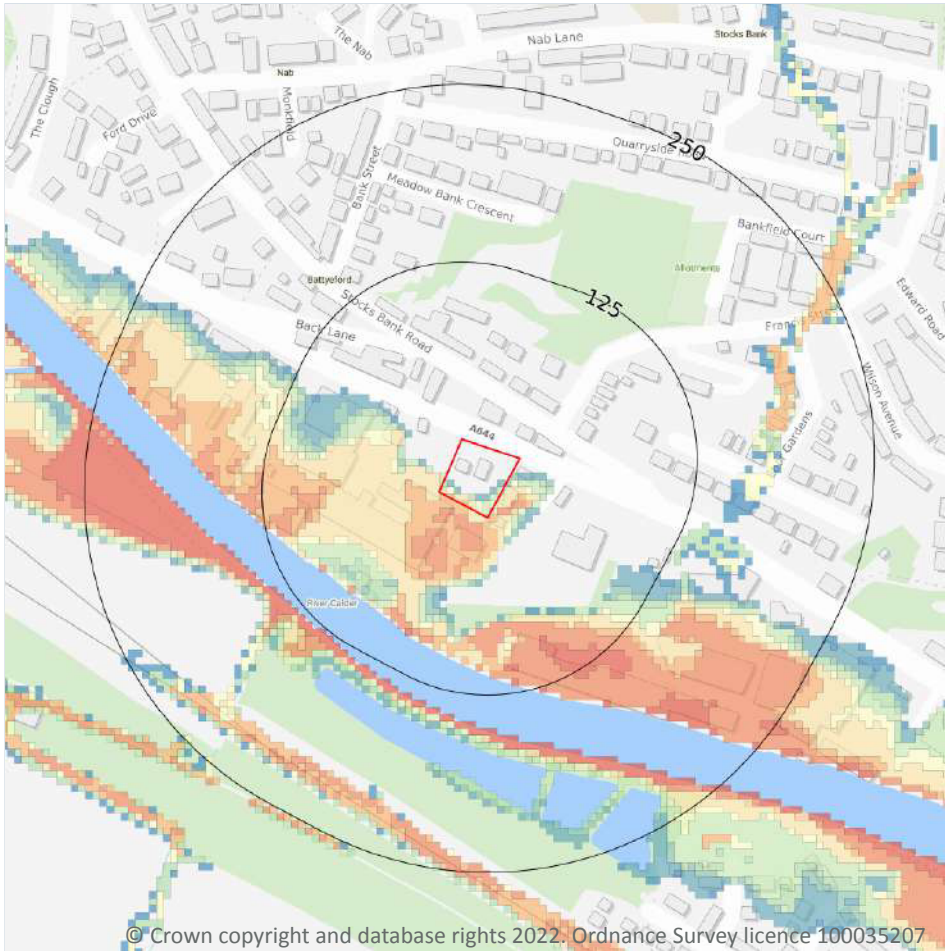
Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land with a 1 in 100 (1%) or greater chance of flooding each year from rivers or a 1 in 200 (0.5%) or greater chance of flooding each year from the sea.

Features are displayed on the River and coastal flooding map on **page 61**

Location	Type
On site	Zone 3 - (Fluvial Models)

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

8 Surface water flooding



8.1 Surface water flooding

Highest risk on site

1 in 30 year, 0.1m - 0.3m

Highest risk within 50m

1 in 30 year, 0.3m - 1.0m

Ambiental Risk Analytics surface water (pluvial) FloodMap identifies areas likely to flood as a result of extreme rainfall events, i.e. land naturally vulnerable to surface water ponding or flooding. This data set was produced by simulating 1 in 30 year, 1 in 100 year, 1 in 250 year and 1 in 1,000 year rainfall events. Modern urban drainage systems are typically built to cope with rainfall events between 1 in 20 and 1 in 30 years, though some older ones may flood in a 1 in 5 year rainfall event.

Features are displayed on the Surface water flooding map on **page 66**

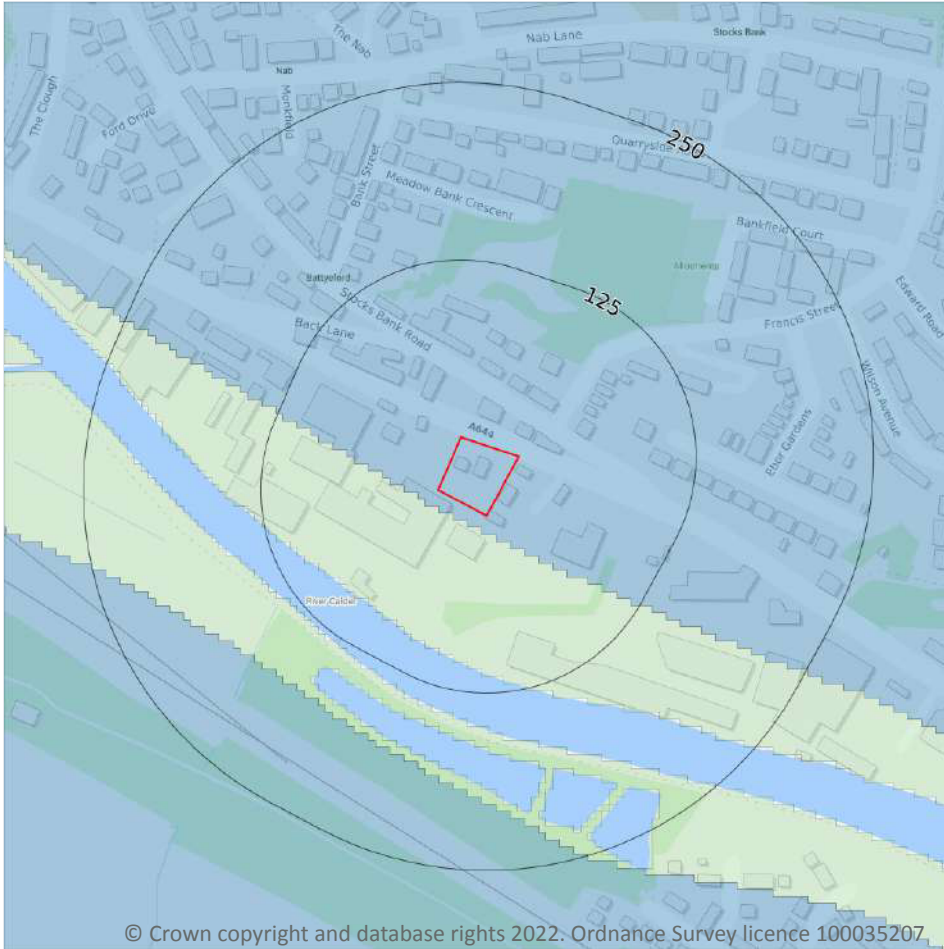
The data shown on the map and in the table above shows the highest likelihood of flood events happening at the site. Lower likelihood events may have greater flood depths and hence a greater potential impact on a site.

The table below shows the maximum flood depths for a range of return periods for the site.

Return period	Maximum modelled depth
1 in 1000 year	Greater than 1.0m
1 in 250 year	Greater than 1.0m
1 in 100 year	Between 0.3m and 1.0m
1 in 30 year	Between 0.1m and 0.3m

This data is sourced from Ambiental Risk Analytics.

9 Groundwater flooding



9.1 Groundwater flooding

Highest risk on site

Negligible

Highest risk within 50m

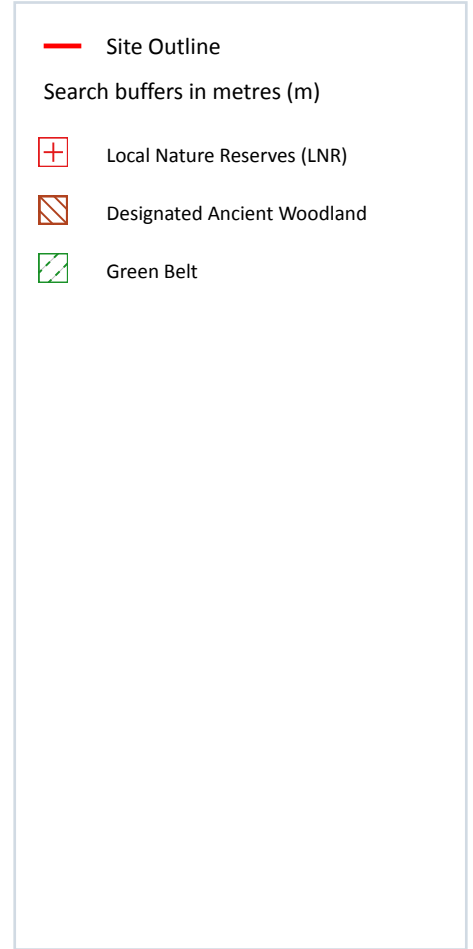
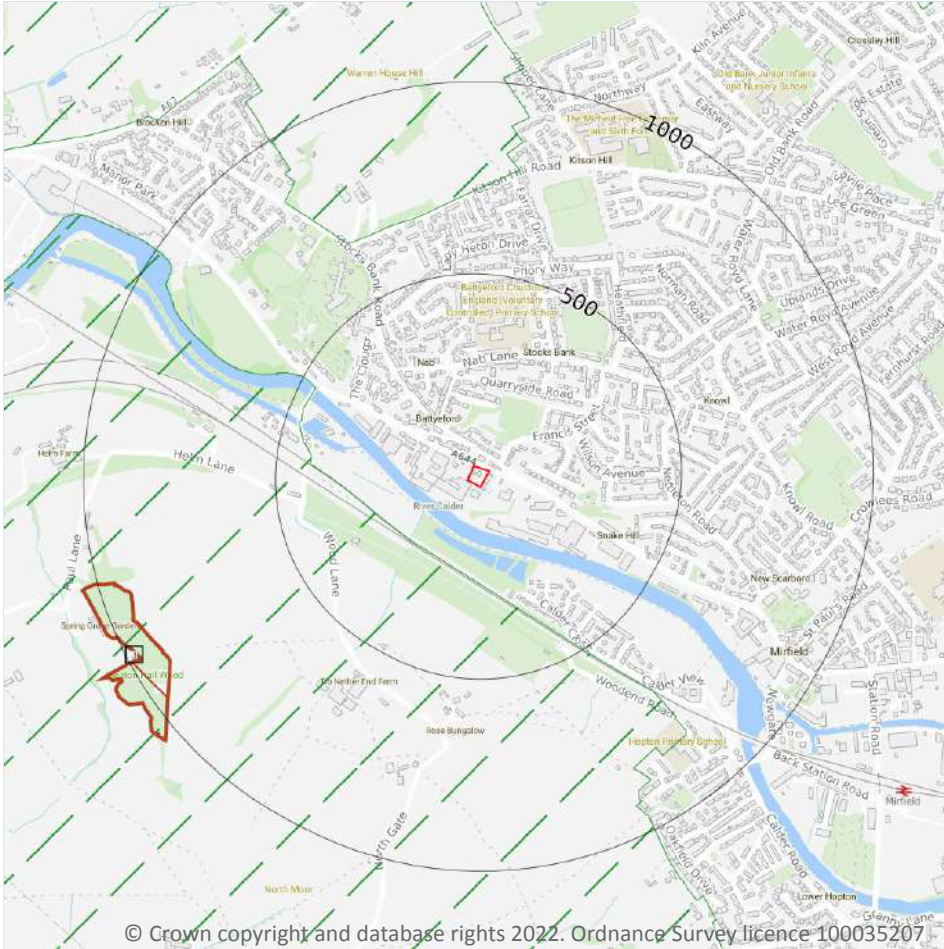
Low

Groundwater flooding is caused by unusually high groundwater levels. It occurs when the water table rises above the ground surface or within underground structures such as basements or cellars. Groundwater flooding tends to exhibit a longer duration than surface water flooding, possibly lasting for weeks or months, and as a result it can cause significant damage to property. This risk assessment is based on a 1 in 100 year return period and a 5m Digital Terrain Model (DTM).

Features are displayed on the Groundwater flooding map on **page 68**

This data is sourced from Ambiantal Risk Analytics.

10 Environmental designations



10.1 Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites providing statutory protection for the best examples of UK flora, fauna, or geological or physiographical features. Originally notified under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949, SSSIs were re-notified under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981. Improved provisions for the protection and management of SSSIs were introduced by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (in England and Wales) and (in Scotland) by the Nature Conservation (Scotland) Act 2004 and the Wildlife and Natural Environment (Scotland) Act 2010.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.2 Conserved wetland sites (Ramsar sites)

Records within 2000m

0

Ramsar sites are designated under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance, agreed in Ramsar, Iran, in 1971. They cover all aspects of wetland conservation and wise use, recognizing wetlands as ecosystems that are extremely important for biodiversity conservation in general and for the well-being of human communities. These sites cover a broad definition of wetland; marsh, fen, peatland or water, whether natural or artificial, permanent or temporary, with water that is static or flowing, fresh, brackish or salt, and even some marine areas.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.3 Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)

Records within 2000m

0

Areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.4 Special Protection Areas (SPA)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites classified by the UK Government under the EC Birds Directive, SPAs are areas of the most important habitat for rare (listed on Annex I to the Directive) and migratory birds within the European Union.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.5 National Nature Reserves (NNR)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites containing examples of some of the most important natural and semi-natural terrestrial and coastal ecosystems in Great Britain. They are managed to conserve their habitats, provide special opportunities for scientific study or to provide public recreation compatible with natural heritage interests.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.



10.6 Local Nature Reserves (LNR)

Records within 2000m

1

Sites managed for nature conservation, and to provide opportunities for research and education, or simply enjoying and having contact with nature. They are declared by local authorities under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 after consultation with the relevant statutory nature conservation agency.

Features are displayed on the Environmental designations map on **page 69**

ID	Location	Name	Data source
-	1415m NE	Sunny Bank Ponds	Natural England

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.7 Designated Ancient Woodland

Records within 2000m

5

Ancient woodlands are classified as areas which have been wooded continuously since at least 1600 AD. This includes semi-natural woodland and plantations on ancient woodland sites. 'Wooded continuously' does not mean there is or has previously been continuous tree cover across the whole site, and not all trees within the woodland have to be old.

Features are displayed on the Environmental designations map on **page 69**

ID	Location	Name	Woodland Type
3	905m SW	Heaton Hall Wood	Ancient Replanted Woodland
-	1715m SE	Briery Bank	Ancient Replanted Woodland
-	1958m SE	Newhall Wood	Ancient Replanted Woodland
-	1964m S	Hepworth Wood	Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland
-	1987m NW	Unknown	Ancient Replanted Woodland

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.8 Biosphere Reserves

Records within 2000m

0

Biosphere Reserves are internationally recognised by UNESCO as sites of excellence to balance conservation and socioeconomic development between nature and people. They are recognised under the Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme with the aim of promoting sustainable development founded on the work of the local community.



This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.9 Forest Parks

Records within 2000m

0

These are areas managed by the Forestry Commission designated on the basis of recreational, conservation or scenic interest.

This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.

10.10 Marine Conservation Zones

Records within 2000m

0

A type of marine nature reserve in UK waters established under the Marine and Coastal Access Act (2009). They are designated with the aim to protect nationally important, rare or threatened habitats and species.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.11 Green Belt

Records within 2000m

3

Areas designated to prevent urban sprawl by keeping land permanently open.

Features are displayed on the Environmental designations map on **page 69**

ID	Location	Name	Local Authority name
1	212m SW	South and West Yorkshire	Kirklees
2	659m NW	South and West Yorkshire	Kirklees
-	1318m W	South and West Yorkshire	Calderdale

This data is sourced from the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government.

10.12 Proposed Ramsar sites

Records within 2000m

0

Ramsar sites are areas listed as a Wetland of International Importance under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance especially as Waterfowl Habitat (the Ramsar Convention) 1971. The sites here supplied have a status of 'Proposed' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England.



10.13 Possible Special Areas of Conservation (pSAC)

Records within 2000m

0

Special Areas of Conservation are areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Possible' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.

10.14 Potential Special Protection Areas (pSPA)

Records within 2000m

0

Special Protection Areas (SPAs) are areas designated (or 'classified') under the European Union Wild Birds Directive for the protection of nationally and internationally important populations of wild birds. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Potential' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.15 Nitrate Sensitive Areas

Records within 2000m

0

Areas where nitrate concentrations in drinking water sources exceeded or was at risk of exceeding the limit of 50 mg/l set by the 1980 EC Drinking Water Directive. Voluntary agricultural measures as a means of reducing the levels of nitrate were introduced by DEFRA as MAFF, with payments being made to farmers who complied. The scheme was started as a pilot in 1990 in ten areas, later implemented within 32 areas. The scheme was closed to further new entrants in 1998, although existing agreements continued for their full term. All Nitrate Sensitive Areas fell within the areas designated as Nitrate Vulnerable Zones (NVZs) in 1996 under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC).

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.16 Nitrate Vulnerable Zones

Records within 2000m

1

Areas at risk from agricultural nitrate pollution designated under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC). These are areas of land that drain into waters polluted by nitrates. Farmers operating within these areas have to follow mandatory rules to tackle nitrate loss from agriculture.

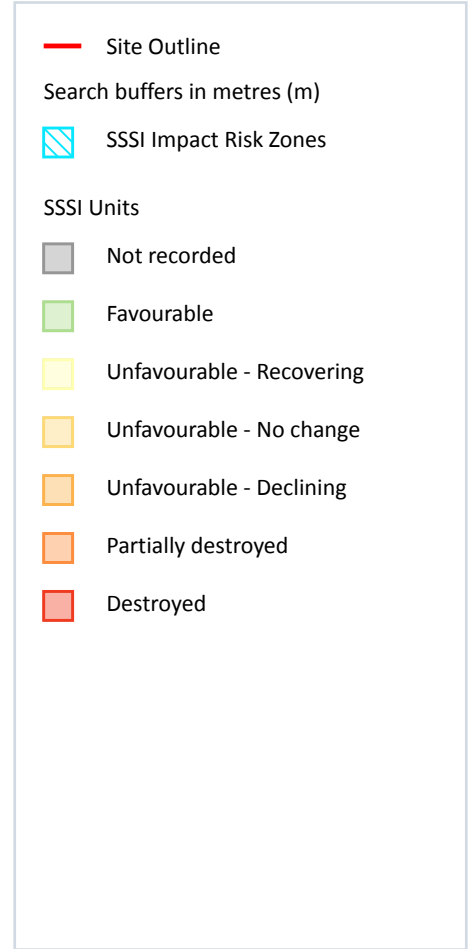
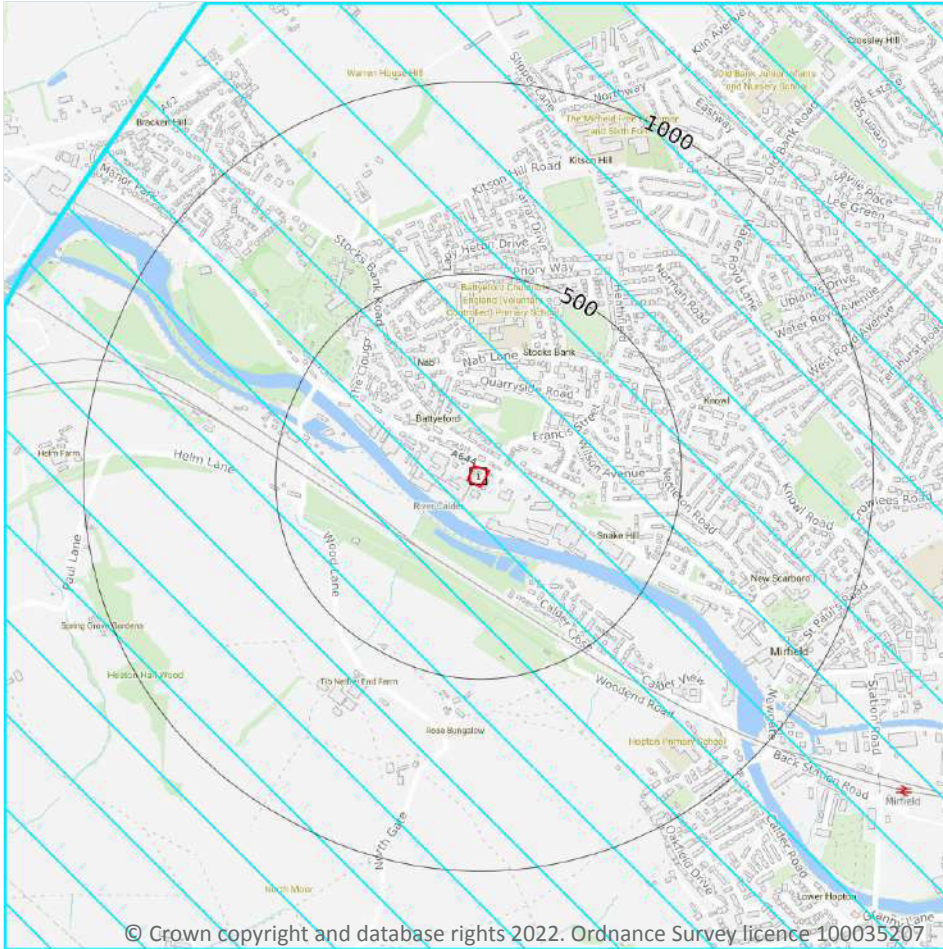
Location	Name	Type	NVZ ID	Status
1298m N	Spenn Beck from Source to River Calder NVZ	Surface Water	271	Existing



This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.



SSSI Impact Zones and Units



10.17 SSSI Impact Risk Zones

Records on site

1

Developed to allow rapid initial assessment of the potential risks to SSSIs posed by development proposals. They define zones around each SSSI which reflect the particular sensitivities of the features for which it is notified and indicate the types of development proposal which could potentially have adverse impacts.

Features are displayed on the SSSI Impact Zones and Units map on **page 75**

ID	Location	Type of developments requiring consultation
1	On site	Air pollution - Livestock & poultry units with floorspace > 500m², slurry lagoons & digestate stores > 4000m². Combustion - General combustion processes >50mw energy input. incl: energy from waste incineration, other incineration, landfill gas generation plant, pyrolysis/gasification, anaerobic digestion, sewage treatment works, other incineration/ combustion.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.18 SSSI Units

Records within 2000m

0

Divisions of SSSIs used to record management and condition details. Units are the smallest areas for which Natural England gives a condition assessment, however, the size of units varies greatly depending on the types of management and the conservation interest.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.



11 Visual and cultural designations

11.1 World Heritage Sites

Records within 250m

0

Sites designated for their globally important cultural or natural interest requiring appropriate management and protection measures. World Heritage Sites are designated to meet the UK's commitments under the World Heritage Convention.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.2 Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty

Records within 250m

0

Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) are conservation areas, chosen because they represent 18% of the finest countryside. Each AONB has been designated for special attention because of the quality of their flora, fauna, historical and cultural associations, and/or scenic views. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act of 1949 created AONBs and the Countryside and Rights of Way Act, 2000 added further regulation and protection. There are likely to be restrictions to some developments within these areas.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

11.3 National Parks

Records within 250m

0

In England and Wales, the purpose of National Parks is to conserve and enhance landscapes within the countryside whilst promoting public enjoyment of them and having regard for the social and economic well-being of those living within them. In Scotland National Parks have the additional purpose of promoting the sustainable use of the natural resources of the area and the sustainable social and economic development of its communities. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 established the National Park designation in England and Wales, and The National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 in Scotland.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and the Scottish Government.

11.4 Listed Buildings

Records within 250m

0

Buildings listed for their special architectural or historical interest. Building control in the form of 'listed building consent' is required in order to make any changes to that building which might affect its special interest. Listed buildings are graded to indicate their relative importance, however building controls apply to all buildings equally, irrespective of their grade, and apply to the interior and exterior of the building in its entirety, together with any curtilage structures.



This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.5 Conservation Areas

Records within 250m

0

Local planning authorities are obliged to designate as conservation areas any parts of their own area that are of special architectural or historic interest, the character and appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance. Designation of a conservation area gives broader protection than the listing of individual buildings. All the features within the area, listed or otherwise, are recognised as part of its character. Conservation area designation is the means of recognising the importance of all factors and of ensuring that planning decisions address the quality of the landscape in its broadest sense.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.6 Scheduled Ancient Monuments

Records within 250m

0

A scheduled monument is an historic building or site that is included in the Schedule of Monuments kept by the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport. The regime is set out in the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979. The Schedule of Monuments has c.20,000 entries and includes sites such as Roman remains, burial mounds, castles, bridges, earthworks, the remains of deserted villages and industrial sites. Monuments are not graded, but all are, by definition, considered to be of national importance.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.7 Registered Parks and Gardens

Records within 250m

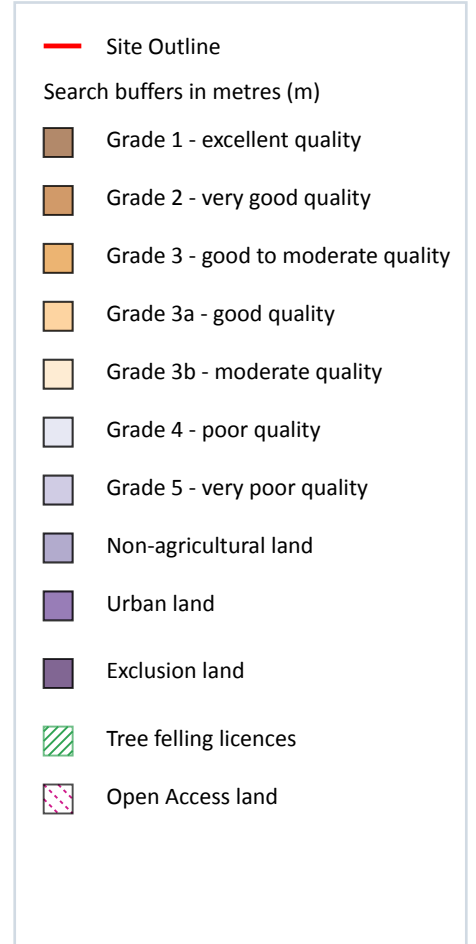
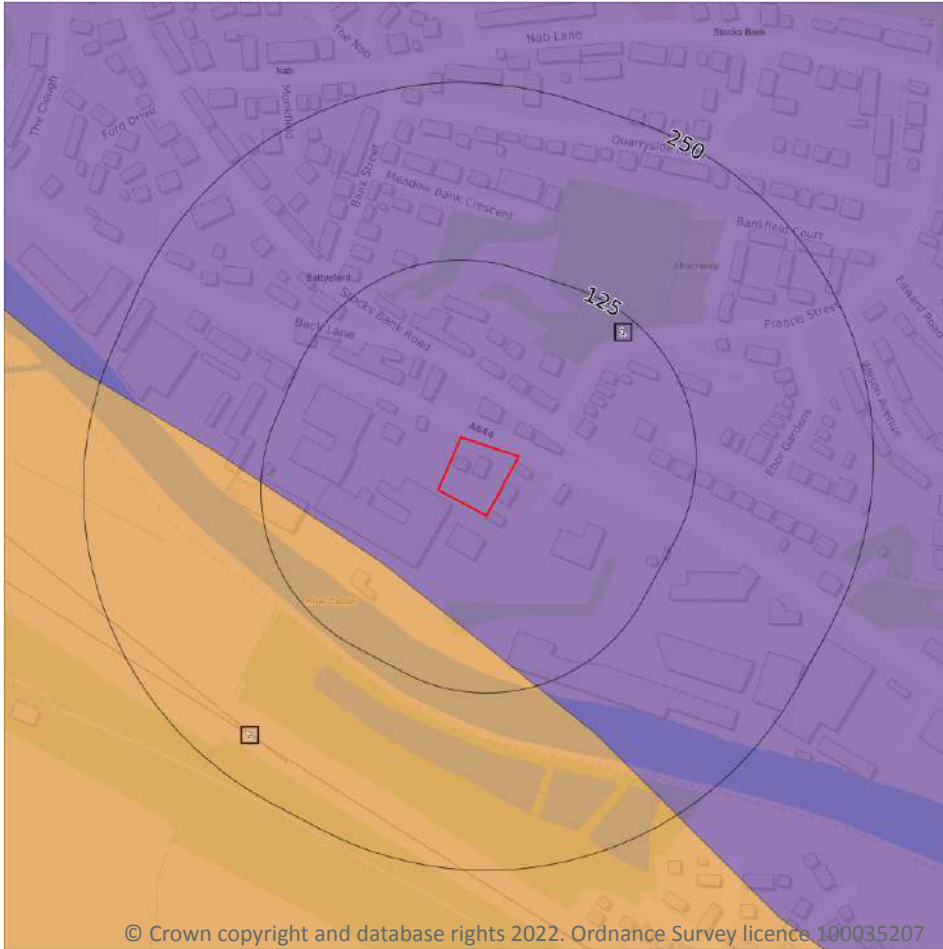
0

Parks and gardens assessed to be of particular interest and of special historic interest. The emphasis being on 'designed' landscapes, rather than on planting or botanical importance. Registration is a 'material consideration' in the planning process, meaning that planning authorities must consider the impact of any proposed development on the special character of the landscape.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.



12 Agricultural designations



12.1 Agricultural Land Classification

Records within 250m

2

Classification of the quality of agricultural land taking into consideration multiple factors including climate, physical geography and soil properties. It should be noted that the categories for the grading of agricultural land are not consistent across England, Wales and Scotland.

Features are displayed on the Agricultural designations map on **page 79**

ID	Location	Classification	Description
1	On site	Urban	-
2	65m SW	Grade 3	Good to moderate quality agricultural land. Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. Where more demanding crops are grown yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

12.2 Open Access Land

Records within 250m

0

The Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (CROW Act) gives a public right of access to land without having to use paths. Access land includes mountains, moors, heaths and downs that are privately owned. It also includes common land registered with the local council and some land around the England Coast Path. Generally permitted activities on access land are walking, running, watching wildlife and climbing.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.

12.3 Tree Felling Licences

Records within 250m

0

Felling Licence Application (FLA) areas approved by Forestry Commission England. Anyone wishing to fell trees must ensure that a licence or permission under a grant scheme has been issued by the Forestry Commission before any felling is carried out or that one of the exceptions apply.

This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.

12.4 Environmental Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m

0

Environmental Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. The schemes identified may be historical schemes that have now expired, or may still be active.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

12.5 Countryside Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m

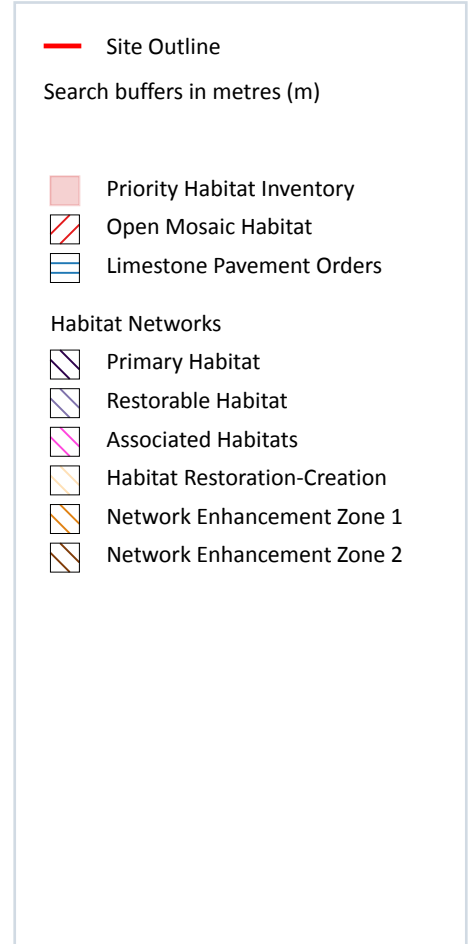
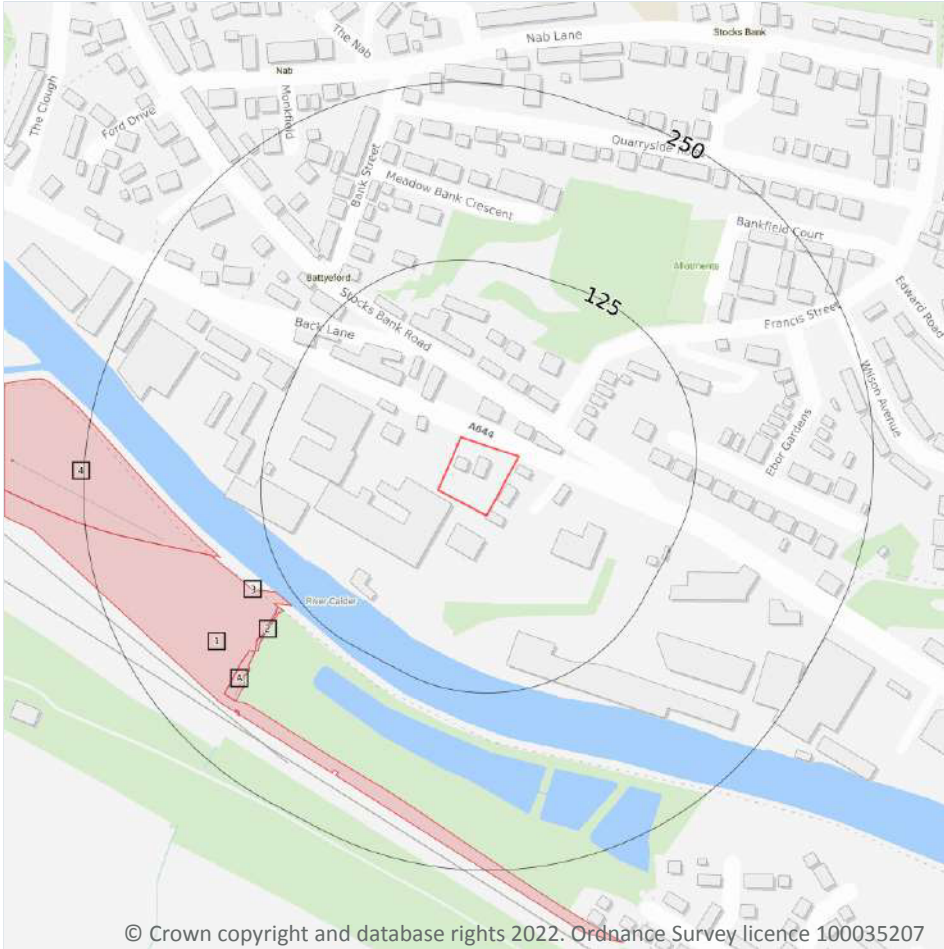
0

Countryside Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. Main objectives are to improve the farmed environment for wildlife and to reduce diffuse water pollution.

This data is sourced from Natural England.



13 Habitat designations



13.1 Priority Habitat Inventory

Records within 250m

6

Habitats of principal importance as named under Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act (2006) Section 41.

Features are displayed on the Habitat designations map on **page 81**

ID	Location	Main Habitat	Other habitats
1	131m SW	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)
2	138m SW	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)
3	147m SW	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)
4	161m W	No main habitat but additional habitats present	Additional: DWOOD (INV 50%)

ID	Location	Main Habitat	Other habitats
A	172m SW	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)
A	210m SW	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)

This data is sourced from Natural England.

13.2 Habitat Networks

Records within 250m

0

Habitat networks for 18 priority habitat networks (based primarily, but not exclusively, on the priority habitat inventory) and areas suitable for the expansion of networks through restoration and habitat creation.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

13.3 Open Mosaic Habitat

Records within 250m

0

Sites verified as Open Mosaic Habitat. Mosaic habitats are brownfield sites that are identified under the UK Biodiversity Action Plan as a priority habitat due to the habitat variation within a single site, supporting an array of invertebrates.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

13.4 Limestone Pavement Orders

Records within 250m

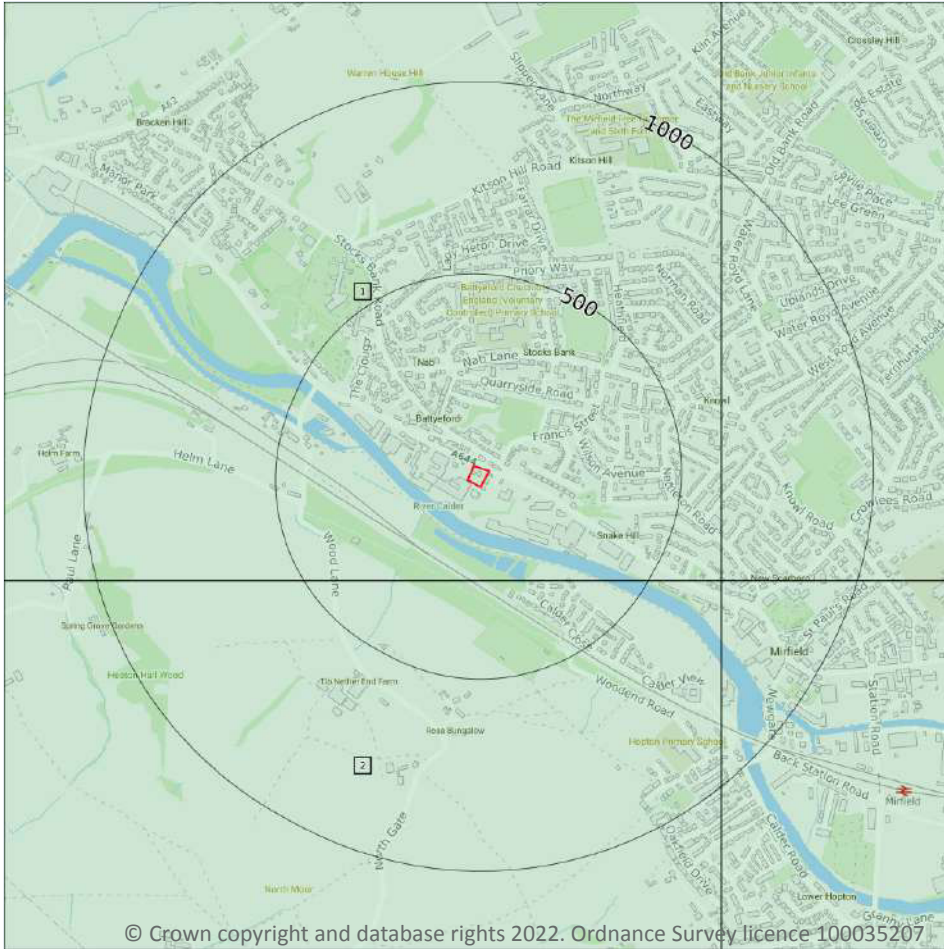
0

Limestone pavements are outcrops of limestone where the surface has been worn away by natural means over millennia. These rocks have the appearance of paving blocks, hence their name. Not only do they have geological interest, they also provide valuable habitats for wildlife. These habitats are threatened due to their removal for use in gardens and water features. Many limestone pavements have been designated as SSSIs which affords them some protection. In addition, Section 34 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 gave them additional protection via the creation of Limestone Pavement Orders, which made it a criminal offence to remove any part of the outcrop. The associated Limestone Pavement Priority Habitat is part of the UK Biodiversity Action Plan priority habitat in England.

This data is sourced from Natural England.



14 Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability



— Site Outline
 Search buffers in metres (m)

- Full coverage
- Partial coverage
- No coverage

14.1 10k Availability

Records within 500m

2

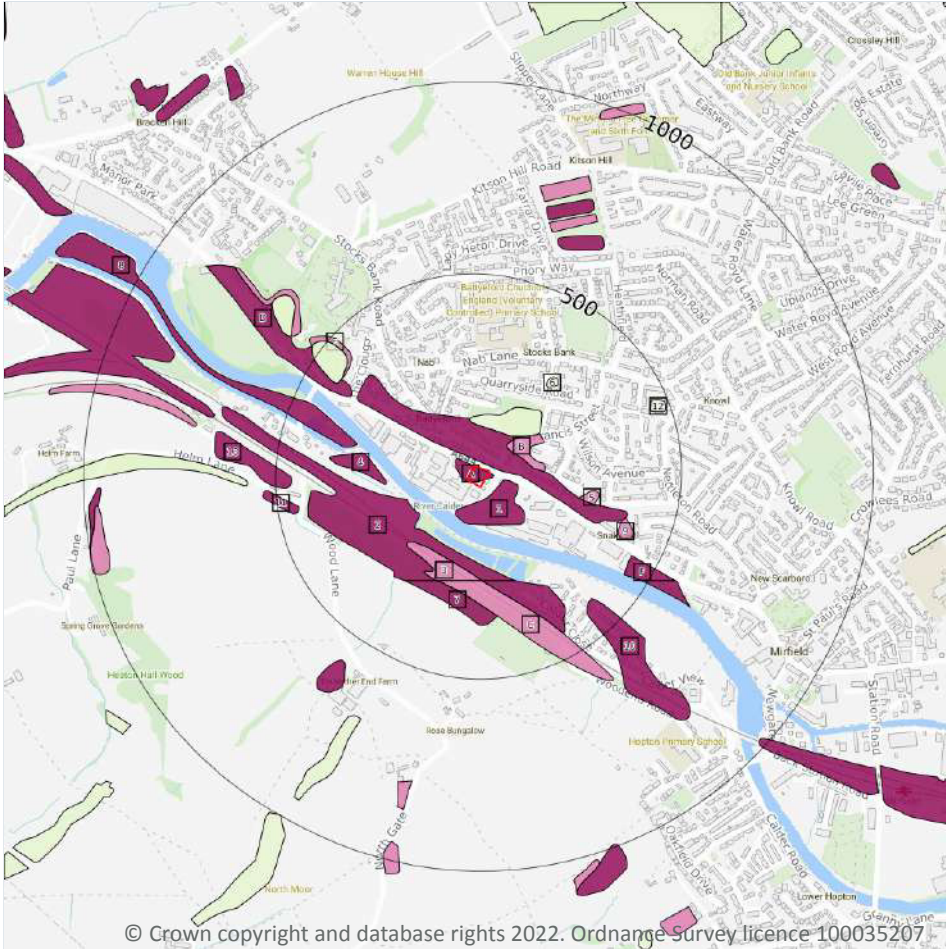
An indication on the coverage of 1:10,000 scale geology data for the site, the most detailed dataset provided by the British Geological Survey. Either 'Full', 'Partial' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability map on **page 83**

ID	Location	Artificial	Superficial	Bedrock	Mass movement	Sheet No.
1	On site	Full	Full	Full	Full	SE12SE
2	243m S	Full	Full	Full	Full	SE11NE

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

Geology 1:10,000 scale - Artificial and made ground



— Site Outline
Search buffers in metres (m)

- Reclaimed ground
- Made ground
- Worked ground
- Infilled ground
- Disturbed ground
- Landscaped ground

14.2 Artificial and made ground (10k)

Records within 500m

24

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:10,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Artificial and made ground map on **page 84**

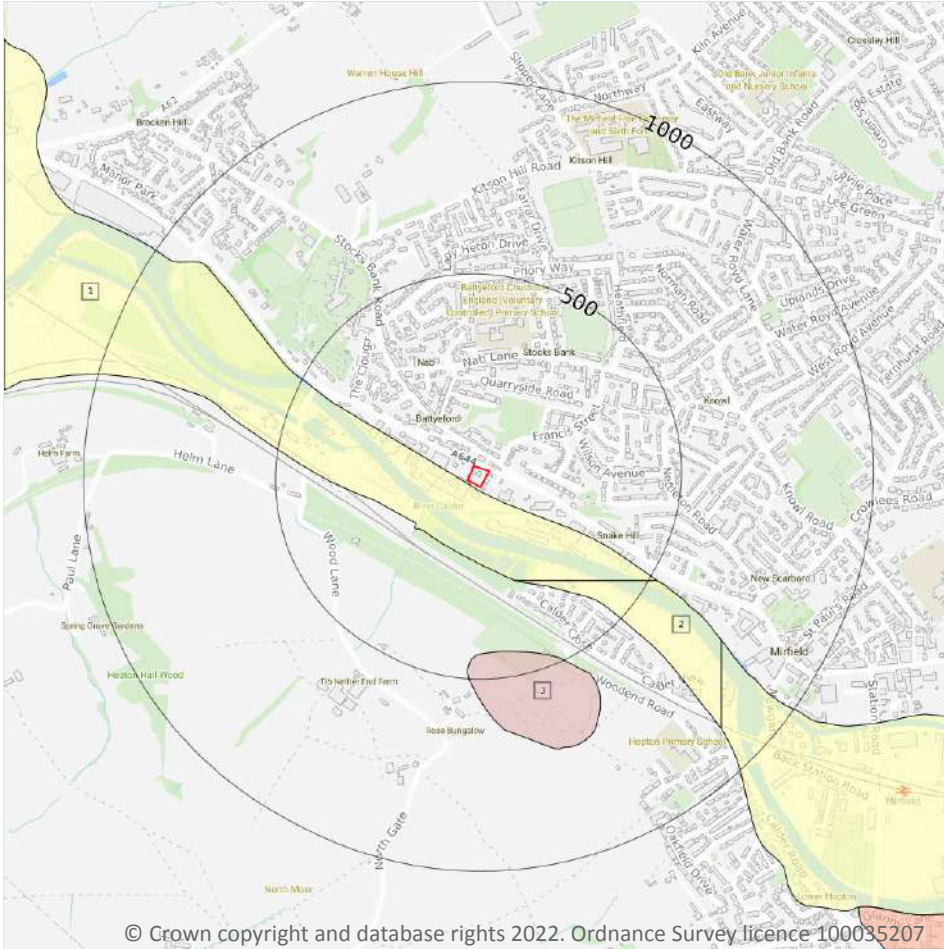
ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
A	On site	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
A	12m NE	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
1	32m SE	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
B	77m NE	WGR-VOID	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
B	104m N	WMGR-ARTDP	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit
2	152m SW	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
3	203m SW	WGR-VOID	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void
4	211m W	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
C	243m S	WGR-VOID	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void
C	243m S	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
5	244m E	WGR-VOID	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void
6	266m NE	WMGR-ARTDP	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit
7	268m S	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
8	303m W	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
D	367m NW	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
9	368m E	WGR-VOID	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void
10	409m SE	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
E	410m NW	WGR-VOID	Worked Ground (Undivided)	Void
E	411m NW	WMGR-ARTDP	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit
F	430m SE	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
11	444m W	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
12	448m E	WMGR-ARTDP	Infilled Ground	Artificial Deposit
13	457m W	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit
F	484m SE	MGR-ARTDP	Made Ground (Undivided)	Artificial Deposit

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:10,000 scale - Superficial



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Landslip (10k)
- Superficial geology (10k)
Please see table for more details.

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14.3 Superficial geology (10k)

Records within 500m

3

Superficial geological deposits at 1:10,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Superficial map on **page 86**

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	8m SW	ALV-XCSV	Alluvium - Clay, Sand And Gravel	Clay, Sand And Gravel
2	259m S	ALV-XCSV	Alluvium - Clay, Sand And Gravel	Clay, Sand And Gravel
3	431m S	HEAD-XCZSV	Head - Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel	Clay, Silt, Sand And Gravel



This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

14.4 Landslip (10k)

Records within 500m

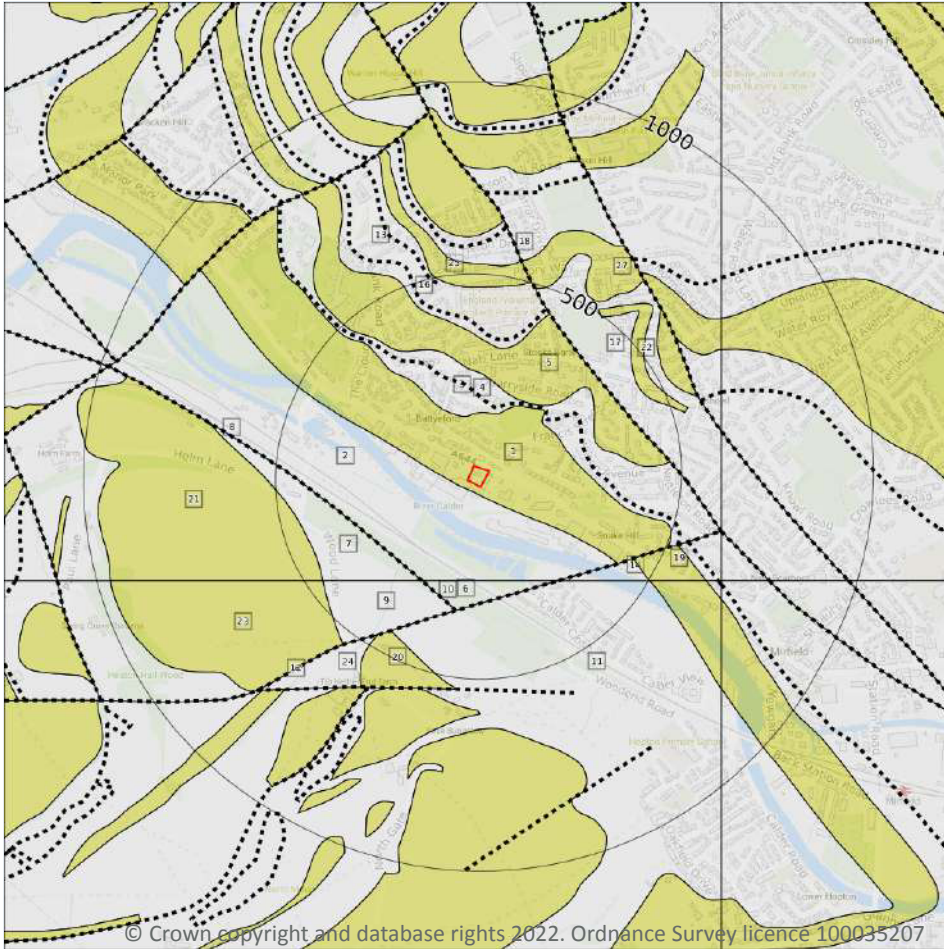
0

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:10,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)
- Bedrock geology (10k)
Please see table for more details.

14.5 Bedrock geology (10k)

Records within 500m

19

Bedrock geology at 1:10,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock map on **page 88**

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
1	On site	CLRK-SDST	Clifton Rock - Sandstone	Langsetian Sub-age
2	20m S	PLCM-MDSS	Pennine Lower Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Langsetian Sub-age
3	130m N	PLCM-MDSS	Pennine Lower Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Langsetian Sub-age

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
5	201m NE	STNR-SDST	Stanningley Rock - Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
6	243m S	PLCM-MDSS	Pennine Lower Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
7	276m SW	PLCM-MDSS	Pennine Lower Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
9	287m SW	PLCM-MDSS	Pennine Lower Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
11	291m S	PLCM-MDSS	Pennine Lower Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
13	314m N	PLCM-MDSS	Pennine Lower Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
14	317m SE	PLCM-MDSS	Pennine Lower Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
17	372m NE	PLCM-MDSS	Pennine Lower Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
19	439m SE	CLRK-SDST	Clifton Rock - Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
20	440m SW	CLRK-SDST	Clifton Rock - Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
21	440m SW	CLRK-SDST	Clifton Rock - Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
22	446m NE	PLCM-SDST	Pennine Lower Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
23	459m SW	CLRK-SDST	Clifton Rock - Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
24	465m SW	PLCM-MDSS	Pennine Lower Coal Measures Formation - Mudstone, Siltstone And Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
25	465m N	PLCM-SDST	Pennine Lower Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age
27	489m N	PLCM-SDST	Pennine Lower Coal Measures Formation - Sandstone	Langsettian Sub-age

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

14.6 Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)

Records within 500m

8

Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:10,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock map on **page 88**

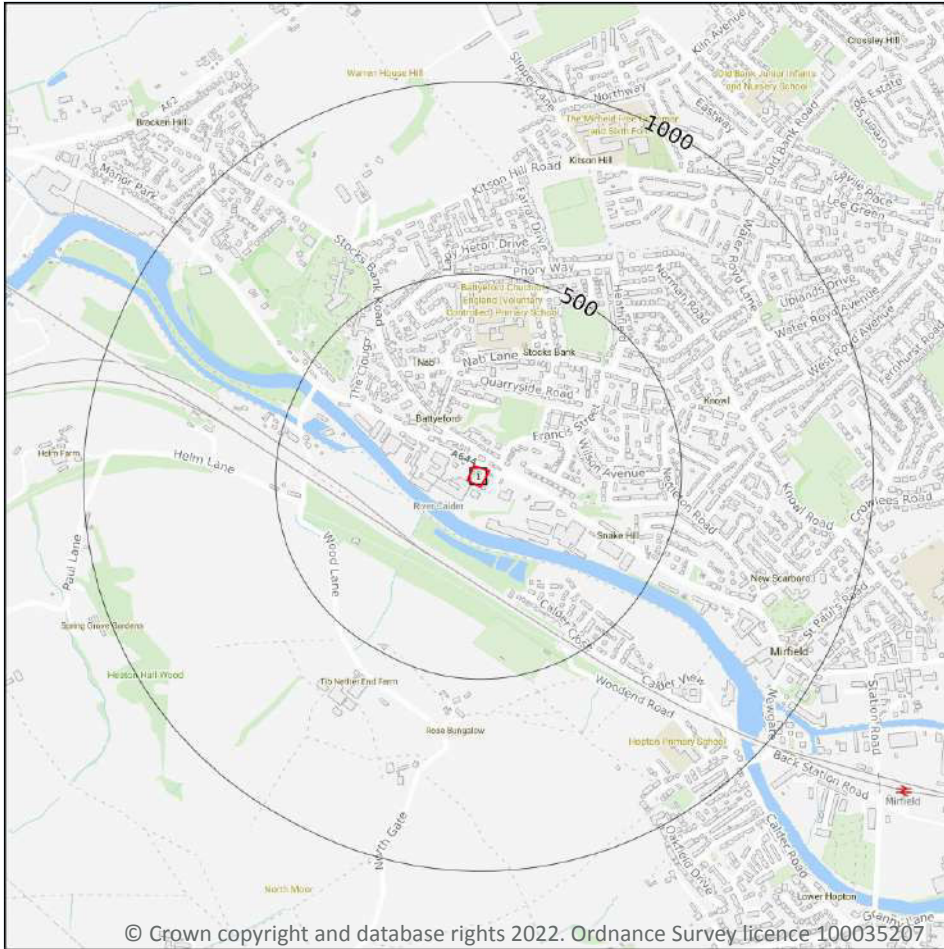


ID	Location	Category	Description
4	162m N	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
8	276m SW	FAULT	Normal fault, inferred; crossmarks on downthrow side
10	287m SW	FAULT	Normal fault, inferred; crossmarks on downthrow side
12	291m S	FAULT	Normal fault, inferred; crossmarks on downthrow side
15	317m SE	FAULT	Normal fault, inferred; crossmarks on downthrow side
16	335m N	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
18	372m NE	FAULT	Normal fault, inferred; crossmarks on downthrow side
26	485m N	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



15 Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability



— Site Outline
 Search buffers in metres (m)

□ Geological map tile

15.1 50k Availability

Records within 500m

1

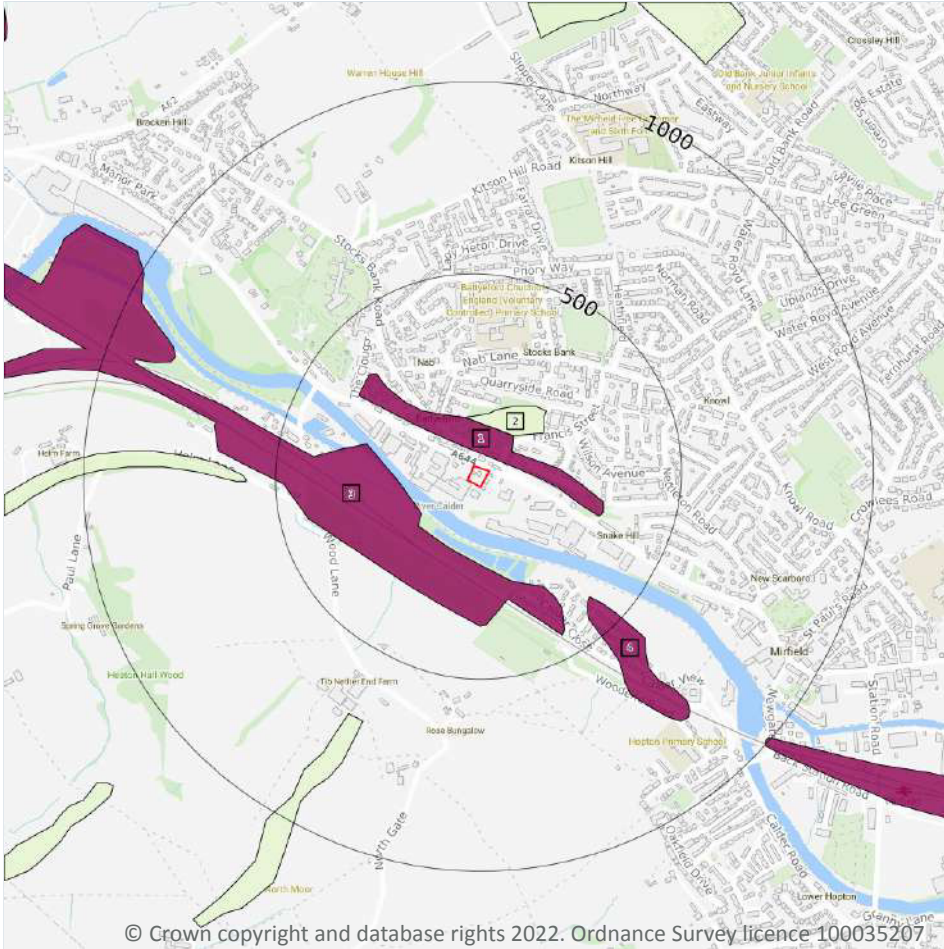
An indication on the coverage of 1:50,000 scale geology data for the site. Either 'Full' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability map on **page 91**

ID	Location	Artificial	Superficial	Bedrock	Mass movement	Sheet No.
1	On site	Full	Full	Full	Full	EW077_huddersfield_v4

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

Geology 1:50,000 scale - Artificial and made ground



— Site Outline
 Search buffers in metres (m)

- Made ground
- Worked ground
- Infilled ground
- Disturbed ground
- Landscaped ground

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15.2 Artificial and made ground (50k)

Records within 500m

4

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:50,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Artificial and made ground map on **page 92**

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	34m NE	MGR-ARTDP	MADE GROUND (UNDIVIDED)	ARTIFICIAL DEPOSIT
2	108m NE	WMGR-ARTDP	INFILLED GROUND	ARTIFICIAL DEPOSIT
3	148m SW	MGR-ARTDP	MADE GROUND (UNDIVIDED)	ARTIFICIAL DEPOSIT
4	403m SE	MGR-ARTDP	MADE GROUND (UNDIVIDED)	ARTIFICIAL DEPOSIT



This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.3 Artificial ground permeability (50k)

Records within 50m

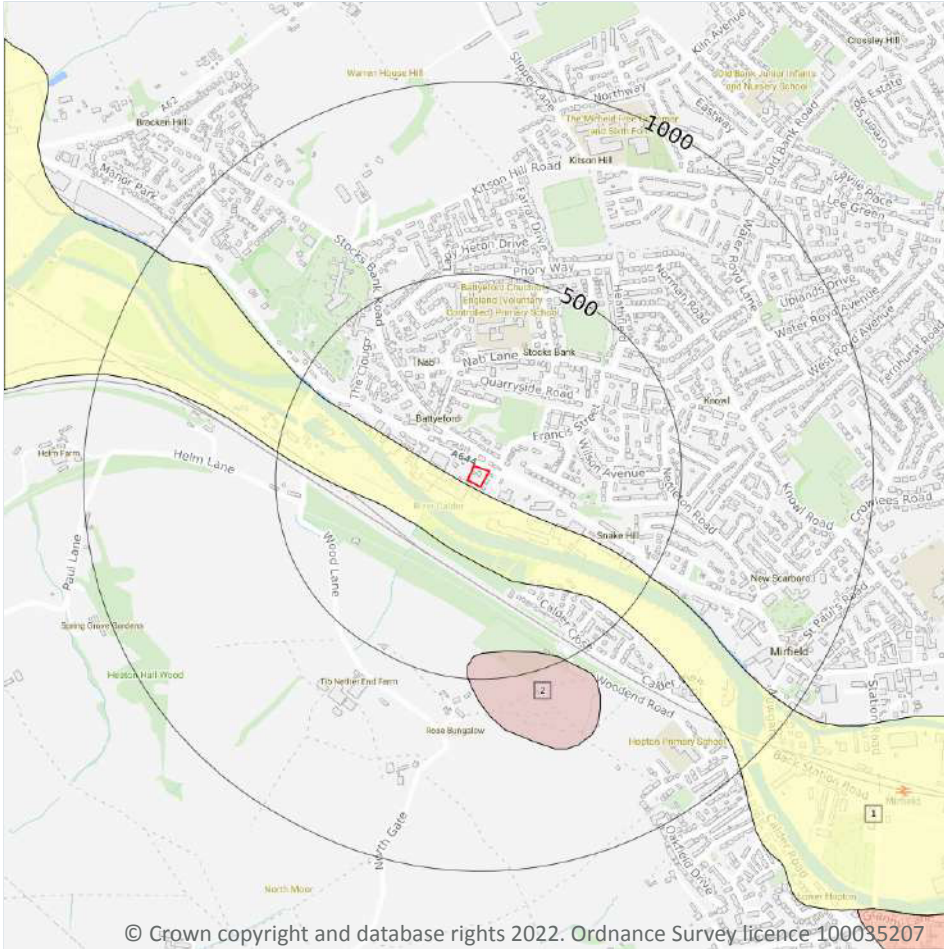
1

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any artificial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
34m NE	Mixed	Very High	Low

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

Geology 1:50,000 scale - Superficial



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Landslip (50k)
- Superficial geology (50k)
Please see table for more details.

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15.4 Superficial geology (50k)

Records within 500m

2

Superficial geological deposits at 1:50,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Superficial map on **page 94**

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	11m S	ALV-XCZSV	ALLUVIUM	CLAY, SILT, SAND AND GRAVEL
2	431m S	HEAD-XCZSV	HEAD	CLAY, SILT, SAND AND GRAVEL

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



15.5 Superficial permeability (50k)

Records within 50m **1**

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any superficial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
11m S	Intergranular	High	Very Low

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.6 Landslip (50k)

Records within 500m **0**

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:50,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

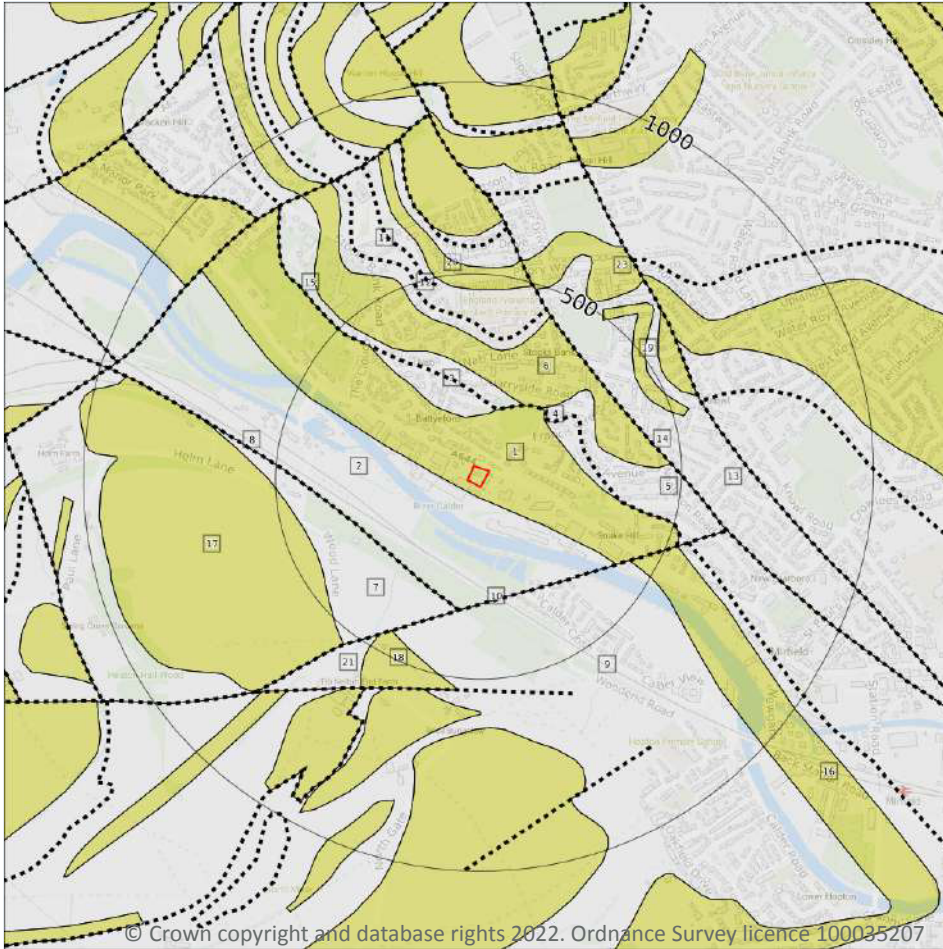
15.7 Landslip permeability (50k)

Records within 50m **0**

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any landslip deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)
- Bedrock geology (50k)
Please see table for more details.

15.8 Bedrock geology (50k)

Records within 500m

16

Bedrock geology at 1:50,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock map on **page 96**

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
1	On site	CLRK-SDST	CLIFTON ROCK - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
2	26m S	PLCM-MDSS	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
3	128m N	PLCM-MDSS	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
5	192m NE	PLCM-MDSS	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
6	195m NE	PLCM-SDST	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
7	277m SW	PLCM-MDSS	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
9	293m S	PLCM-MDSS	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
11	309m N	PLCM-MDSS	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
13	371m NE	PLCM-MDSS	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
16	431m SE	CLRK-SDST	CLIFTON ROCK - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
17	436m SW	CLRK-SDST	CLIFTON ROCK - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
18	438m SW	CLRK-SDST	CLIFTON ROCK - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
19	449m NE	PLCM-SDST	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
20	459m N	PLCM-SDST	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
21	463m SW	PLCM-MDSS	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
23	487m N	PLCM-SDST	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.9 Bedrock permeability (50k)

Records within 50m

2

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of bedrock (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
On site	Fracture	High	Moderate
26m S	Fracture	Moderate	Low

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



15.10 Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)

Records within 500m

7

Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:50,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

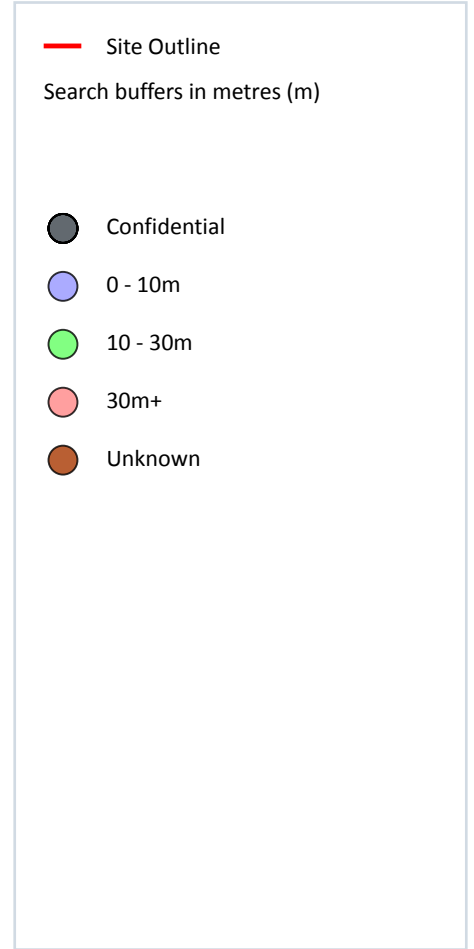
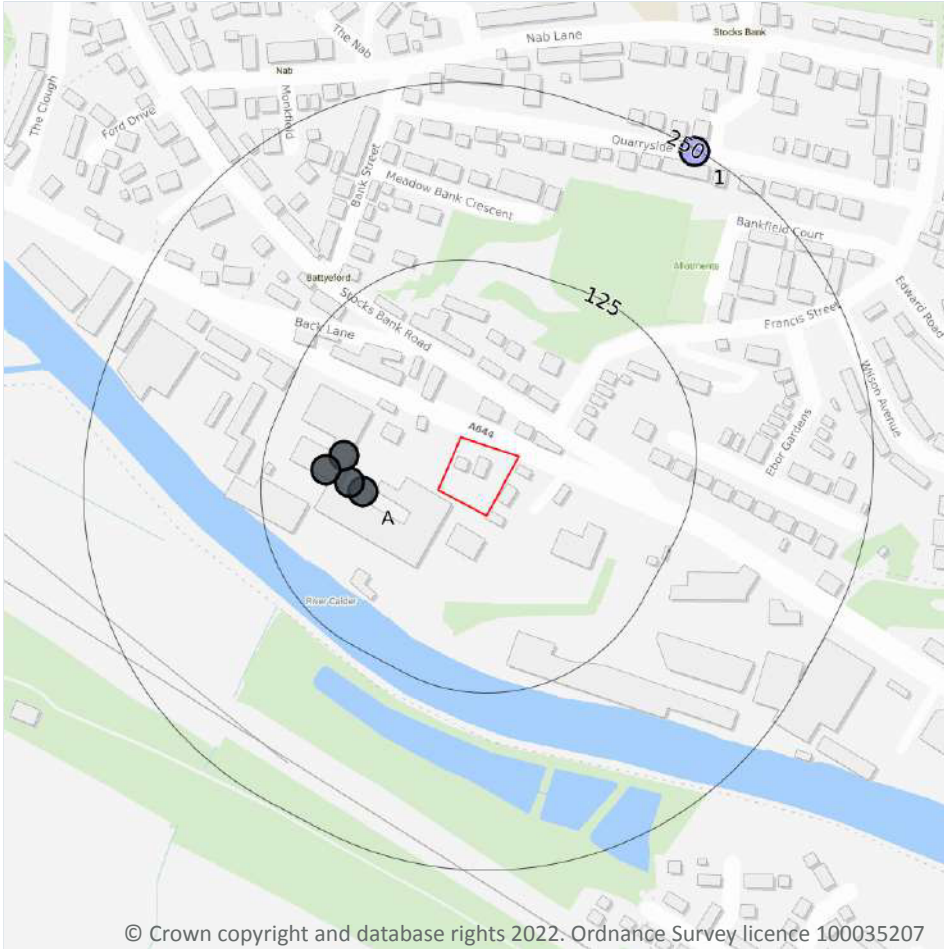
Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock map on **page 96**

ID	Location	Category	Description
4	158m N	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
8	277m SW	FAULT	Fault, inferred
10	293m S	FAULT	Fault, inferred
12	338m N	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
14	371m NE	FAULT	Fault, inferred
15	415m NW	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
22	480m N	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



16 Boreholes



16.1 BGS Boreholes

Records within 250m

5

The Single Onshore Boreholes Index (SOBI); an index of over one million records of boreholes, shafts and wells from all forms of drilling and site investigation work held by the British Geological Survey. Covering onshore and nearshore boreholes dating back to at least 1790 and ranging from one to several thousand metres deep.

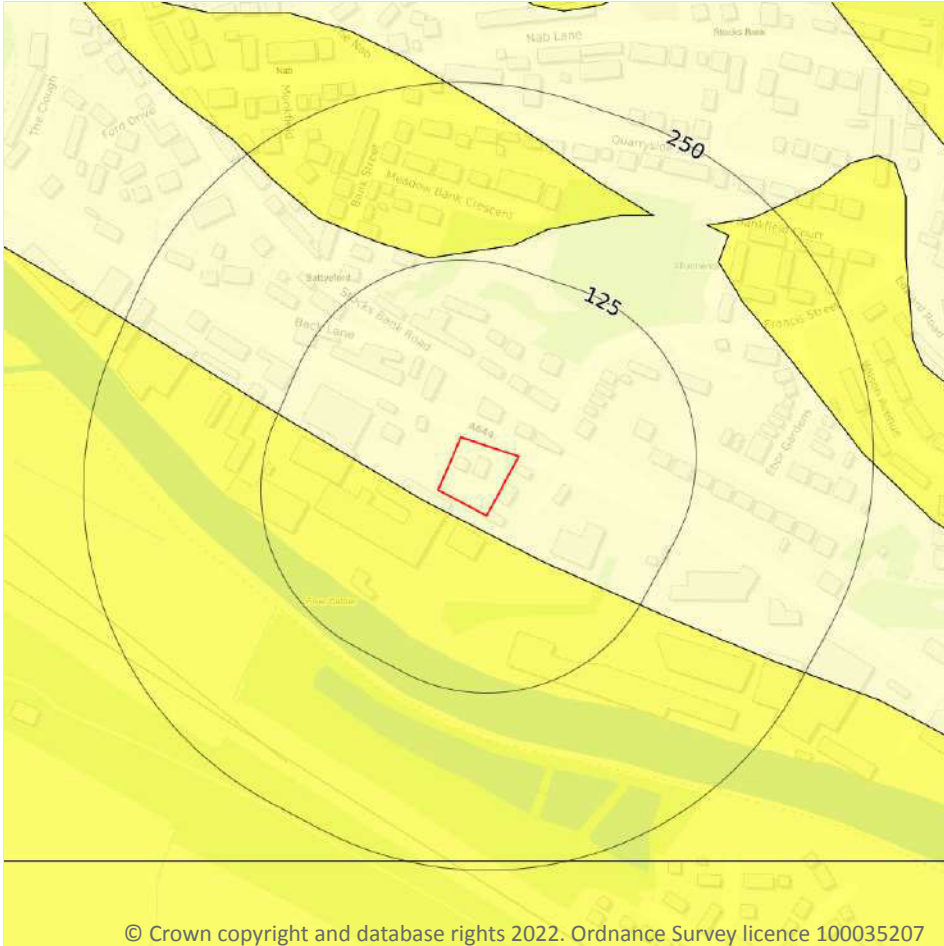
Features are displayed on the Boreholes map on **page 99**

ID	Location	Grid reference	Name	Length	Confidential	Web link
A	53m W	419286 420260	LIVERSEDGE MILLS MIRFIELD 4	-	Y	N/A
A	63m W	419277 420267	LIVERSEDGE MILLS MIRFIELD 3	-	Y	N/A
A	71m W	419273 420286	MIRFIELD WEST YORKSHIRE 2	-	Y	N/A

ID	Location	Grid reference	Name	Length	Confidential	Web link
A	81m W	419260 420276	MIRFIELD WEST YORKSHIRE 1	-	Y	N/A
1	248m NE	419520 420500	NAB LANE MIRFIELD TP 2	1.0	N	43832

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

17 Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays



— Site Outline
Search buffers in metres (m)

- No data
- Negligible
- Very low
- Low
- Moderate
- High

17.1 Shrink swell clays

Records within 50m

2

The potential hazard presented by soils that absorb water when wet (making them swell), and lose water as they dry (making them shrink). This shrink-swell behaviour is controlled by the type and amount of clay in the soil, and by seasonal changes in the soil moisture content (related to rainfall and local drainage).

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays map on **page 101**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Ground conditions predominantly non-plastic.
11m S	Very low	Ground conditions predominantly low plasticity.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

Natural ground subsidence - Running sands



— Site Outline
Search buffers in metres (m)

- No data
- Negligible
- Very low
- Low
- Moderate
- High

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17.2 Running sands

Records within 50m

3

The potential hazard presented by rocks that can contain loosely-packed sandy layers that can become fluidised by water flowing through them. Such sands can 'run', removing support from overlying buildings and causing potential damage.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Running sands map on **page 102**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Running sand conditions are not thought to occur whatever the position of the water table. No identified constraints on lands use due to running conditions.

Location	Hazard rating	Details
11m S	Low	Running sand conditions may be present. Constraints may apply to land uses involving excavation or the addition or removal of water.
34m NE	Very low	Running sand conditions are unlikely. No identified constraints on land use due to running conditions unless water table rises rapidly.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits



— Site Outline
Search buffers in metres (m)

- No data
- Negligible
- Very low
- Low
- Moderate
- High

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17.3 Compressible deposits

Records within 50m

3

The potential hazard presented by types of ground that may contain layers of very soft materials like clay or peat and may compress if loaded by overlying structures, or if the groundwater level changes, potentially resulting in depression of the ground and disturbance of foundations.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits map on **page 104**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Compressible strata are not thought to occur.
11m S	Moderate	Compressibility and uneven settlement hazards are probably present. Land use should consider specifically the compressibility and variability of the site.

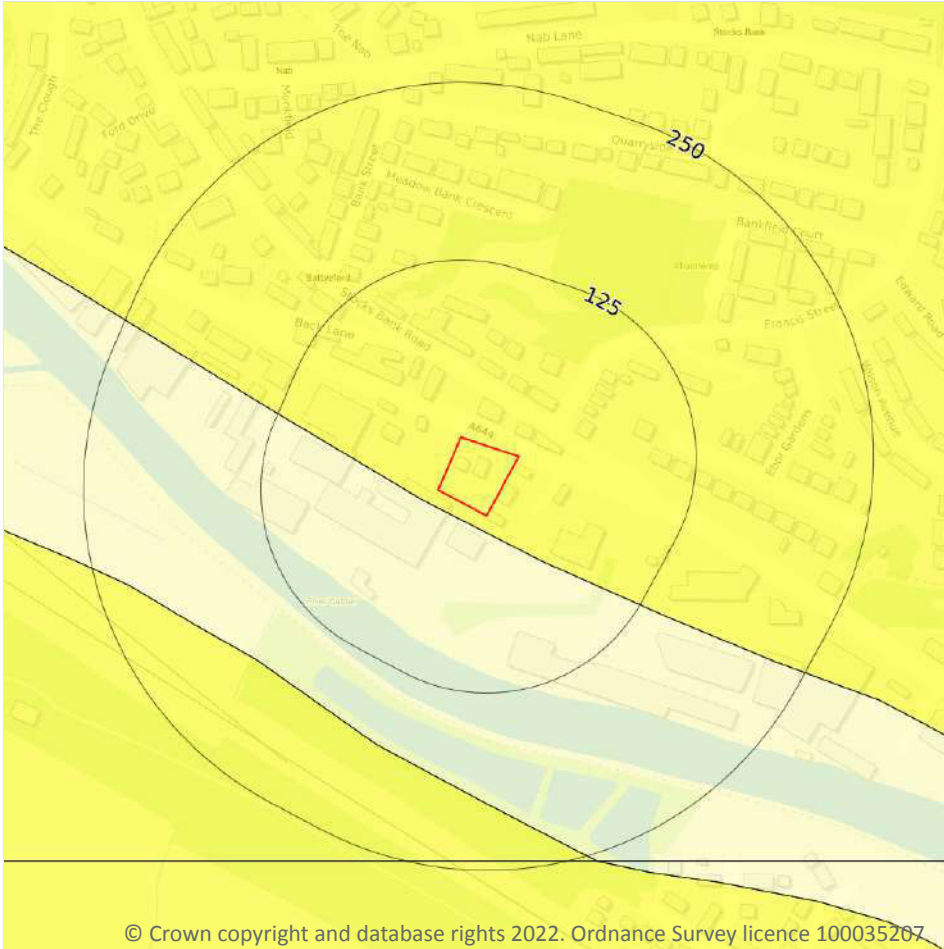


Location	Hazard rating	Details
34m NE	Very low	Compressibility and uneven settlement problems are not likely to be significant on the site for most land uses.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits



17.4 Collapsible deposits

Records within 50m

2

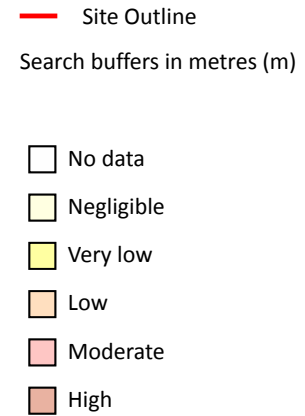
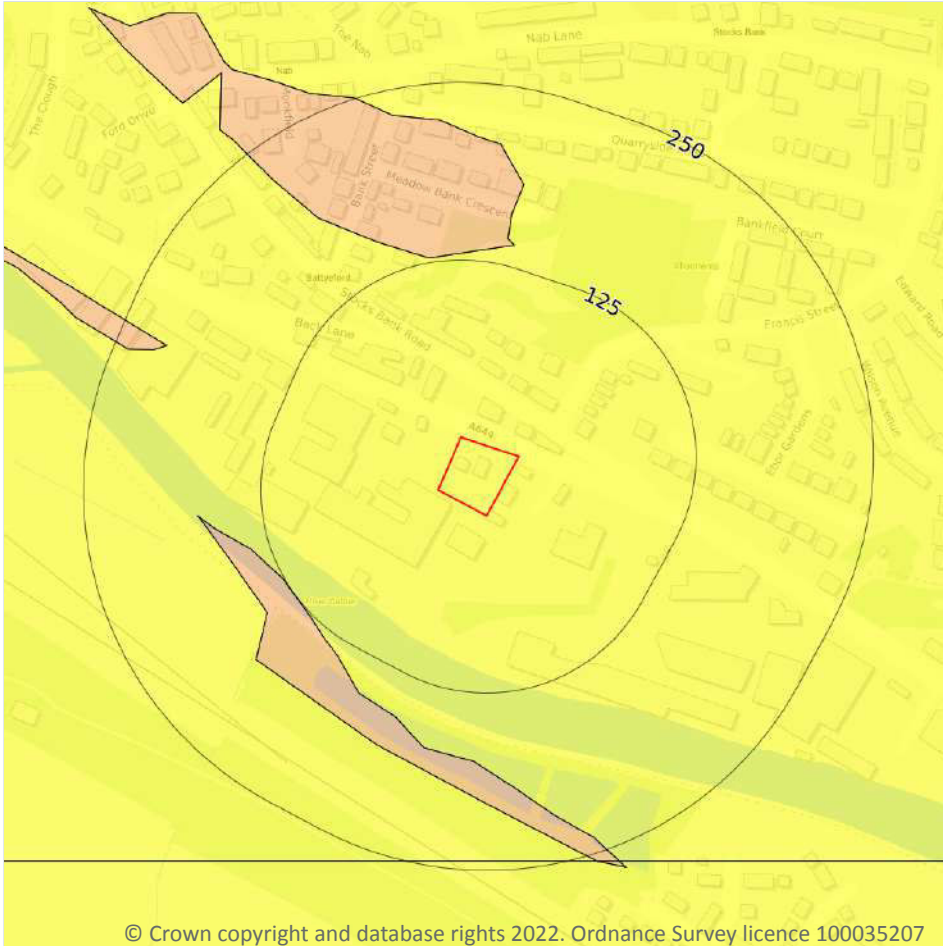
The potential hazard presented by natural deposits that could collapse when a load (such as a building) is placed on them or they become saturated with water.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits map on **page 106**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Deposits with potential to collapse when loaded and saturated are unlikely to be present.
11m S	Negligible	Deposits with potential to collapse when loaded and saturated are believed not to be present.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

Natural ground subsidence - Landslides



17.5 Landslides

Records within 50m

1

The potential for landsliding (slope instability) to be a hazard assessed using 1:50,000 scale digital maps of superficial and bedrock deposits, combined with information from the BGS National Landslide Database and scientific and engineering reports.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Landslides map on **page 107**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Slope instability problems are not likely to occur but consideration to potential problems of adjacent areas impacting on the site should always be considered.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks



— Site Outline
Search buffers in metres (m)

- No data
- Negligible
- Very low
- Low
- Moderate
- High

17.6 Ground dissolution of soluble rocks

Records within 50m

1

The potential hazard presented by ground dissolution, which occurs when water passing through soluble rocks produces underground cavities and cave systems. These cavities reduce support to the ground above and can cause localised collapse of the overlying rocks and deposits.

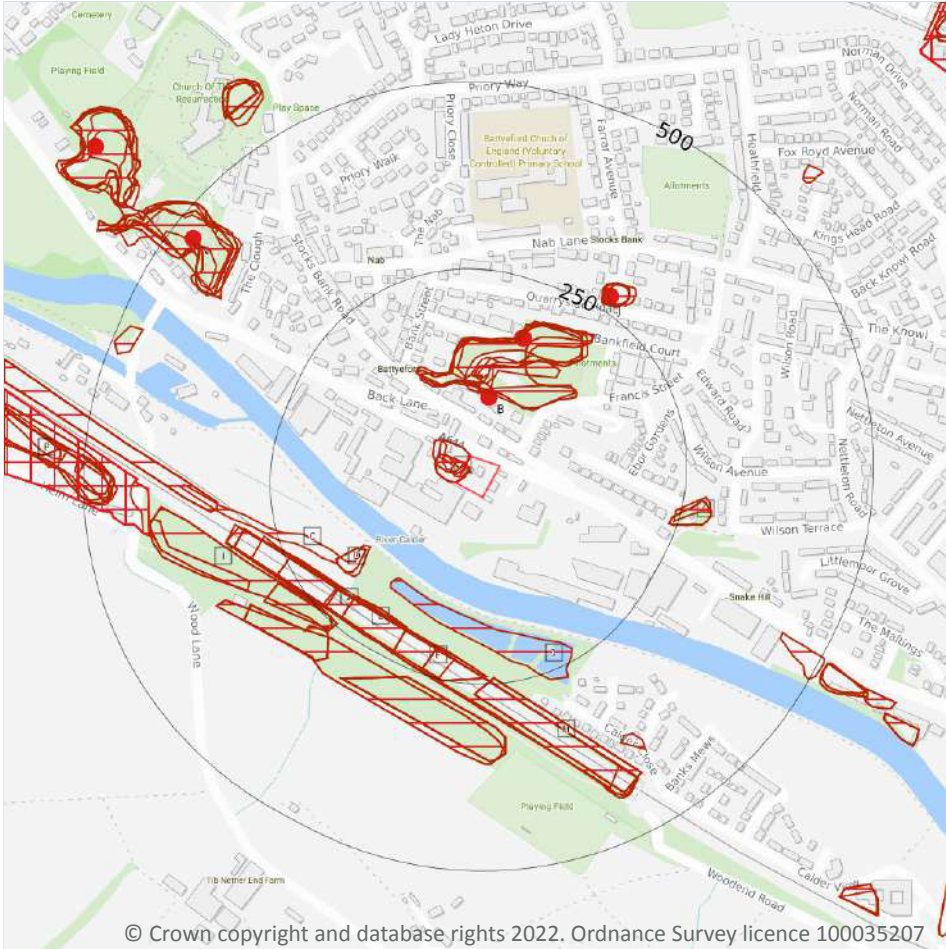
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks map on **page 108**

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Soluble rocks are either not thought to be present within the ground, or not prone to dissolution. Dissolution features are unlikely to be present.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



18 Mining, ground workings and natural cavities



18.1 Natural cavities

Records within 500m

0

Industry recognised national database of natural cavities. Sinkholes and caves are formed by the dissolution of soluble rock, such as chalk and limestone, gulls and fissures by cambering. Ground instability can result from movement of loose material contained within these cavities, often triggered by water.

This data is sourced from Stantec UK Ltd.

18.2 BritPits

Records within 500m

4

BritPits (an abbreviation of British Pits) is a database maintained by the British Geological Survey of currently active and closed surface and underground mineral workings. Details of major mineral handling sites, such as wharfs and rail depots are also held in the database.

Features are displayed on the Mining, ground workings and natural cavities map on **page 110**

ID	Location	Details	Description
B	82m N	Name: Bank Quarry Address: Battyeford, MIRFIELD, West Yorkshire Commodity: Sandstone Status: Ceased	Type: A surface mineral working. It may be termed Quarry, Sand Pit, Clay Pit or Opencast Coal Site Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
B	171m N	Name: Stocks Bank Quarry Address: MIRFIELD, West Yorkshire Commodity: Sandstone Status: Ceased	Type: A surface mineral working. It may be termed Quarry, Sand Pit, Clay Pit or Opencast Coal Site Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
J	270m NE	Name: Nab Address: Battyeford, MIRFIELD, West Yorkshire Commodity: Sandstone Status: Ceased	Type: A surface mineral working. It may be termed Quarry, Sand Pit, Clay Pit or Opencast Coal Site Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority
N	469m NW	Name: Wards End Quarry Address: Battyeford, MIRFIELD, West Yorkshire Commodity: Sandstone Status: Ceased	Type: A surface mineral working. It may be termed Quarry, Sand Pit, Clay Pit or Opencast Coal Site Status description: Site which, at date of entry, has ceased to extract minerals. May be considered as Closed by operator. May be considered to have Active, Dormant or Expired planning permissions by Mineral Planning Authority

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



18.3 Surface ground workings

Records within 250m

47

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that involved ground excavation at the surface. These features may or may not have been subsequently backfilled.

Features are displayed on the Mining, ground workings and natural cavities map on **page 110**

ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
A	On site	Unspecified Ground Workings	1951	1:10560
A	On site	Unspecified Heap	1966	1:10560
A	On site	Unspecified Heap	1985	1:10000
A	On site	Unspecified Heap	1975	1:10000
A	On site	Unspecified Heap	1938	1:10560
A	On site	Unspecified Heap	1938	1:10560
B	83m N	Unspecified Quarry	1985	1:10000
B	83m N	Unspecified Disused Quarry	1975	1:10000
B	85m NE	Unspecified Disused Quarry	1966	1:10560
B	85m N	Refuse Heap	1892	1:10560
B	95m N	Unspecified Quarry	1948	1:10560
B	95m N	Unspecified Quarry	1905	1:10560
B	95m N	Unspecified Quarry	1931	1:10560
B	98m N	Unspecified Quarry	1938	1:10560
B	99m N	Unspecified Ground Workings	1951	1:10560
B	104m N	Unspecified Quarry	1951	1:10560
C	144m SW	Unspecified Ground Workings	1951	1:10560
1	149m SW	Ponds	1985	1:10000
D	151m SW	Unspecified Heap	1985	1:10000
D	151m SW	Unspecified Heap	1975	1:10000
E	196m SW	Cuttings	1966	1:10560
E	196m SW	Cuttings	1985	1:10000
E	196m SW	Cuttings	1975	1:10000



ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
2	200m SW	Cuttings	1951	1:10560
F	201m SW	Cuttings	1938	1:10560
F	204m SW	Cuttings	1948	1:10560
F	204m SW	Cuttings	1905	1:10560
F	204m SW	Cuttings	1892	1:10560
F	204m SW	Cuttings	1931	1:10560
F	208m S	Cuttings	1966	1:10560
F	208m S	Cuttings	1985	1:10000
F	208m S	Cuttings	1975	1:10000
C	211m SW	Cuttings	1966	1:10560
C	211m SW	Cuttings	1985	1:10000
C	211m SW	Cuttings	1975	1:10000
G	240m E	Unspecified Quarry	1966	1:10560
G	240m E	Unspecified Quarry	1985	1:10000
G	240m E	Unspecified Quarry	1975	1:10000
H	242m S	Cuttings	1956	1:10560
H	242m S	Cuttings	1975	1:10000
H	242m S	Cuttings	1988	1:10000
H	242m S	Cuttings	1965	1:10560
G	243m E	Unspecified Quarry	1951	1:10560
C	246m SW	Unspecified Heap	1951	1:10560
C	246m SW	Unspecified Heap	1966	1:10560
I	246m SW	Unspecified Heap	1985	1:10000
I	246m SW	Unspecified Heap	1975	1:10000

This is data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.



18.4 Underground workings

Records within 1000m

15

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that indicate the presence of underground workings e.g. mine shafts.

Features are displayed on the Mining, ground workings and natural cavities map on **page 110**

ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
P	413m W	Colliery	1905	1:10560
P	413m W	Colliery	1892	1:10560
W	789m NE	Colliery	1948	1:10560
W	789m NE	Colliery	1905	1:10560
W	789m NE	Colliery	1892	1:10560
W	789m NE	Colliery	1931	1:10560
-	883m SW	Air Shaft	1988	1:10000
-	883m SW	Air Shaft	1965	1:10560
-	883m SW	Air Shaft	1951	1:10560
-	883m SW	Air Shaft	1975	1:10000
-	887m W	Tunnels	1985	1:10000
-	887m W	Tunnels	1975	1:10000
-	890m SW	Air Shaft	1905	1:10560
-	891m SW	Air Shaft	1948	1:10560
-	891m SW	Air Shaft	1931	1:10560

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.

18.5 Historical Mineral Planning Areas

Records within 500m

0

Boundaries of mineral planning permissions for England and Wales. This data was collated between the 1940s (and retrospectively to the 1930s) and the mid 1980s. The data includes permitted, withdrawn and refused permissions.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



18.6 Non-coal mining

Records within 1000m

0

The potential for historical non-coal mining to have affected an area. The assessment is drawn from expert knowledge and literature in addition to the digital geological map of Britain. Mineral commodities may be divided into seven general categories - vein minerals, chalk, oil shale, building stone, bedded ores, evaporites and 'other' commodities (including ball clay, jet, black marble, graphite and chert).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

18.7 Mining cavities

Records within 1000m

0

Industry recognised national database of mining cavities. Degraded mines may result in hazardous subsidence (crown holes). Climatic conditions and water escape can also trigger subsidence over mine entrances and workings.

This data is sourced from Stantec UK Ltd.

18.8 JPB mining areas

Records on site

0

Areas which could be affected by former coal and other mining. This data includes some mine plans unavailable to the Coal Authority.

This data is sourced from Johnson Poole and Bloomer.

18.9 Coal mining

Records on site

1

Areas which could be affected by past, current or future coal mining.

Location	Details
On site	The site is located within a coal mining area as defined by the Coal Authority. A Consultants Coal Mining Report is recommended to further assess coal mining issues at the site. This can be ordered directly through Groundsure or your preferred search provider.

This data is sourced from the Coal Authority.



18.10 Brine areas

Records on site	0
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The Cheshire Brine Compensation District indicates areas that may be affected by salt and brine extraction in Cheshire and where compensation would be available where damage from this mining has occurred. Damage from salt and brine mining can still occur outside this district, but no compensation will be available.

This data is sourced from the Cheshire Brine Subsidence Compensation Board.

18.11 Gypsum areas

Records on site	0
-----------------	---

Generalised areas that may be affected by gypsum extraction.

This data is sourced from British Gypsum.

18.12 Tin mining

Records on site	0
-----------------	---

Generalised areas that may be affected by historical tin mining.

This data is sourced from Groundsure.

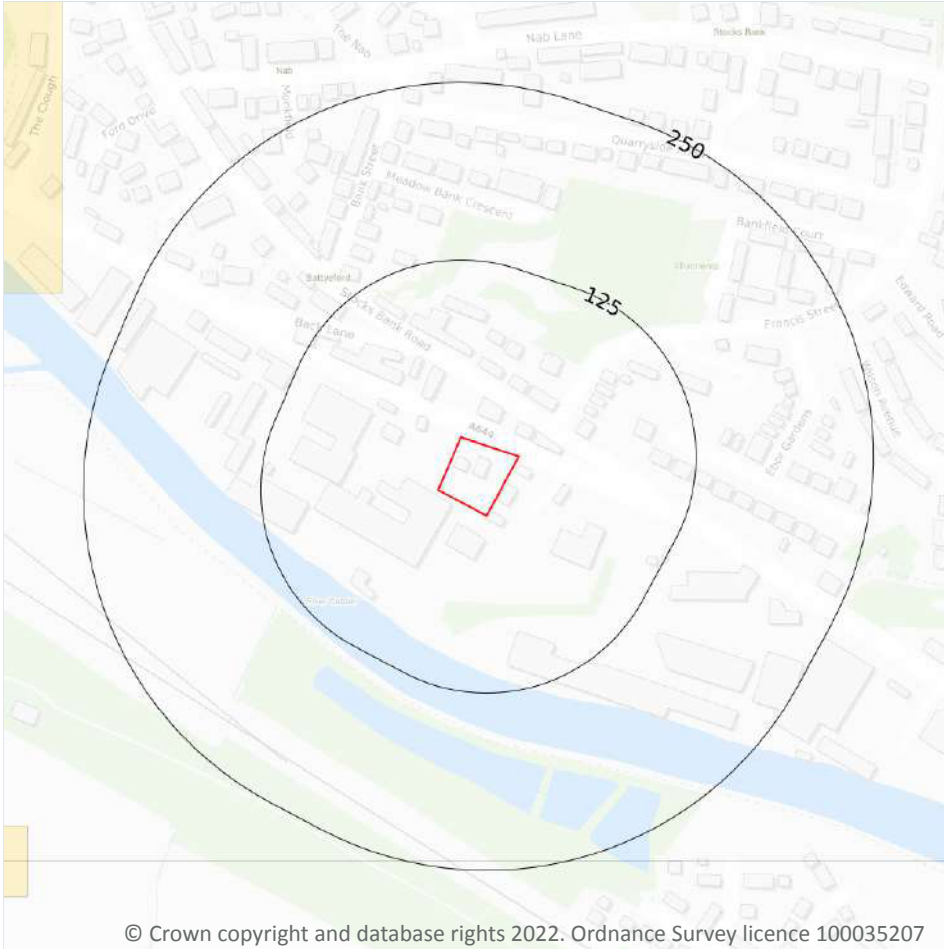
18.13 Clay mining

Records on site	0
-----------------	---

Generalised areas that may be affected by kaolin and ball clay extraction.

This data is sourced from the Kaolin and Ball Clay Association (UK).

19 Radon



— Site Outline
 Search buffers in metres (m)

- Greater than 30%
- Between 10% and 30%
- Between 5% and 10%
- Between 3% and 5%
- Between 1% and 3%
- Less than 1%

19.1 Radon

Records on site

1

Estimated percentage of dwellings exceeding the Radon Action Level. This data is the highest resolution radon dataset available for the UK and is produced to a 75m level of accuracy to allow for geological data accuracy and a 'residential property' buffer. The findings of this section should supersede any estimations derived from the Indicative Atlas of Radon in Great Britain. The data was derived from both geological assessments and long term measurements of radon in more than 479,000 households.

Features are displayed on the Radon map on **page 117**

Location	Estimated properties affected	Radon Protection Measures required
On site	Less than 1%	None**

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and Public Health England.

20 Soil chemistry

20.1 BGS Estimated Background Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

3

The estimated values provide the likely background concentration of the potentially harmful elements Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Lead and Nickel in topsoil. The values are estimated primarily from rural topsoil data collected at a sample density of approximately 1 per 2 km². In areas where rural soil samples are not available, estimation is based on stream sediment data collected from small streams at a sampling density of 1 per 2.5 km²; this is the case for most of Scotland, Wales and southern England. The stream sediment data are converted to soil-equivalent concentrations prior to the estimation.

Location	Arsenic	Bioaccessible Arsenic	Lead	Bioaccessible Lead	Cadmium	Chromium	Nickel
On site	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
11m S	25 - 35 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
26m S	25 - 35 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	120 - 180 mg/kg	30 - 45 mg/kg

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

20.2 BGS Estimated Urban Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

0

Estimated topsoil chemistry of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc and bioaccessible Arsenic and Lead in 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These estimates are derived from interpolation of the measured urban topsoil data referred to above and provide information across each city between the measured sample locations (4 per km²).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

20.3 BGS Measured Urban Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

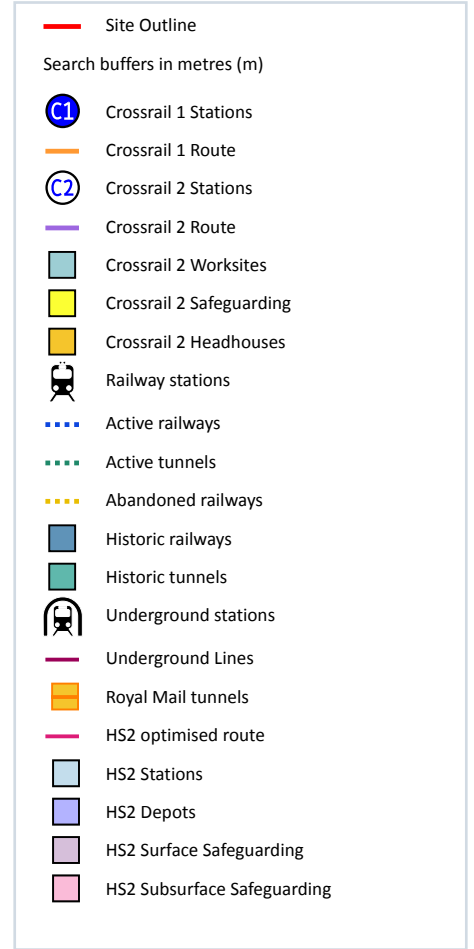
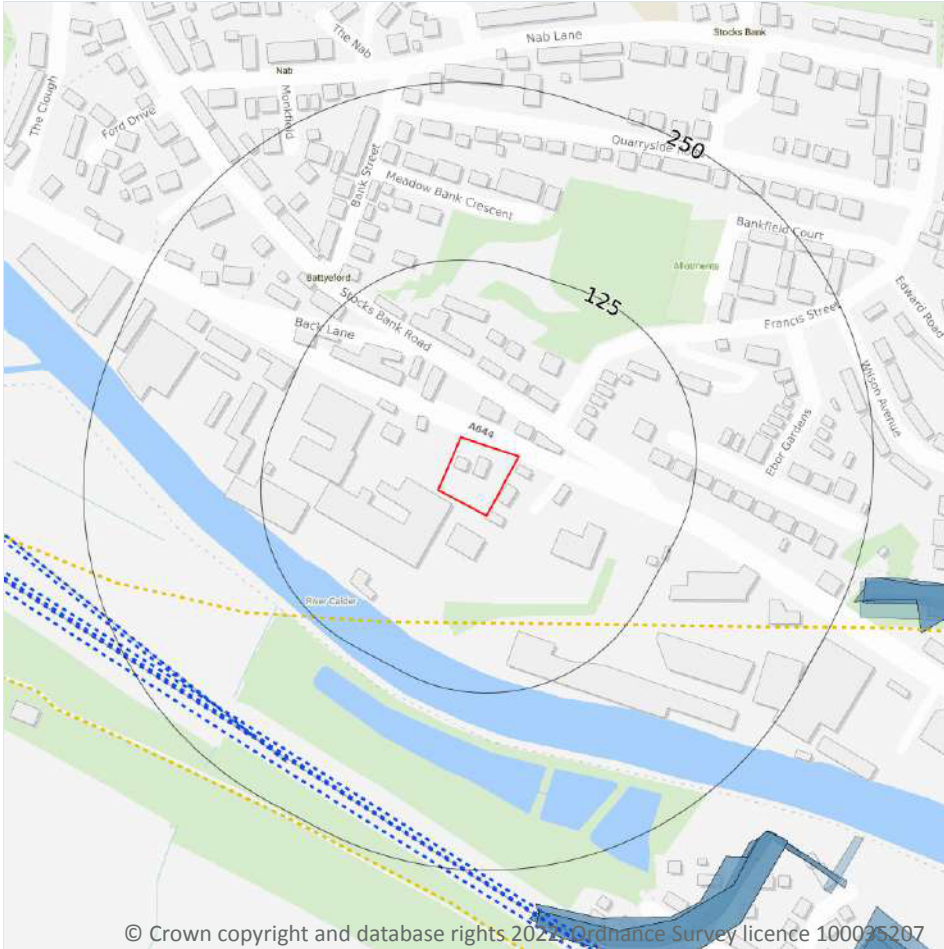
0

The locations and measured total concentrations (mg/kg) of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc in urban topsoil samples from 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These are collected at a sample density of 4 per km².

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



21 Railway infrastructure and projects



21.1 Underground railways (London)

Records within 250m

0

Details of all active London Underground lines, including approximate tunnel roof depth and operational hours.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

21.2 Underground railways (Non-London)

Records within 250m

0

Details of the Merseyrail system, the Tyne and Wear Metro and the Glasgow Subway. Not all parts of all systems are located underground. The data contains location information only and does not include a depth assessment.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

21.3 Railway tunnels

Records within 250m

0

Railway tunnels taken from contemporary Ordnance Survey mapping.

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

21.4 Historical railway and tunnel features

Records within 250m

0

Railways and tunnels digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping as scales of 1:1,250, 1:2,500, 1:10,000 and 1:10,560.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.

21.5 Royal Mail tunnels

Records within 250m

0

The Post Office Railway, otherwise known as the Mail Rail, is an underground railway running through Central London from Paddington Head District Sorting Office to Whitechapel Eastern Head Sorting Office. The line is 10.5km long. The data includes details of the full extent of the tunnels, the depth of the tunnel, and the depth to track level.

This data is sourced from Groundsure/the Postal Museum.

21.6 Historical railways

Records within 250m

1

Former railway lines, including dismantled lines, abandoned lines, disused lines, historic railways and razed lines.

Features are displayed on the Railway infrastructure and projects map on **page 119**

Location	Description
76m S	Dismantled

This data is sourced from OpenStreetMap.



21.7 Railways

Records within 250m**8**

Currently existing railway lines, including standard railways, narrow gauge, funicular, trams and light railways. Features are displayed on the Railway infrastructure and projects map on **page 119**

Location	Name	Type
212m SW	Huddersfield Line	rail
215m SW	Huddersfield Line	rail
217m SW	Not given	Single Track
217m SW	Not given	Single Track
217m SW	Not given	Multi Track
218m SW	Caldervale Line	rail
218m SW	Huddersfield Line	rail
225m SW	Huddersfield Line	rail

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey and OpenStreetMap.

21.8 Crossrail 1

Records within 500m**0**

The Crossrail railway project links 41 stations over 100 kilometres from Reading and Heathrow in the west, through underground sections in central London, to Shenfield and Abbey Wood in the east.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

21.9 Crossrail 2

Records within 500m**0**

Crossrail 2 is a proposed railway linking the national rail networks in Surrey and Hertfordshire via an underground tunnel through London.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.



21.10 HS2

Records within 500m

0

HS2 is a proposed high speed rail network running from London to Manchester and Leeds via Birmingham. Main civils construction on Phase 1 (London to Birmingham) of the project began in 2019, and it is currently anticipated that this phase will be fully operational by 2026. Construction on Phase 2a (Birmingham to Crewe) is anticipated to commence in 2021, with the service fully operational by 2027. Construction on Phase 2b (Crewe to Manchester and Birmingham to Leeds) is scheduled to begin in 2023 and be operational by 2033.

This data is sourced from HS2 Ltd.



Data providers

Groundsure works with respected data providers to bring you the most relevant and accurate information. To find out who they are and their areas of expertise see <https://www.groundsure.com/sources-reference>.

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Groundsure's Terms and Conditions can be accessed at this link: <https://www.groundsure.com/terms-and-conditions-jan-2020/>.



Site Details:

MIRFIELD AIR CADET CENTRE,
HUDDERSFIELD ROAD,
MIRFIELD, WF14 9DQ

Client Ref: C541
Report Ref: GS-9159941
Grid Ref: 419367, 420271

Map Name: County Series

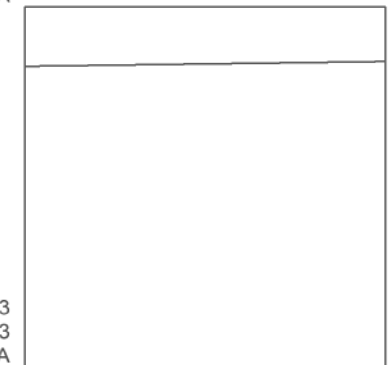
Map date: 1893

Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



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Revised 1893
Edition N/A
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Revised 1893
Edition N/A
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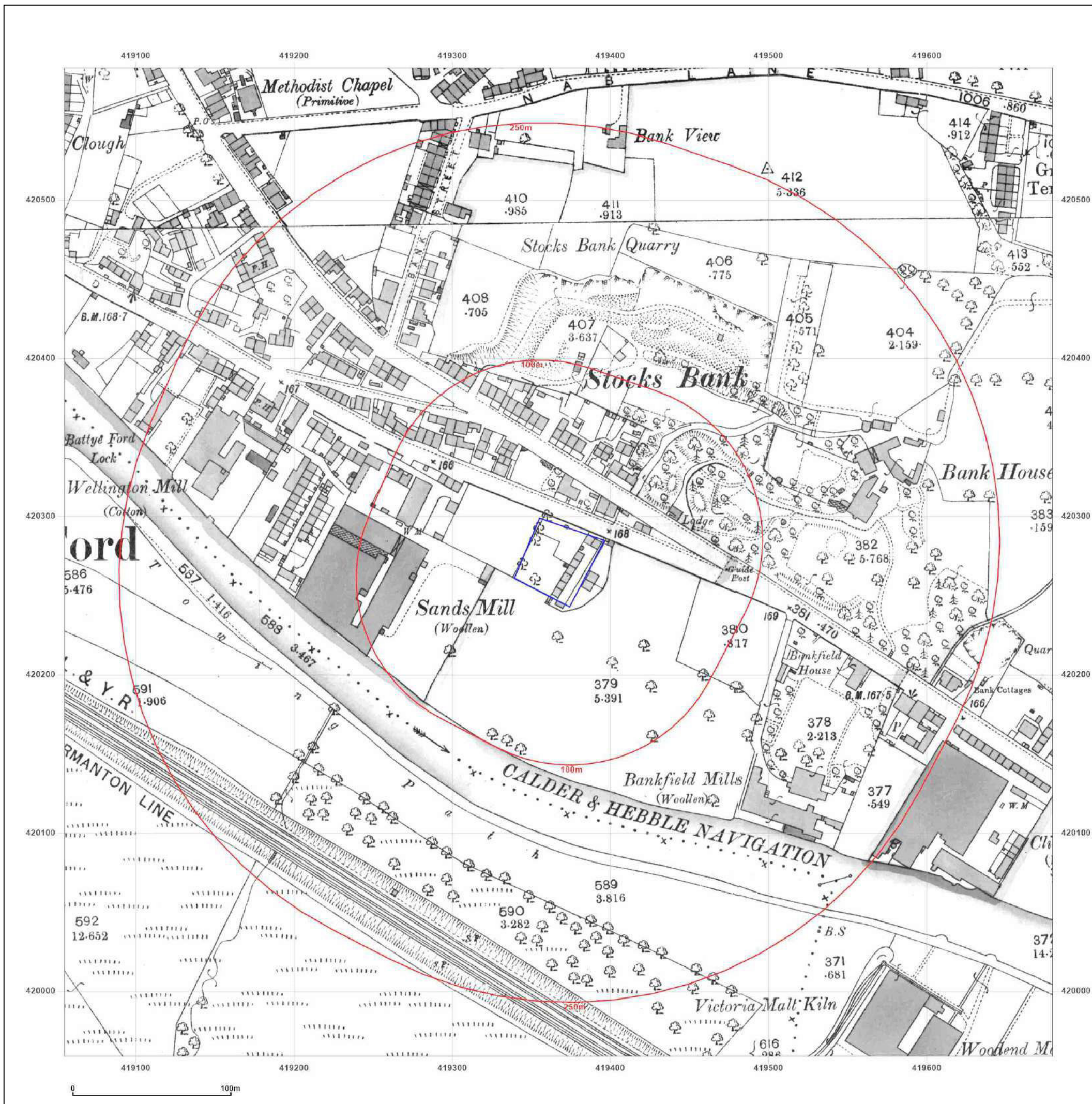


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HUDDERSFIELD ROAD,
MIRFIELD, WF14 9DQ

Client Ref: C541
Report Ref: GS-9159941
Grid Ref: 419367, 420271

Map Name: County Series

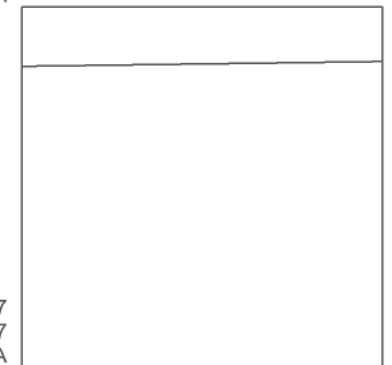
Map date: 1907

Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



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Revised 1907
Edition N/A
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Surveyed 1907
Revised 1907
Edition N/A
Copyright N/A
Levelled N/A

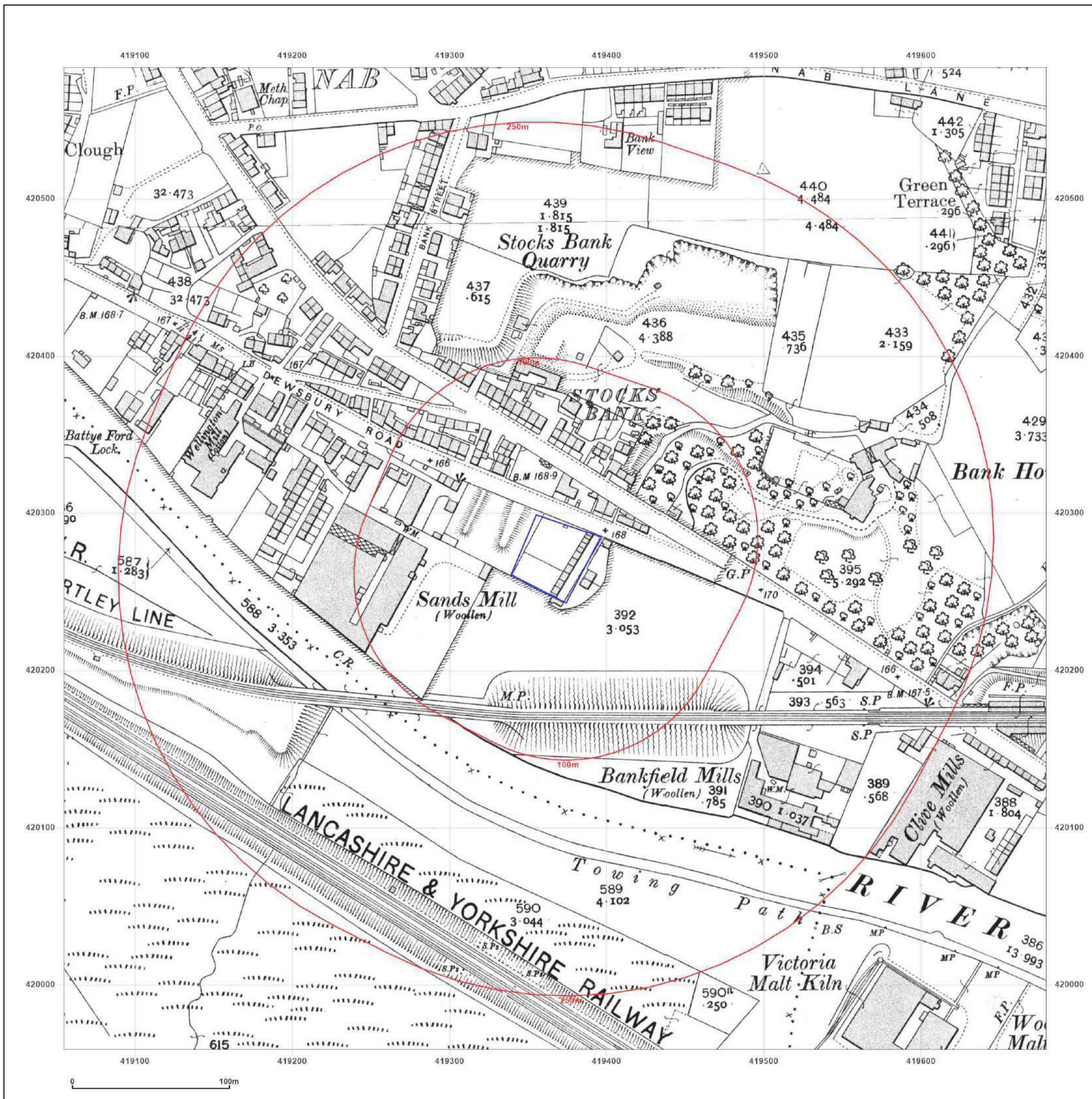


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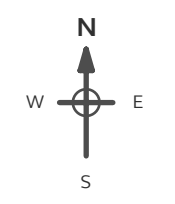
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Grid Ref: 419367, 420271

Map Name: County Series

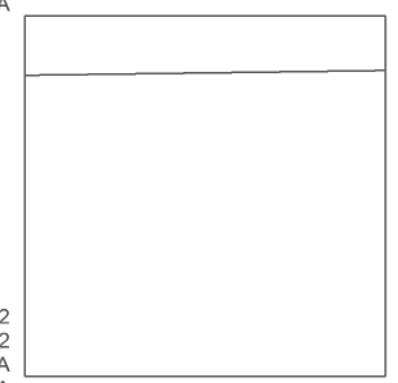
Map date: 1922

Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



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Edition N/A
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Edition N/A
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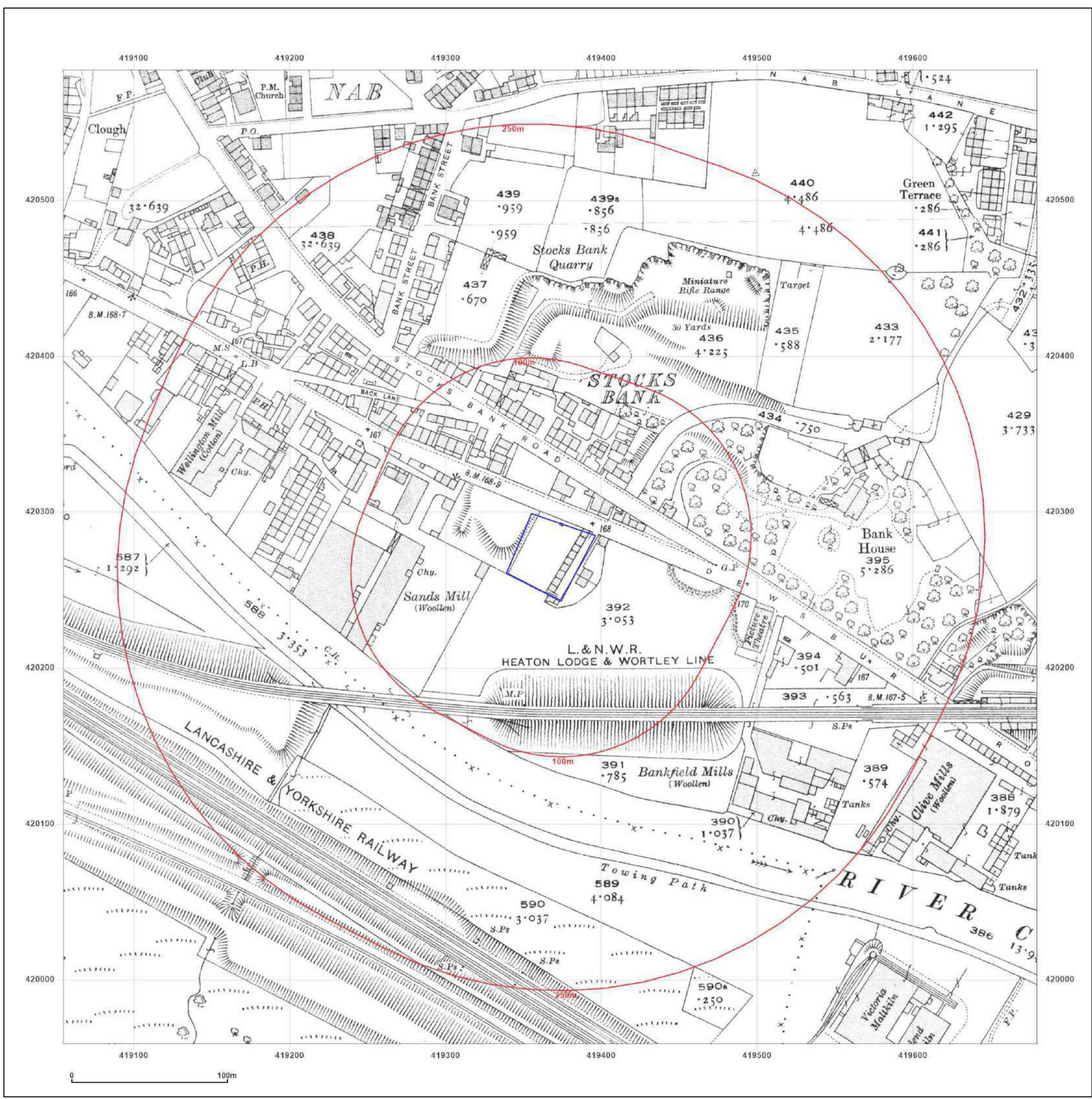


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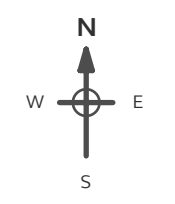
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Map Name: County Series

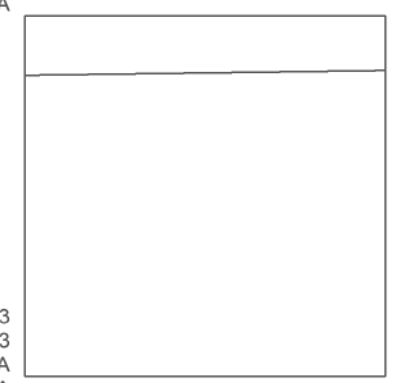
Map date: 1933

Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



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 Revised 1933
 Edition N/A
 Copyright N/A
 Levelled N/A

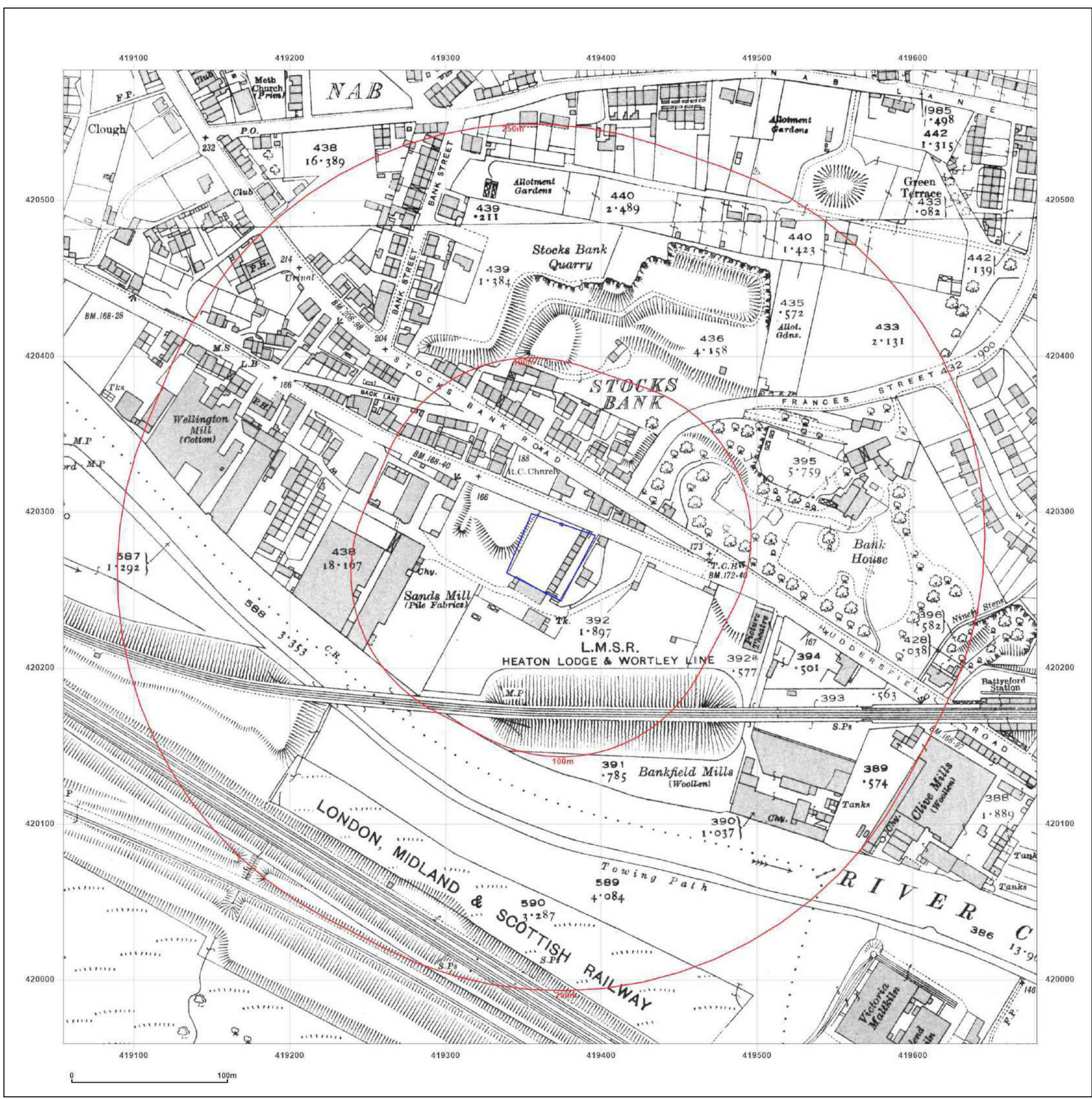


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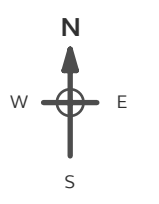
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Report Ref: GS-9159941
Grid Ref: 419367, 420271

Map Name: National Grid

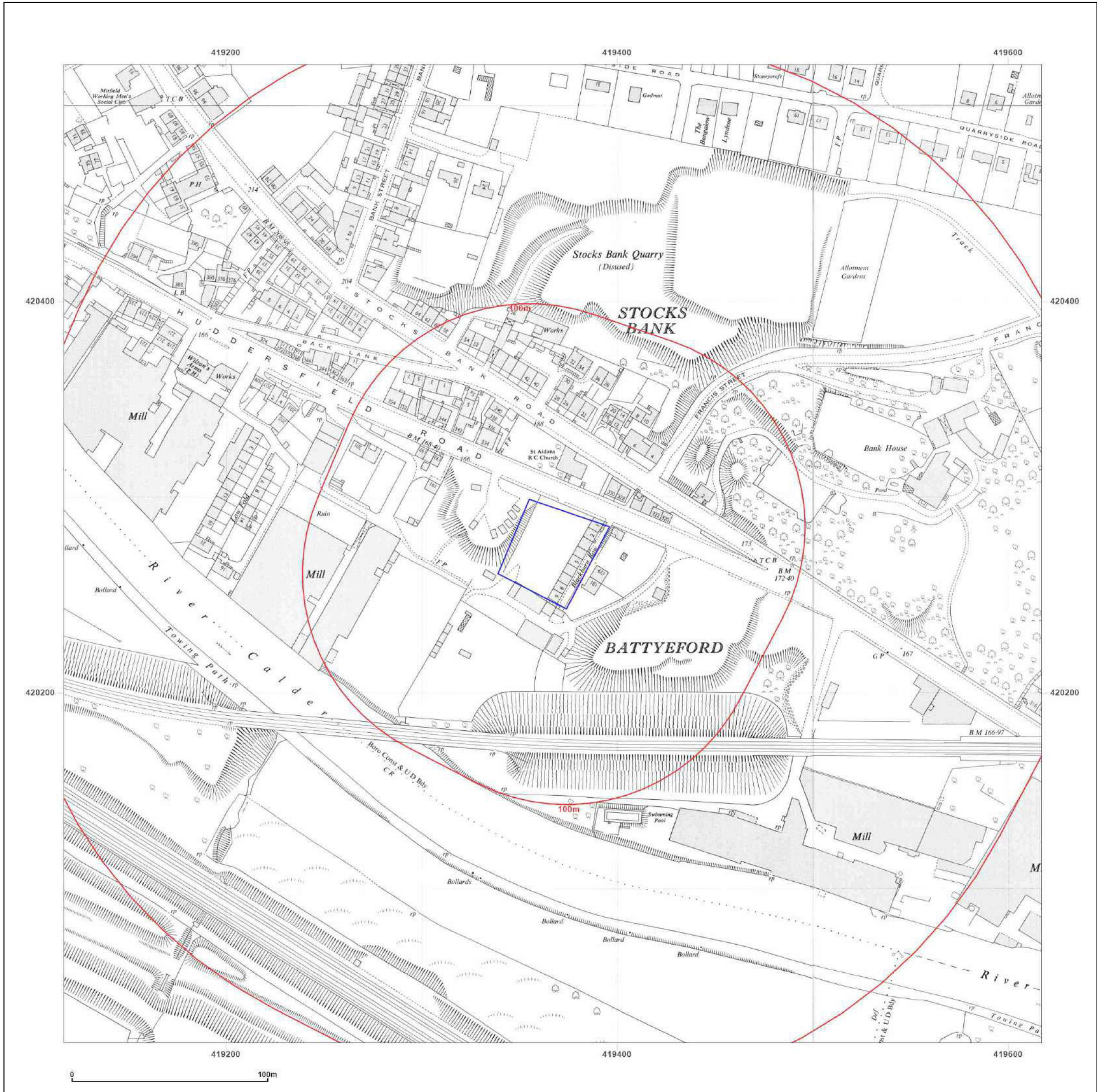
Map date: 1957

Scale: 1:1,250

Printed at: 1:2,000



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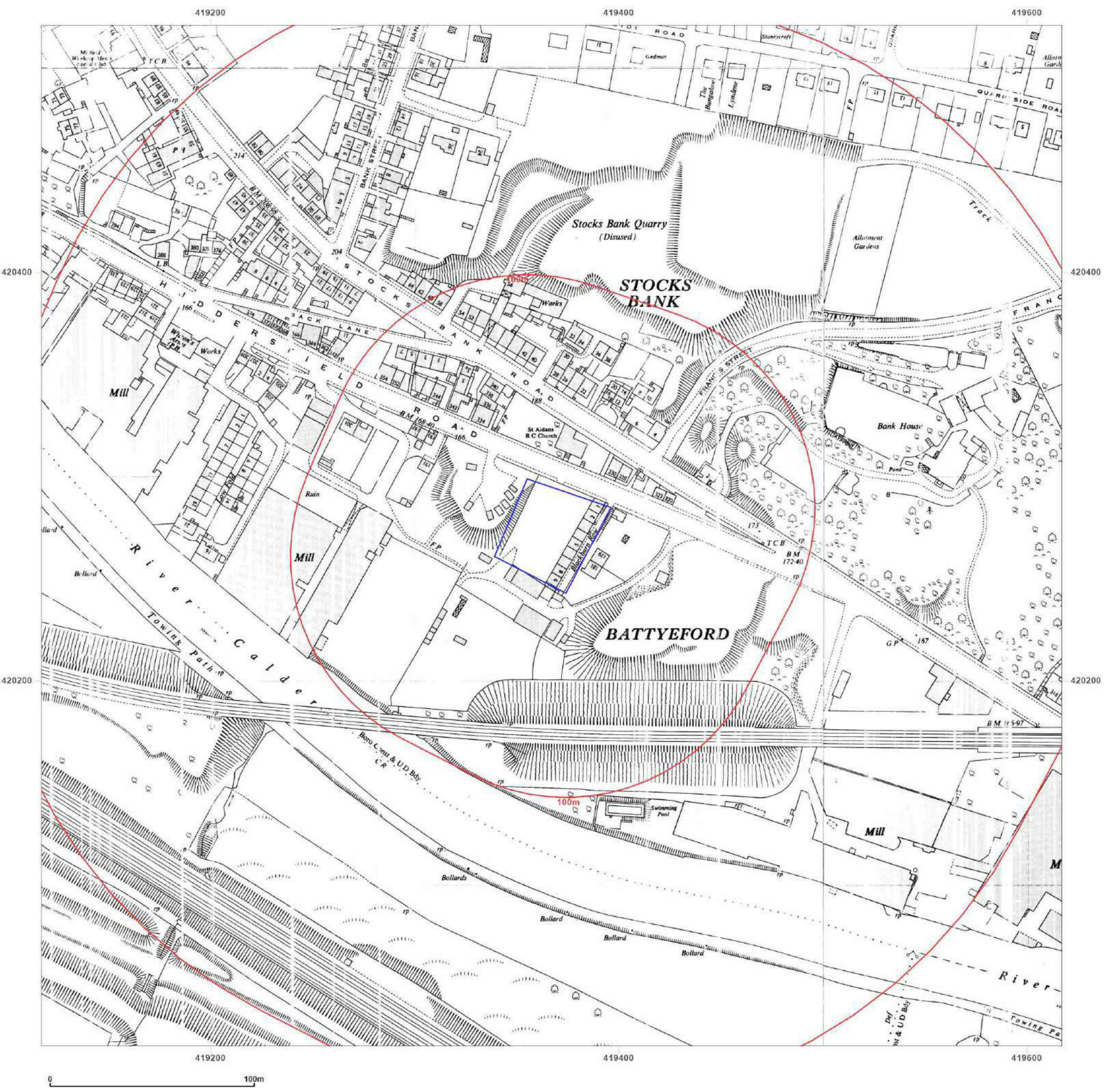
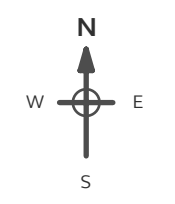
Client Ref: C541
Report Ref: GS-9159941
Grid Ref: 419367, 420271

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1958

Scale: 1:1,250

Printed at: 1:2,000



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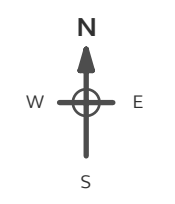
Client Ref: C541
Report Ref: GS-9159941
Grid Ref: 419367, 420271

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1958

Scale: 1:2,500

Printed at: 1:2,500



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Revised 1957
Edition 1958
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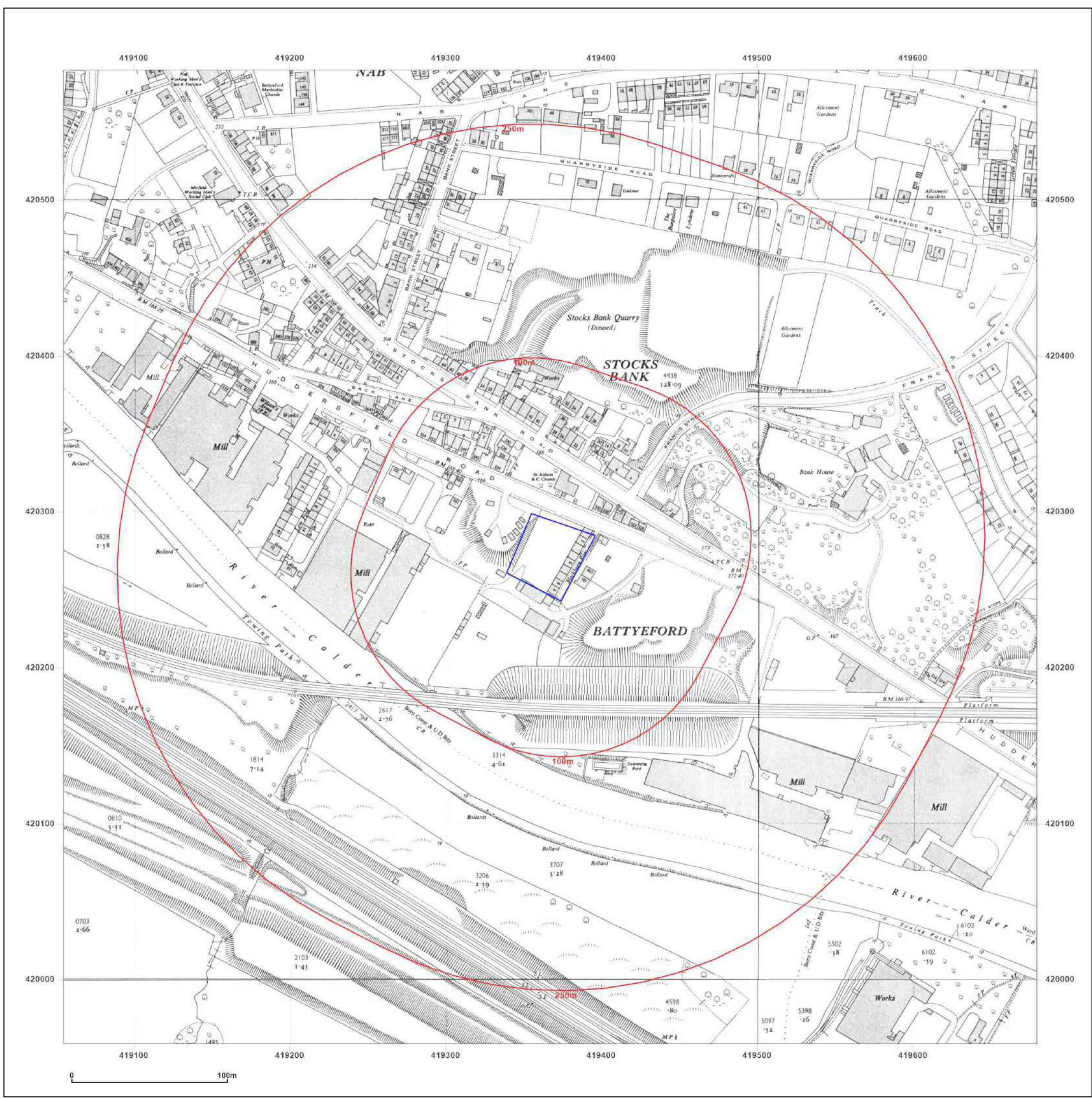


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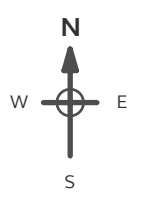
Client Ref: C541
Report Ref: GS-9159941
Grid Ref: 419367, 420271

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1977-1982

Scale: 1:1,250

Printed at: 1:2,000



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<p>Surveyed 1962 Revised 1982 Edition N/A Copyright 1982 Levelled 1962</p>	



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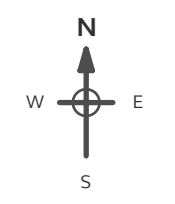
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Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1982-1984

Scale: 1:1,250

Printed at: 1:2,000



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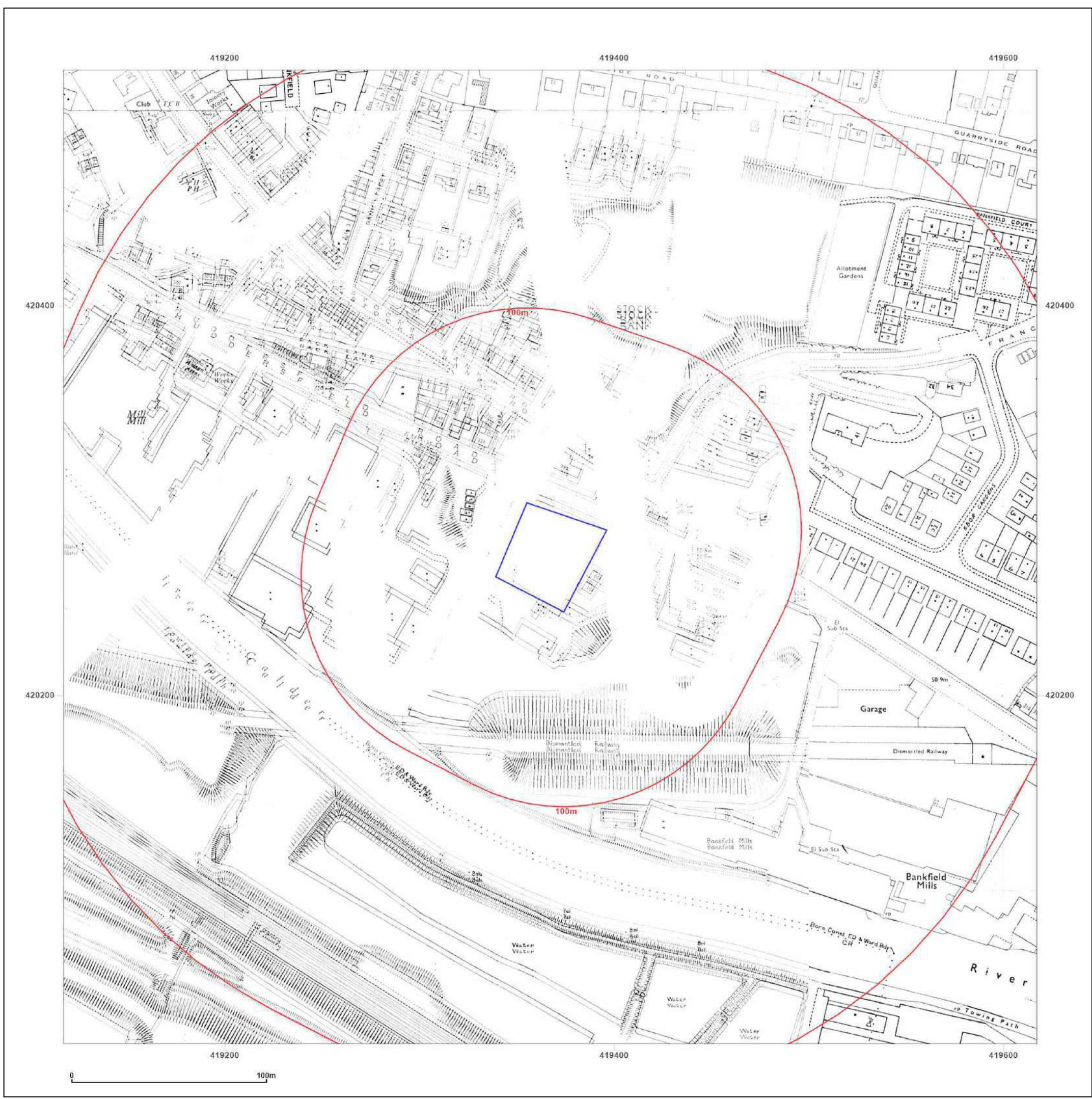


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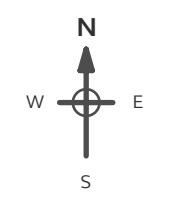
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Report Ref: GS-9159941
Grid Ref: 419367, 420271

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1990-1993

Scale: 1:1,250

Printed at: 1:2,000



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Edition N/A	Edition N/A
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Revised N/A	Revised N/A
Edition N/A	Edition N/A
Copyright 1993	Copyright 1993
Levelled N/A	Levelled N/A



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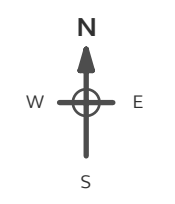
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Report Ref: GS-9159941
Grid Ref: 419367, 420271

Map Name: National Grid

Map date: 1993-1994

Scale: 1:1,250

Printed at: 1:2,000



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