

KIRKLEES METROPOLITAN COUNCIL INVESTMENT & REGENERATION SERVICE

DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) – SECTION 70

DELEGATED DECISION TO DETERMINE PLANNING APPLICATIONS

Reference No:	2025/62/91803/W
Site Address:	70, Slades Road, Bolster Moor, Huddersfield, HD7 4JR
Description:	Erection of extension to outbuilding (retrospective) (Listed Building)
Recommending Officer:	Joshua Merriman

DECISION – Full Conditional Permission

I hereby authorise the approval of this application for the reasons set out in the officer's report and recommendation annexed below in respect of the above matter.

Kirsty Nicholls

AUTHORISED OFFICER

Date: 26-Aug-2025

Officer Report – 2025/91803

Site Description

The application site refers to 70, Slades Road, Bolster Moor, Huddersfield, a two-storey detached property designated as a Grade II Listed Building. The dwelling is faced in natural stone with a pitched blue slate roof, and white painted timber windows and doors. The application property lies in a slightly varied street scene, surrounded by properties of a similar size and scale, however, some neighbouring dwellings have differing characters, appearances, and ages. Furthermore, the dwelling benefits from amenity space to the front, with garden space and an outbuilding to the rear.

Description of Proposal

The Scheme

The application is seeking planning permission for the erection of an extension to an existing outbuilding (retrospective) (Listed Building).

Supporting Information

In addition to the submitted plans the following documents have been submitted to support the application:

- Heritage Impact Assessment

History of Negotiations / Amendments Received

No amendments have been requested by Officers.

Relevant Planning History

The most relevant planning history relates to the following planning applications

2002/93054 - Listed Building Consent for repositioning of soil pipe – Consent Granted.

2005/91494 - Erection of first floor extension, detached garage and rebuild WC/store (Listed Building) – Withdrawn.

2005/91545 - Listed Building consent for demolition of existing greenhouse and WC/store. erection of first floor extension and new store – Withdrawn.

2005/92588 - Erection of first floor extension, detached garage and rebuild WC/store (Listed Building) – Conditional Full Permission.

2005/92589 - Listed Building Consent for demolition of greenhouse and WC/store and erection of first floor extension and detached garage and WC/store – Consent Granted.

2005/94683 - Listed Building Consent for erection of extension and replacement windows – Consent Granted.

2021/90288 - Erection of greenhouse (Listed Building) – Conditional Full Permission.

2021/90590 - Listed Building Consent for erection of two uplighters to front – Consent Granted.

2021/94178 - Enlargement of window opening to form external doors and alterations to external patio levels (Listed Building) – Conditional Full Permission.

2021/94179 - Listed Building Consent for enlargement of window opening to form external doors and alterations to external patio levels – Consent Granted.

2025/91804 - Listed Building Consent for erection of extension to outbuilding (retrospective) – Associated Listed Building Consent – Pending consideration

Representations

Publication of the application has been undertaken in accordance with the Council's Development Management Charter (July 2015).

The application has been publicised as affecting the setting of a listed building, on the Council's website, by site notice and by press advertisement. The expiry date of the publicity period was the 14/08/2025.

No representations received

Consultation Responses

No consultations were deemed necessary for this application.

Allocation and Policy

The site is allocated Green Belt within the Kirklees Local Plan (adopted 2019). The site is also a designated Grade II Listed Building, and within a bat alert layer.

The following legislation, policy and guidance is considered relevant to the determination of this application:-

Kirklees Local Plan

- LP1 Achieving Sustainable Development
- LP2 Place Shaping
- LP21 Highway and Access
- LP22 Parking
- LP24 Design
- LP30 Biodiversity and Geodiversity
- LP35 Historic Environment
- LP57 The extension, alteration or replacement of existing buildings

National Policies and Guidance

National planning policy and guidance is set out in National Policy Statements, primarily the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) published December 2024, the Planning Practice Guidance Suite (PPGS) first launched 6th March 2014 together with Circulars, Ministerial Statements and associated technical guidance.

The NPPF constitutes guidance for local planning authorities and is a material consideration in determining applications.

- Chapter2 Achieving sustainable development
- Chapter12 Achieving well-designed places
- Chapter13 Protecting Green Belt land
- Chapter14 Meeting the challenge of climate change, flooding and coastal change
- Chapter15 Conserving and enhancing the natural environment
- Chapter16 Conserving and enhancing the historic environment

Supplementary Planning Documents / guidance

- Kirklees Highway Design Guide (adopted November 2019)
- House Extensions & Alterations SPD (adopted June 2021)

- The Biodiversity Net Gain Technical Advice Note

Legislation

The Town & Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).
The Town & Country Planning (Listed Buildings & Conservation Areas) Act 1990
The Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.
The Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017

Section 38(6) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 sets out that in considering planning applications the determination must be made in accordance with the plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise

When making a recommendation in respect of a planning application affecting a Listed Building or its setting, attention must be given to Section 66(1) of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 which requires the Local Planning Authority to 'have special regard to the desirability of preserving the building or its setting or any features of a special architectural or historic interest which it possesses'.

Assessment

The following matters are considered in the assessment below –

1. Principle of development
1. Impact upon the character and appearance of the area (including impact upon historic environment)
2. Impact upon residential amenity
3. Impact upon highway safety
4. Climate Change
5. Other matters – e.g. trees/ecology (e.g. bats)
6. Representations
7. Conclusion

1 – Principle of Development

Sustainable Development

NPPF Paragraph 11 and LP1 outline a presumption in favour of sustainable development. Paragraph 8 of the NPPF identifies the dimensions of sustainable development as economic, social and environmental (which includes design considerations). It states that these facets are mutually dependent and should not be undertaken in isolation.

The dimensions of sustainable development will be considered throughout the proposal.

Paragraph 11 concludes that the presumption in favour of sustainable development does not apply where specific policies in the NPPF indicate development should be restricted. This too will be explored.

The site is located within the Green Belt within the Kirklees Local Plan. Policy LP1 states that when considering development proposals, the Council will take a positive approach that reflects the presumption in favour of sustainable development contained in the National Planning Policy Framework. LP1 goes on further to stating that:

The Council will always work pro-actively with applicants jointly to find solutions which mean that the proposal can be approved wherever possible, and to secure development that improves the economic, social and environmental conditions in the area.

Policy LP2 sets out that all development proposals should seek to build on the strengths, opportunities and help address challenges identified in the Local Plan. Policy LP24 of the KLP is relevant and states that “good design should be at the core of all proposals in the district”.

The NPPF identifies that the fundamental aim of Green Belt policy is to prevent urban sprawl by keeping land permanently open;

All proposals for development in the Green Belt should be treated as inappropriate unless they fall within one of the exceptions set out in Paragraph 154 and 155.

Within Paragraph 154 the exception listed as part c) is for the extension or alteration of a building provided that it does not result in disproportionate additions over and above the size of the original building, is considered relevant to this application.

Policy LP57 of the Kirklees Local Plan sets out that the extension, alteration or replacement of buildings in the Green Belt will normally be acceptable provided that the original building remains the dominant element both in terms of size and overall appearance including the design and materials as well as having regard to previous extensions and the proposal does not result in a greater impact on openness in terms of the treatment of outdoor areas.

The proposal would not have any significant impact upon the five green belt purposes set out in paragraph 138 of the NPPF as the application seeking

advice is not of a great enough scale to have major effects on a green belt dwelling.

Paragraph 5.29 of the Council's House Extensions and Alterations SPD states that:

“Outbuildings, such as garden offices, detached garages and granny annexes, can have as much of an impact on the appearance of the building as any other extension. Wherever possible these should reflect the style, shape and architectural features of the existing house and not be detrimental to the space around the building.”

Paragraph 5.3 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD goes on to say that outbuildings should normally:

- be subservient in footprint and scale to the original building and its garden taking into account other extensions and existing outbuildings;
- be set back behind the building line of the original building so that they do not impact on the street scene; and
- preserve a reasonable private amenity space appropriate to the potential number of occupants of the house, and follow a general principle that no more than 50% of garden space should be lost.

As the proposal is an extension or alteration to an existing building that is considered proportionate to the size of the original building, it is considered the proposal would not constitute inappropriate development in the green belt and would accord with policy LP57 and policies set out within Chapter 13 of the NPPF.

Given the above, subject to condition, it is considered that the proposed development constitutes appropriate development in the Green Belt and that the proposal would comply with Policy LP57 of the Kirklees Local Plan and Government guidance contained within Chapter 13 of the NPPF. The principle of extending the existing dwelling is acceptable and shall be assessed against the applicable material planning considerations within the following report.

2 – Impact on character and appearance of the area (including impact upon historic environment):

Visual Amenity

Section 12 of the NPPF discusses good design. Good design is a key aspect of sustainable development, it creates better places in which to live and work

and helps to make development acceptable to communities. Local Plan Policies LP1, LP2 and most importantly LP24, are all also relevant. All the policies seek to achieve good quality design that retains a sense of local identity, which is in keeping with the scale of development in the local area and is visually attractive.

Local Plan Policy LP24(a) states that all proposals should promote good design by ensuring the following: *‘the form, scale, layout and details of all development respects and enhances the character of the townscape, heritage assets and landscape’*.

Key Design Principles 1 and 2 of the Council's adopted House Extensions & Alterations Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) seek to ensure development is subservient to the host property and in keeping with the character of the locality.

The recommendations of Paragraphs 5.29 and 5.3 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD are outlined in the ‘Principle’ section of this report.

Historic Environment

Section 66 of the Planning (Listed Buildings & Conservations Areas) Act (1990) states that for development which affects a listed building or its setting, the local planning authority shall have special regard to the desirability of preserving the building or its setting or any features of special architectural or historic interest which it possesses.

Section 66 of the Planning (Listed Building & Conservation Areas) Act (1990) is mirrored in Policy LP35 of the Kirklees Local Plan and Chapter 16 of the National Planning Policy Framework.

Furthermore, LP35 states that: *“development proposals affecting a designated heritage asset...should preserve or enhance the significance of the asset. In cases likely to result in substantial harm or loss, development will only be permitted where it can be demonstrated that the proposals would bring substantial public benefits that clearly outweigh the harm.”*

Paragraph 212 of the National Planning Policy Framework states:

“When considering the impact of a proposed development on the significance of a designated heritage asset, great weight should be given to the asset’s conservation (and the more important the asset, the greater the weight should be). This is irrespective of whether any potential harm amounts to substantial harm, total loss or less than substantial harm to its significance.”

The outbuilding is set well behind the building line of the original building, not visible from the front of the property or street scene and is to remain subservient in footprint and scale to the original building and its garden. Furthermore, the extension is to be erected using materials that match the current outbuilding, reflecting the style, shape, and architectural features of the existing house and outbuilding.

Considering the above assessment, the proposed changes to the existing outbuilding are considered to be acceptable with regard to visual amenity.

3. Impact on Residential Amenity

Sections B and C of LP24 states that alterations to existing buildings should:

“...maintain appropriate distances between buildings’ and ‘...minimise impact on residential amenity of future and neighbouring occupiers.”

Further to this, Paragraph 135 of the National Planning Policy Framework states that planning decisions should ensure that developments have a high standard of amenity for existing and future users.

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Key Design Principle 3 states that extensions and alterations should be designed to achieve reasonable levels of privacy for both inhabitants, future occupants and neighbours

Key design principle 4 sets out that extensions and alterations should consider the design and layout of habitable and non-habitable rooms to reduce conflict between neighbouring properties relating to privacy, light and outlook.

Key design principle 5 relates to overshadowing/loss of light and details that extensions and alterations should not adversely affect the amount of natural light presently enjoyed by a neighbouring property.

Key design principle 6 seeks to ensure developments preventing overbearing impact and that extensions and alterations should not unduly reduce the outlook from a neighbouring property.

Principle 7 of the House Extensions SPD requires development to ensure an appropriately sized and useable area of private outdoor space is retained.

The recommendations of Paragraph 5.29 and 5.3 of the House Extensions and Alterations SPD are outlined in the 'Principle' section of this report.

It is considered that the proposed extension to the existing outbuilding will not be detrimental to the space around the host property as a private amenity space appropriate to the potential number of occupants of the house (at least 50%) will be retained.

It is therefore considered that in terms of residential amenity, the proposed development would have an acceptable impact and comply with all relevant policies.

4. Impact on Highway Safety

Policies LP21 and LP22 of the Kirklees Local Plan and Chapter 9 of the NPPF relate to access and highway safety and are considered to be relevant to the consideration of this application. The Council's adopted Highway Design Guide and Key Design Principle 15 of the adopted House Extensions & Alterations SPD which seek to ensure acceptable levels of off street parking are retained are also considered to be of relevance.

Principle 19 of the Council's adopted House Extensions & Alterations Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) requires the provision for waste storage and recycling must be incorporated into the design of new developments in such a way that it is convenient for both collection and use whilst having minimal visual impact on the development.

Although nothing specific is detailed within the submitted plans, it is considered that there is adequate space on site for waste storage.

The proposal will not increase the number of bedrooms at the property, nor reduce the scale of the hard-standing parking area to the front of the site, therefore, the current parking provision at the property is acceptable to remain. Furthermore, the proposal is set well back from the closest highway and is not considered to have any significant impact upon highway safety.

It is therefore considered that in terms of access and highway safety/parking the proposed extension would comply with Policies LP21 and LP22 of the Kirklees Local Plan, Principle 15 of the Council's Street Design Guide and Chapter 9 of the National Planning Policy Framework. Furthermore, it is considered that the proposal would also comply with Principle 19 of the adopted House Extensions & Alterations SPD.

5. Climate Change

On 12th November 2019, the Council adopted a target for achieving 'net zero' carbon emissions by 2038, with an accompanying carbon budget set by the Tyndall Centre for Climate Change Research. National Planning Policy includes a requirement to promote carbon reduction and enhance resilience to climate change through the planning system and these principles have been incorporated into the formulation of Local Plan policies. The Local Plan predates the declaration of a climate emergency and the net zero carbon target. However, it includes a series of policies, which are used to assess the suitability of planning applications in the context of climate change. When determining planning applications, the Council will use the relevant Local Plan policies and guidance documents to embed the climate change agenda.

Considering the scale and nature of the proposed development, especially that it is for private use, it is considered that the proposed development would not have an impact on climate change that needs mitigation to address the climate change emergency. The proposed development would therefore comply with Chapter 14 of the National Planning Policy Framework.

6. Other Matters

Impact upon Ecology

Chapter 15 of the National Planning Policy Framework is relevant, together with The Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 which protect, by law, the habitat and animals of certain species including newts, bats and badgers.

Policy LP30 of the Kirklees Local Plan requires that proposals protect Habitats and Species of Principal Importance. Whilst it is acknowledged that the site is located within an identified bat roosting area, the proposals are relatively modest, and in this case would not impact upon the existing roof space which has the potential for providing a roost for bats. Therefore it is considered unlikely that the proposals would have a significant impact on the bat population. An informative would be included making the applicant aware that if bats are discovered on site during the works, any development shall cease, and the applicant is advised to contact Natural England for advice on how to move forward. Subject to informative the proposal is considered to be acceptable in this regard.

7. Representations

No representations have been received.

8. Conclusion

The NPPF has introduced a presumption in favour of sustainable development. The policies set out in the NPPF taken as a whole constitute the Government's view of what sustainable development means in practice.

This application has been assessed against relevant policies in the development plan and other material considerations. It is considered, the proposed development would constitute sustainable development and is therefore recommended for approval.

Recommendation
PERMISSION

CONDITIONAL FULL

Decision Authorisation: Delegated Powers

Application Number: 2025/91803

Officer Recommendation: Conditional Full Permission

Conditions

1. The development hereby permitted shall be begun within three years of the date of this permission.

Reason: Pursuant to the requirements of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).

1. The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in complete accordance with the plans and specifications schedule listed in this decision notice, except as may be specified in the conditions attached to this permission, which shall in all cases take precedence.

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt as to what is being permitted and to accord with Policies LP01, LP02, LP21, LP22 & LP24 of the Kirklees Local Plan, Principles 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 & 15 of the Council's adopted House Extensions & Alterations Supplementary Planning Document and Policies within Chapters 2, 9, 12 and 14 of the National Planning Policy Framework

2. The external walls and roofing materials of the extension hereby approved shall in all respects match those used in the construction of the existing building.

Reason: In the interests of visual amenity and in accordance with Policies LP01, LP02 & LP24 of the Kirklees Local Plan, Principles 1

and 2 the Council's adopted House Extensions and Alterations Supplementary Planning Document and policies within Chapter 12 of the National Planning Policy Framework.

NOTE: Due to its location, a bat roost may be present on site. Bats are a European protected species under regulation 42 of The Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017. It is an offence for anyone intentionally to kill, injure or handle a bat, disturb a roosting bat, or sell or offer a bat for sale without a licence. It is also an offence to damage, destroy or obstruct access to any place used by bats for shelter, whether they are present or not. If bats are discovered on site development shall cease and the applicant is advised to contact Natural England for advice.

Plans and specifications schedule:-

Plan Type	Reference	Version	Date Received
Location Plan	25/1121/01	-	07/07/2025
Block Plan	25/1121/02	-	07/07/2025
Existing and Proposed Elevations and Floor Plans	25/1121/03	-	07/07/2025
Application Forms	-	-	07/07/2025
Heritage Impact Assessment	-	-	07/07/2025

Pursuant to article 35 (2) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) Order 2015 and guidance in the National Planning Policy Framework, the Local Authority have, where possible, made a pre-application advice service available, complied with the Kirklees Development Management Charter 2024 and otherwise actively engaged with the applicant in dealing with the application. No amendments were sought as it was considered that the proposal was acceptable as submitted.

Report Dated:

14/08/2025
