



FUTURESECOLOGY

Yorkshire Choice Homes

115 Westfield Lane, Wyke

Biodiversity Impact Assessment

Report Reference Number: FE257/BIA01

March 2023

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The following report has been prepared by Futures Ecology Ltd. on behalf of Yorkshire Choice Homes. This summary report presents the results of the Biodiversity Impact Assessment (BIA) calculations using the Biodiversity Metric 3.1 (BM) Calculation Tool produced in respect of proposals for development of land off Westfield Lane, Wyke in West Yorkshire (central grid reference: SE 16018 26234). This has been used to inform the development design with the aim of achieving a net gain post development.

SITE LOCATION AND CONTEXT

- 1.2 The application Site was c. 0.70ha in extent and was situated off Westfield Lane in the south-eastern outskirts of the village of Wyke bordering Scholes, roughly 3.17km west of Cleckheaton and 3.64km north of Brighouse. The site falls within the Kirklees Council district.
- 1.3 The site was comprised of mainly buildings and hardstanding, improved grassland, ornamental planting, and areas of mixed scattered trees associated with an existing residential property and garden. The boundary is made up of fencing and walls on all sides.
- 1.4 The landscape surrounding the site is predominantly residential to the north, east and south-east with open countryside to the west and south-west.

DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS

- 1.5 The site proposals include the demolition of all built structures on site with subsequent vegetation clearance and construction of circa 15 no. residential properties with associated gardens (as per drawing no. 2023-018-001 by DK Designs). Landscaping has also been provided (R/2679/1 by FDA Landscape).

2.0 METHODOLOGY

FIELD SURVEY – HABITATS

Habitat Assessment & Biodiversity Net Gain

- 2.1 An initial Phase 1 Habitat Assessment was undertaken by Futures Ecology on the 11th October 2019, with a Preliminary Ecological Appraisal (PEA) Report produced in February 2020. An updated survey was undertaken on 26th October 2021. An update walkover survey was undertaken on 24th February 2023 to update the baseline and inform the Biodiversity Net Gain assessment.

- 2.2 This information was used to assess the habitats present on site and to fully inform the Biodiversity Impact Assessment (BIA) using the Biodiversity Metric 3.1. This information was used to adequately map the onsite habitats to inform the BIA.
- 2.3 The Site had recently undergone management works which included the removal of several trees and associated understorey species from the garden (introduced shrub) and woodland areas in the north and east of the site, as well as the removal of a line of coniferous trees along the site boundary to the southwest.
- 2.4 A retrospective condition assessment of the woodland based on the site visit in 2021 has been used, and the line of coniferous trees has also been included within the baseline. All other habitats were assessed based on their condition in 2023.
- 2.5 Six trees within the garden (introduced shrub) area (forming G1 and G2), and 14 trees from the woodland area (T1-T14) have not been removed as they were subject to a Tree Preservation Order (TPO). An additional six trees (T15-T20) within the woodland have not been removed.
- 2.6 The six trees within the garden (G1 and G2) have been classified as urban tree habitat within the baseline calculation and will be retained post-development.
- 2.7 The 20 trees within the woodland (T1-T20) have been included as part of the woodland habitat so as not to double count the units they provide.
- 2.8 The retained woodland trees (T1-T20) will be incorporated within the development design. However, given the spacing of the trees and that the understory has been removed, the trees can no longer be considered as woodland and therefore have been classified as created urban tree habitat within the metric with the habitat created in advance years set to the maximum 30 years.

Extended Phase 1 Survey

- 2.9 Survey methodology followed guidance from Joint Nature Conservation Committee (JNCC) 2016¹ comprising a walkover of the survey area mapping (using JNCC standard habitat codes) and broadly describing and classifying the principal habitat types and other features of interest.

Survey Limitations

- 2.10 The Phase 1 habitat surveys conducted in 2019, 2021, and 2023 were undertaken in October and February which are outside the optimal survey period for botanical identification. However, given the nature of the site, it is considered that sufficient information was gathered to enable the accurate determination of the habitats present. Furthermore, it is not considered likely that significant habitats or botanical species will have been missed.

¹ JNCC (2016) *Handbook for Phase1 Habitat Survey – a technique for environmental audit*. ISBN 0 86139 636 7

UK Habitat Classification (UKHab)

- 2.11 A summary of the habitats present on site is provided within the report including UKHab equivalent habitats for the purpose of the Biodiversity Impact Assessment (BIA).

BIODIVERSITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT (BIA)

- 2.12 To quantify deliverable net gain for the application, the baseline value of the habitats within the site have been calculated utilising the Biodiversity Metric 3.1.

3.0 BASELINE ECOLOGY

- 3.1 The baseline habitats are provided on Figure 1. A summary of the habitats present is provided in Table 1 below, including UKHab equivalent habitats for the purpose of the BIA.

Table 1: Summary of Habitats

Phase 1 Habitat Type	UK Hab (from Table G9 of BM 3.1)	Photographs	Brief Description and Conditional Assessment
Buildings	Urban: Developed land; sealed surface		Existing residential dwelling and outbuildings. Condition assessment: N/A
Hardstanding	Urban: Developed land; sealed surface		Hardstanding associated with the building in the north of the Site. Condition assessment: N/A
Ephemeral / short-perennial vegetation	Sparsely vegetated land: Ruderal / Ephemeral		Vegetation on degraded hardstanding of derelict tennis court. Condition assessment: Poor Passes: 3. Fails: 1, 2.

Phase 1 Habitat Type	UK Hab (from Table G9 of BM 3.1)	Photographs	Brief Description and Conditional Assessment
Introduced shrub	Urban: Introduced shrub		Ornamental shrub in garden borders. Condition assessment: N/A
Poor semi-improved grassland	Grassland: Modified grassland		Area of outgrown lawn in the south of the Site. Condition assessment: Poor Passes: 2, 3, 5, 6, 7. Fails: 1, 4.
Scrub – dense / continuous (bramble scrub)	Heathland and shrub: Bramble scrub		Bramble scrub along the Site boundaries and within the poor-semi-improved grassland area. Condition assessment: N/A
Scrub – dense / continuous (mixed scrub)	Heathland and shrub: Mixed scrub		Mixed scrub in the north-western corner of the Site. Condition assessment: Poor Fails: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
Mixed woodland – recently felled	Woodland and forest: Other woodland; mixed	October 2019:  February 2023: 	Mixed non-native and native woodland with lack of diverse ground flora. The majority of trees have been felled, with only 20 trees remaining. Condition assessment: Poor Condition score prior to felling: 24.
Line of coniferous trees – recently felled	Hedge ornamental non-native	October 2019:	Lawson cypress hedge, approximately 5m tall, recently felled.

Phase 1 Habitat Type	UK Hab (from Table G9 of BM 3.1)	Photographs	Brief Description and Conditional Assessment
		 February 2023: 	Condition assessment: Poor
Broadleaved trees	Urban tree		Four Sycamore trees (G1.1, G1.2, G1.3 and G2.3) in Moderate condition. To be retained. Two Lime trees (G2.1 and G2.2) in Good condition. To be retained.

Strategic Significance

- 3.2 The strategic significance of the on-site baseline habitats present was determined by whether the habitats fell within any designated sites, or national habitat networks (as identified using the Multi Agency Geographic Information for the Countryside (MAGIC)²), or within any local sites, the West Yorkshire Wildlife Habitat Network (WHN), the Kirklees Strategic Green Infrastructure (GI) Network, or if it had been identified as any priority habitat, or within in within the Kirklees Council local plan³ (identified from Kirklees Local Plan Policies Map (Sheet 1 - Kirklees North)).
- 3.3 None of the baseline habitats fall within any designated sites, national habitat networks, local sites, the West Yorkshire WHN, the Kirklees Strategic GI Network or have been identified within the Kirklees local plan.

² www.magic.defra.gov.uk

³ Kirklees Council (February 2019) Kirklees Local Plan Strategy and Policies (Adopted 27 February 2019). <https://www.kirklees.gov.uk/beta/planning-policy/local-plan.aspx> Accessed: 02.03.2023.

- 3.4 Therefore, all baseline habitats within the site have been assigned the strategic significance of *'Area/compensation not in local strategy/ no local strategy'*.

Baseline Summary

- 3.5 From the completed BM 3.1, the value of the existing on-site habitats is **1.79 Biodiversity Habitat Units** and **0.04 Hedgerow Units** (see Appendix A).

4.0 BIODIVERSITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

- 4.1 In accordance with NPPF (2021⁴) and The Environment Act (2021⁵), as well as Policy LP30 of the Kirklees Council Local Plan the aim is to generate a 10% net gain for biodiversity.
- 4.2 Figure 2 outlines the habitat areas post development across the site. The proposed habitats are based on the Landscape Masterplan produced by FDA Landscape (R/2679/1).

Retained Habitats

- 4.3 Given the size of the Site and the extent of the development, it is assumed that all on-site baseline habitats will be lost with the exception of six trees (G1 and G2). The 20 trees originally within woodland habitat (T1-T20) are considered as created urban tree habitat (see created habitat section) for the purpose of the metric as outlined in Paragraphs 2.3 – 2.8.
- 4.4 The six trees that will be retained include four sycamore trees and two lime trees. These trees have TPOs and will fall within garden property post development.

Created Habitats

- 4.5 New habitat creation will include 15 residential dwellings with associated gardens and drives as well as road infrastructure including some verges planted up with introduced shrub. There will be 12 small urban trees planted within the gardens as well as c. 900m of beech hedge along some garden boundaries. A small area of native mixed scrub will be included in the south of the Site.
- 4.6 The residential gardens fall outside the control of the applicant and so the long-term management of these habitats will be the responsibility of the landowners. This has been considered within the BNG calculation by assigning all residential gardens including planted trees to a 'poor condition'.
- 4.7 The development will retain and incorporate 20 trees that were previously part of the woodland (T1-T20). For the purpose of the metric these trees are considered as created urban tree habitat with habitat created in advanced years set at the maximum 30 years (as outlined in Paragraphs 2.3 – 2.8). The area of habitat created is based on the Root

⁴ Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (July 2021). National Planning Policy Framework. London

⁵ <https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2021/30/contents/enacted>

Protection Areas (RPA) provided in the Arb report. Overlapping RPAs were merged in order to avoid double counting the habitat value provided.

- 4.8 The development will also widen a Public Right of Way (PRoW) footpath (Artificial unvegetated, unsealed surface) along the east and south of the site.

Post Development Summary

- 4.9 Post development, the on-site habitat retention and creation (Figure 2) with long-term management (for a minimum of 30 years) will achieve **1.51 Biodiversity Habitat Units** and **0.09 Hedgerow Units**, which is a total net unit change of **-0.29 Biodiversity Habitat Units** and **+0.04 Hedgerow Units**. This equates to a **-16.05% net loss in Biodiversity Habitat Units** and a **+97.37% net gain in Hedgerow Units**.
- 4.10 The Site does not satisfy the trading rules. The medium distinctiveness rule has not been met which requires habitat unit loss to be addressed by providing habitat units from the 'same broad habitat or a higher distinctiveness habitat'. This rule was not satisfied due to the loss of woodland and mixed scrub habitats.
- 4.11 The above calculation does not account for the following additional enhancement measures that will be provided within the development as these cannot be quantified using the Natural England BM calculator. The inclusion of the following biodiversity enhancements with what has already been outlined above would be considered a benefit to biodiversity.
- Provision of bat and bird boxes throughout the site;
 - Installation of gaps for hedgehogs within boundary treatments;
 - Amenity grassland lawn areas (within gardens of the residential properties) to be seeded with a flowering lawn mix such as Emorsgate EL1. The species diversity and flowers will improve the value of the habitat to invertebrates.
- 4.12 As the development proposals cannot deliver a net gain on-site in habitat units, there is a requirement to secure a net gain via an alternative mechanism. This could include a combination of the following:
- Utilising off-site land under the control of the applicant to deliver the off-site requirement. The land should ideally be located in a strategic ecologically beneficial location.
 - A Biodiversity Credit is calculated based on the Biodiversity Units required for the LPA or another third-party Habitat Bank (to be approved by the LPA) to take on responsibility to deliver the Net gain for biodiversity.⁶

⁶<https://www.leeds.gov.uk/planning/conservation-protection-and-heritage/achieving-net-gain-in-biodiversity-guidance-for-developers>

APPENDIX A: NATURAL ENGLAND BIODIVERSITY METRIC 3.1 (BM)



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Key

Red Line Boundary

Baseline Habitats

- Buildings
[Urban: Developed land; sealed surface]
- Hardstanding
[Urban: Developed land; sealed surface]
- Introduced shrub
[Urban: Introduced scrub]
- Cultivated/disturbed land - Ephemeral/short perennial
[Sparsely vegetated land: Ruderal/Ephemeral]
- SI
Poor semi-improved grassland
[Grassland: Modified grassland]
- Scrub - dense/continuous
[Heathland and shrub: Mixed scrub]
- Scrub - dense/continuous
[Heathland and shrub: Bramble scrub]
- Mixed woodland
[Woodland and forest: Other woodland; mixed]
- Coniferous trees
[Line of Trees]
- Wall
- Dry stone wall
- Fence
- Broadleaved tree

Note: The site has been managed with the removal of the row of coniferous trees to the southwest and the clearance of the woodland to the east (with the exception of 20 trees (T1-T20)). The site had been visited on previous occasions in 2019 and 2021, therefore, the habitat type and conditions from these visits have been applied for the purpose of the BNG assessment.

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Client: Yorkshire Choice Homes
Project: 115 Westfield Lane, Wyke
Title: Figure 1 - Baseline Habitat Plan

Plan Reference: FE257_01
Project Reference: FE257
Report Reference: BIA01

Author: JH
Date: 17/3/2023
Scale: 1:500





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Key

Red Line Boundary

Proposed Habitats

- Buildings
[Urban: Developed land; sealed surface]
- Hardstanding
[Urban: Developed land; sealed surface]
- Footpath
[Urban: Artificial unvegetated, unsealed surface]
- Gardens (lawn and planting)
[Urban: vegetated garden]
- Introduced shrub
[Urban: Introduced scrub]
- Scrub - dense/continuous
[Heathland and shrub: Mixed scrub]
- Hedges: Introduced shrub
[Hedge Ornamental Non Native]
- Small urban tree
- Retained tree (TPO)
- Retained tree (non-TPO)

0 10 20 m

Client: Yorkshire Choice Homes
Project: 115 Westfield Lane, Wyke
Title: Figure 2 - Proposed Habitat Plan

Plan Reference: FE257_02
Project Reference: FE257
Report Reference: BIA01

Author: JH
Date: 17/3/2023
Scale: 1:500



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