Somerled Macdonald BSc (Hons), MSc
Graduate Ecologist
somerledmacdonald@arbtech.co.uk
Arbtech Consulting Ltd
arbtech.co.uk

Biodiversity Net Gain Assessment

Site Address:

Land off Blackmoorfoot Road and Felks Stile Road, Huddersfield, HD4 7AE

Client:

LNT Care Developments

Assessment Date:

10th June 2026

Project:

This report is prepared to inform a planning application with the Kirklees Council**.** The proposal is described as:

the development of a care home and associated landscaping.

BNG assessment methodology and legislation can be found in the Arbtech Supplement: **BNG Methodology and Legislation – 2025.**

The results and recommendations contained within this report are valid for 18 months. An updated site visit and BNG assessment may be required if the report is to be used any longer than 18 months after completion.

Site Location and Context

A baseline habitat map is provided in **Appendix 1**, a post development habitat map in **Appendix 2**, a proposed development plan in **Appendix 3**, headline BNG results in **Appendix 4**, and condition assessments in **Appendix 5**.

The Site is located on grid reference: SE 11370 14757 and has a total of circa 0.77 ha. It comprises a field of modified grassland. The site is located north of Blackmoorfoot Road and east of Felks Stile Road.

This report should be read in conjunction with the following documents:

- Statutory BNG Metric - Land off Blackmoorfoot Road and Felks Stile Road, HD4 7AE – v1 (Arbtech Consulting Ltd., 2026)
- Proposed Plan (Mood landscape, 2026)
- Biodiversity Net Gain Assessment (BNG) Part 1 - Land off Blackmoorfoot Road and Felks Stile Road, HD4 7AE (Tyler Grange., 2024)
- Arboricultural Impact Assessment (AIA) - Land off Blackmoorfoot Road and Felks Stile Road, HD4 7AE (Tyler Grange., 2020)

Executive Summary

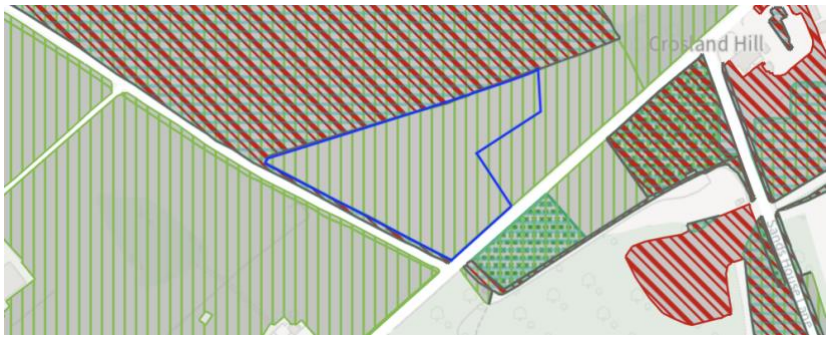
- The baseline value for area-based habitats is **1.54**, comprising of 1.54 units of modified grassland.

- The post-development value for area-based habitats is **2.62**, comprising 0 (no value) units of proposed developed land; sealed surface (both buildings and hardstanding, 0.08 units of proposed introduced shrubs, 0.65 units of proposed modified grassland, 1.18 units of proposed other neutral grassland, 0.24 units of proposed mixed scrub and 0.47 units of proposed rural tree.
- The post-development value for linear-based habitats is **1.30**, comprising 1.14 units of proposed native hedgerow and 0.16 units of proposed non-native ornamental hedgerow.

- The site generates a **+70.44%** net loss for area-based habitats and an increase in linear-based units on site. However, the net gain for the latter could not be calculated as there are 0 baseline units for linear-based habitats.

Introduction

BNG Informative		
Habitat Degradation Statement	Date reflected by BNG calculations	4th September 2026
	The baseline biodiversity value of the site is derived from the site as described within the BNG part 1 assessment and updated walkover (Tyler Grange, 2024). The walkover (Tyler Grange, 2024) carried out in 2024 was surveyed before any degradation took place, as shown below in the in the screenshots of satellite imagery obtained from Google Earth dated 15th May 2019 and 19th March 2025. As a result, the baseline habitat of this site, which has also been accepted as part of the planning application, is modified grassland in poor condition.  
Irreplaceable Habitat Statement	No irreplaceable habitats as listed under the Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Irreplaceable Habitat) Regulations (2024) are currently present nor were present before 30th January 2020.	
Metric Version & Publication Date	Statutory Biodiversity Metric Calculation Tool first published 29th November 2023 with last updates to metric tools and user guides on 3rd July 2025.	
BNG Target Uplift	+10%	

National Character Area (NCA)	37 - Yorkshire Southern Pennine Fringe	
Strategic Significance	The strategic significance of habitats within the baseline assessment has been determined in accordance with the BNG Metric User Guide (Updated, July 2025)[1] and the published West Yorkshire Local Nature Recovery Strategy[2] According the LNRS interactive map[3], the application site falls within an **ACB – Areas that could become of particular importance for Biodiversity**. This zone is mapped as part of Nottinghamshire's Local Habitat Map and has been identified as having the potential to contribute to local nature recovery. The following priority and preferred actions relevant to the site have been listed below: • **Measure G1_M02: Enhance the biodiversity of existing species-rich grasslands and small fens** particularly where they support rare or diverse grassland fungal communities that can be of international and national significance. Minimise ongoing use of pesticides and fertilisers to ensure habitats are well used by wildlife. Bring more unmanaged acid grassland into favourable management as a priority (creating new habitats will take time).	 *Figure 3a: The application site's location (within the blue square) within the LNRS interactive map.*

[1] https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/689c5ee17b2e384441636196/The_Statutory_Biodiversity_Metric_-_User_Guide_-_July_2025.pdf
[2] https://www.westyorks-ca.gov.uk/place/environment-and-regeneration/restoring-nature/?tabindex=1
[3] https://experience.arcgis.com/experience/b7f3b8fb2c9a4bca9f3d7b29e741ce03/page/LNRS-Map

Limitations
The site's baseline habitats and conditions were assessed in line with the Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) Part 1 assessment and updated walkover provided by Tyler Grange, 2024 despite evidence of habitat degradation in 2025.

Baseline

Baseline Biodiversity Value: On-Site				
Area-Based Habitats (A-1)				
Habitat	**Area (ha)**	**Description**	**Condition Assessment**	**Strategic Significance**
Modified grassland	0.77	The totality of the site is made up of modified grassland. For more details please see the Biodiversity Net Gain Assessment (BNG) Part 1 - Land off Blackmoorfoot Road and Felks Stile Road, HD4 7AE (Tyler Grange., 2024).	***Poor.*** *Passes 6 out of 7 criteria, excluding essential criterion A.* assessed using 'Grasslands Low Distinctiveness' habitat type condition sheet.	**Low** Strategic Significance

Post-Development

Post-Development Biodiversity Value: On-Site					
Area-Based Habitats					
	Habitat	**Area (ha)**	**Description**	**Condition Assessment**	**Strategic Significance**
Created (A-2)	Developed land; sealed surface – buildings	0.127	New care home and outbuildings to be built.	Habitat condition pre-determined as '***N/A***' as detailed within the Statutory Biodiversity Condition Assessment Supplement.	**Low** Strategic Significance
	Developed land; sealed surface – hardstanding	0.19723	New parking spaces, footpaths and walls associated with the new care home.	Habitat condition pre-determined as '***N/A***' as detailed within the Statutory Biodiversity Condition Assessment Supplement.	**Low** Strategic Significance
	Introduced shrubs	0.0436	Introduced shrubs to be planted throughout the site. Please see **Appendix 3** for the species list.	Habitat condition pre-determined as '***N/A***' as detailed within the Statutory Biodiversity Condition Assessment Supplement.	**Low** Strategic Significance
	Modified grassland	0.18727	Amenity grassland to be planted in the vicinity of the site. Please see **Appendix 3** for the species list.	***Moderate.*** *Passes 5 out of 7 criteria, including essential criterion A.* assessed using 'Grasslands Low Distinctiveness' habitat type condition sheet.	**Low** Strategic Significance
	Other neutral grassland	0.176	New parcel of other neutral grassland to be planted on the southeastern and southern boundary of the site. Please see **Appendix 3** for the species list.	***Moderate:*** *passes 4 out of 6 criteria, including essential criteria A.* assessed using 'Grasslands Medium/High/Very High Distinctiveness' habitat type condition sheet.	**Low** Strategic Significance
	Mixed scrub	0.03583	Parcels of mixed scrub to be planted throughout the site. Please see **Appendix 3** for the species list.	***Moderate:*** *passes 4 out of 5 criteria.*	**Low** Strategic Significance

				assessed using 'Scrub' habitat type condition sheet.	
	Rural trees	0.1547	38 new trees to be planted throughout the site. Please see **Appendix 3** for the species list.	***Moderate:*** *passes 3 out of 6 criteria.* All new planted trees. assessed using 'Individual Trees' habitat type condition sheet.	**Low** Strategic Significance

Post-Development Biodiversity Value: On-Site					
Linear-Based Habitats					
	Habitat	**Length (km)**	**Description**	**Condition Assessment**	**Strategic Significance**
Created (B-2)	Native hedgerow	0.34199	New native hedgerows to be planted throughout the site. Please see **Appendix 3** for the species list.	***Good****: only fails 2 out of 8 criteria.* assessed using 'Hedgerow' habitat type condition sheet:	**Low** Strategic Significance
	Non-native ornamental hedgerow	0.16164	New non-native ornamental hedgerows to be planted throughout the site. Please see **Appendix 3** for the species list.	Habitat condition pre-determined as '**Poor**' as detailed within the Statutory Biodiversity Condition Assessment Supplement.	**Low** Strategic Significance

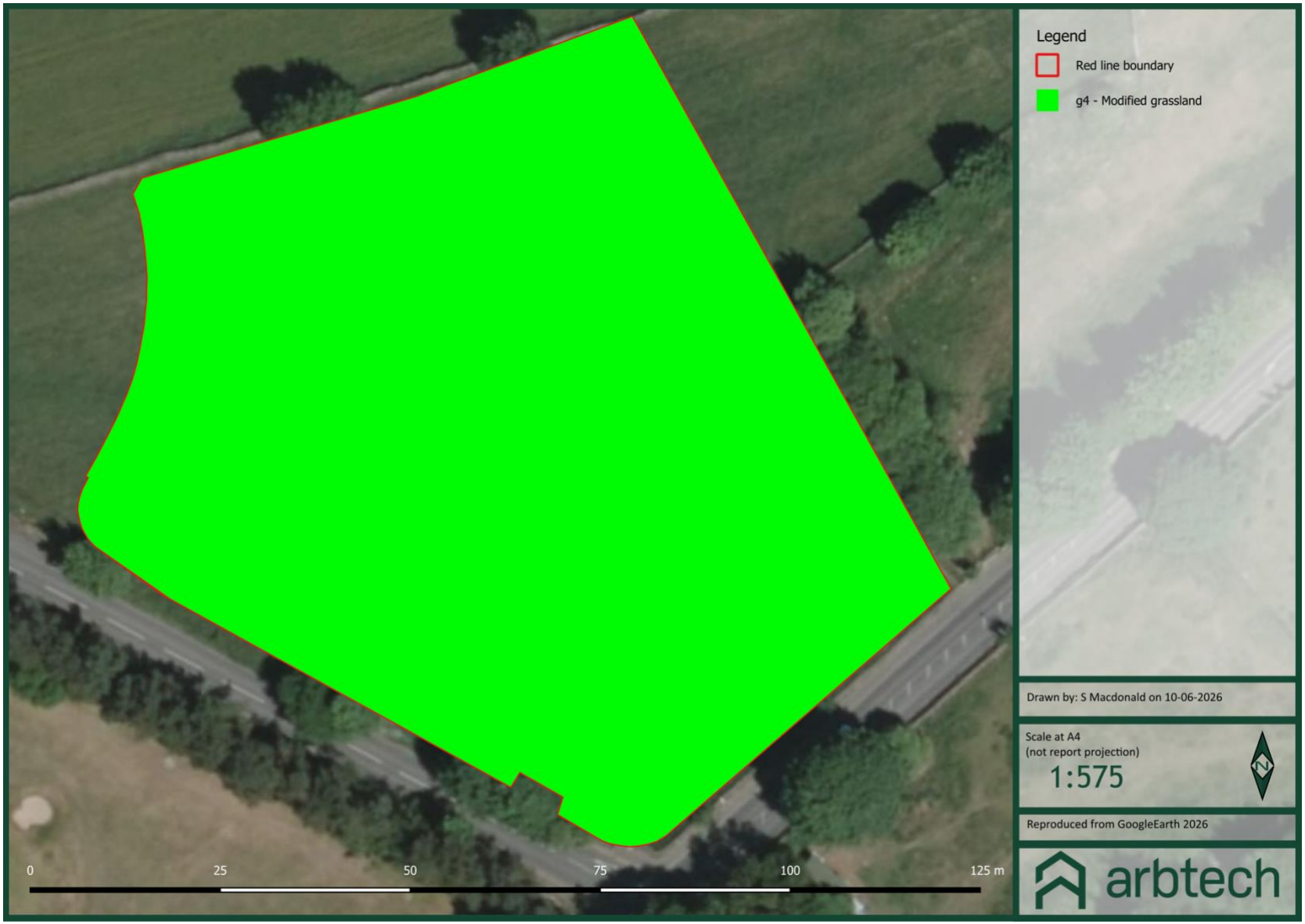
Change of Biodiversity Value

		Biodiversity Units		
		Area-Based	**Linear-Based**	**Watercourse-Based**
On-Site	Baseline	• Modified grassland: 1.54 Overall: 1.54	N/A	N/A
	Post-Development	• Proposed developed land; sealed surface (both buildings and hardstanding): 0 • Proposed introduced shrubs: 0.08 • Proposed modified grassland: 0.65 • Proposed other neutral grassland: 1.18 • Proposed mixed scrub: 0.24 • Proposed rural tree: 0.47 Overall: 2.62	• Native hedgerow: 1.14 • Non-native ornamental hedgerow: 0.16 Overall: 1.30	N/A
	Net Change	**+1.08 (+70.44%)**	**+1.30 (0 baseline units % cannot be calculated)**	**N/A**

Results, Discussion, and Next Steps

BNG Informative	
Results and Next Steps	The current landscaping proposal generates a net gain of area-based habitat units (+70.44%) and an increase of linear-based units (no baseline units so % cannot be calculated) with met trading rules. As such, the proposed development is compliant with current legislation (Environment Act 2021) and planning policies (National Planning Policy Framework, 2024; Kirklees Local Plan, 2019) as a minimum biodiversity net gain of +10% was achieved for both area- and linear-based habitat units. All trading conditions have been satisfied. A Biodiversity Gain Plan (BGP) and Habitat Management and Monitoring Plan (HMMP) must be produced for the site. This should include recommendations for the implementation, management and monitoring of the site for at least 30 years to ensure that biodiversity net gain is delivered.
BNG Mitigation Hierarchy	
Avoidance	N/A
Minimisation	
Mitigation	Planting of parcels of introduced shrubs, modified grassland, other neutral grassland, mixed scrub and 38 rural trees to offset baseline loss of modified grassland.
Offset	N/A

Appendix 1: Baseline Habitat Plan



Appendix 2: Post-Development Habitat Plan



Appendix 3: Proposed Development Plan



Appendix 4: Headline BNG Results

FINAL RESULTS			
Total net unit change (Including all on-site & off-site habitat retention, creation & enhancement)	*Area habitat units*	1.08	
	Hedgerow units	1.30	
	Watercourse units	0.00	
Total net % change (Including all on-site & off-site habitat retention, creation & enhancement)	*Area habitat units*	70.44%	
	Hedgerow units	N/A	0 baseline units - % cannot be calculated
	Watercourse units	0.00%	
Trading rules satisfied?	Yes ✓		

Unit Type	Target	Baseline Units	Units Required	Unit Deficit	
Area habitat units	10.00%	1.54	1.69	0.00	No additional area habitat units required to meet target ✓
Hedgerow units	10.00%	0.00	0.00	0.00	No additional hedgerow units required to meet target ✓
Watercourse units	10.00%	0.00	0.00	0.00	No additional watercourse units required to meet target ✓

Appendix 5a: Baseline Habitat Condition Assessment Sheets

Modified Grassland; assessed using 'Grasslands Low Distinctiveness' habitat type condition sheet:

Condition Assessment Criteria:		Condition passed (Yes or No)	Notes/Justification
A	There must be 6-8 vascular plant species per m^2, including at least 2 forbs. **Note – this criterion is essential for achieving moderate condition.**	N	Species composition of seed mixes suggests there will likely be 6 or more vascular plant species per m^2.
B	Sward height is varied (at least 20% of the sward is less than 7 cm and at least 20% is more than 7 cm) creating microclimates which provide opportunities for vertebrates and invertebrates to live and breed.	Y	Sward height is varied.
C	Some scattered scrub (including bramble) may be present, but scrub accounts for less than 20% of total grassland area. Note - patches of shrubs with continuous (more than 90%) cover should be classified as the relevant scrub habitat type.	Y	Scattered scrub present but accounts for less than 20% coverage.
D	Physical damage is evident in less than 5% of total grassland area. Examples of physical damage include excessive poaching, damage from machinery use or storage, erosion caused by high levels of access, or any other damaging management activities.	Y	Physical damage is evident in less than 5% of the total grassland area.
E	Cover of bare ground is between 1% and 10%, including localised areas (for example, a concentration of rabbit warrens).	Y	Bare ground cover anticipated to be between 1% and 10%.
F	Cover of bracken less than 20%.	Y	No bracken anticipated.
G	There is an absence of invasive non-native species (as listed on Schedule 9 of WCA, 1981).	Y	Absence of invasive species.
		Essential criterion achieved (Y/N)	Y
		Number of criteria passed	5

Condition Assessment Result	Condition Assessment Score	Score Achieved ✓
Passes 6 or 7 of 7 criteria including passing essential criterion A	Good (3)	
Passes 4 or 5 of 7 criteria including passing essential criterion A	Moderate (2)	
Passes 0, 1, 2 or 3 of 7 criteria; OR 4, 5 or 6 of criteria but failing criterion A	Poor (1)	✓

Appendix 5b: Post-Development Habitat Condition Assessment Sheets

Modified Grassland; assessed using 'Grasslands Low Distinctiveness' habitat type condition sheet: **proposed**

Condition Assessment Criteria:		Condition passed (Yes or No)	Notes/Justification
A	There must be 6-8 vascular plant species per m^2, including at least 2 forbs. **Note – this criterion is essential for achieving moderate condition.**	Y	Species composition of seed mixes suggests there will likely be 6 or more vascular plant species per m^2.
B	Sward height is varied (at least 20% of the sward is less than 7 cm and at least 20% is more than 7 cm) creating microclimates which provide opportunities for vertebrates and invertebrates to live and breed.	N	This parcel will likely regularly be mown and walked upon by the residents.
C	Some scattered scrub (including bramble) may be present, but scrub accounts for less than 20% of total grassland area. Note - patches of shrubs with continuous (more than 90%) cover should be classified as the relevant scrub habitat type.	Y	Scattered scrub present but accounts for less than 20% coverage.
D	Physical damage is evident in less than 5% of total grassland area. Examples of physical damage include excessive poaching, damage from machinery use or storage, erosion caused by high levels of access, or any other damaging management activities.	N	This parcel will likely regularly be mown and walked upon by the residents.
E	Cover of bare ground is between 1% and 10%, including localised areas (for example, a concentration of rabbit warrens).	Y	Bare ground cover anticipated to be between 1% and 10%.
F	Cover of bracken less than 20%.	Y	No bracken anticipated.
G	There is an absence of invasive non-native species (as listed on Schedule 9 of WCA, 1981).	Y	Absence of invasive species.
		Essential criterion achieved (Y/N)	Y
		Number of criteria passed	5

Condition Assessment Result	Condition Assessment Score	Score Achieved ✓
Passes 6 or 7 of 7 criteria including passing essential criterion A	Good (3)	
Passes 4 or 5 of 7 criteria including passing essential criterion A	Moderate (2)	✓
Passes 0, 1, 2 or 3 of 7 criteria; OR 4, 5 or 6 of criteria but failing criterion A	Poor (1)	

Other neutral Grassland; assessed using 'Grasslands Medium/High/Very High Distinctiveness' habitat type condition sheet: **proposed**

Condition Assessment Criteria		Criterion passed (Yes or No)	Notes/Justification
A	The parcel represents a good example of its habitat type, with a consistently high proportion of characteristic indicator species present relative to the specific habitat type. **Note – this criterion is essential for achieving moderate or good condition for non-acid grassland types only.**	Y	Species composition of proposed seed mixes closely resembles definition of g3c 'other neutral grassland'.
B	Sward height is varied (at least 20% of the sward is less than 7cm and at least 20% is more than 7cm) creating microclimates which provide opportunities for insects, birds and small mammals to live and breed.	Y	Varied sward height of such specifications anticipated.
C	Cover of bare ground is between 1% and 5%, including localised areas, for example, rabbit warrens.	N	Cover of bare ground anticipated to be between 1 and 5%.
D	Cover of bracken *Pteridium aquilinum* is less than 20% and cover of scrub (including bramble *Rubus fruticosus* agg.) is less than 5%.	Y	Management anticipated to control bracken cover, if present.
E	Combined cover of species indicative of sub-optimal condition and physical damage (such as excessive poaching, damage from machinery use or storage, damaging levels of access, or any other damaging management activities) accounts for less than 5% of total area. If any invasive non-native plant species (as listed on Schedule 9 of WCA) are present, this criterion is automatically failed.	N	Physical damage anticipated to exceed 5% of total area as it will likely be managed to a certain degree. No invasives anticipated.
Additional Criterion - must be assessed for all non-acid grassland types			
F	There are 10 or more vascular plant species per m^2 present, including forbs that are characteristic of the habitat type (species referenced in Footnote 2 and 4 cannot contribute towards this count). **Note – this criterion is essential for achieving good condition for non-acid grassland types only.**	N	Species composition of seed mixes suggests there will be less than 10 or more vascular plant species per m^2.
	Essential criterion for good condition achieved (for non-acid grassland) (Yes or No)	Y	
	Number of criteria passed	4	

Condition Assessment Result	Condition Assessment Score	Score Achieved ✓
Non-acid grassland types (result out of 6 criteria)		
Passes 5 or 6 criteria, including essential criterion A and additional criterion F	Good (3)	
Passes 3 - 5 criteria, including essential criterion A	Moderate (2)	✓
Passes 2 or fewer criteria OR Passes 3 or 4 criteria excluding criterion A and F	Poor (1)	

Mixed scrub; assessed using 'Scrub' habitat type condition sheet: **proposed**

Condition Assessment Criteria		Criterion passed (Yes or No)	Notes/Justification
A	The scrub is a good representation of the habitat type it has been identified as, based on its UKHab description (where in its natural range). The appearance and composition of the vegetation closely matches the characteristics of the specific scrub type. At least 80% of scrub is native, and there are at least three native woody species, with no single species comprising more than 75% of the cover (except hazel *Corylus avellana*, common juniper *Juniperus communis*, sea buckthorn *Hippophae rhamnoides* or box *Buxus sempervirens*, which can be up to 100% cover).	Y	Proposed species closely matches the characteristics of the specific scrub type (mixed scrub), with at least 80% native scrubs, three native woody species, and no dominant species.
B	Seedlings, saplings, young shrubs and mature (or ancient or veteran) shrubs are all present.	Y	Management anticipated to maintain a balance of all age classes.
C	There is an absence of invasive non-native plant species (as listed on Schedule 9 of WCA) and species indicative of sub-optimal condition make up less than 5% of ground cover.	Y	Management anticipated to remove non-native invasive species.
D	The scrub has a well-developed edge with scattered scrub and tall grassland and or forbs present between the scrub and adjacent habitat.	Y	Management anticipated to maintain a well-developed edge. Adjacent habitat proposed to be modified grasslands of good condition.
E	There are clearings, glades or rides present within the scrub, providing sheltered edges.	N	Limited space available to plant the scrub with open areas.
		Number of criteria passed	4

Condition Assessment Result (out of 5 criteria)	Condition Assessment Score	Score Achieved ✓
Passes 5 criteria	Good (3)	
Passes 3 or 4 criteria	Moderate (2)	✓
Passes 2 or fewer criteria	Poor (1)	

Rural Trees; assessed using 'Individual Trees' habitat type condition sheet: **proposed**

Condition Assessment Criteria		Condition Achieved (Y/N)	Notes/Justification
A	The tree is a native species (or more than 70% within the block are native species).	Y	Trees will be native.
B	The tree canopy is predominantly continuous, with gaps in canopy cover making up <10% of total area and no individual gap being >5 m wide (individual trees automatically pass this criterion).	Y	All trees are individual trees and thus automatically pass this criterion.
C	The tree is mature (or more than 50% within the block are mature).	N	Trees are not mature
D	There is little or no evidence of an adverse impact on tree health by anthropogenic activities such as vandalism or herbicide use. There is no current regular pruning regime, so the trees retain >75% of expected canopy for their age range and height.	N	Trees will likely be subject to a pruning regime
E	Natural Ecological niches for vertebrates and invertebrates are present, such as presence of deadwood, cavities, ivy or loose bark.	N	None will be present as these will be newly planted trees,
F	More than 20% of the tree canopy area is oversailing vegetation beneath.	Y	More than 20% of the tree canopy area will have vegetation underneath.
		Number of criteria passed	3

Condition Assessment Result	Condition Assessment Score	Score Achieved ✓
Passes 5 or 6 of 6 criteria	Good (3)	
Passes 3 or 4 of 6 criteria	Moderate (2)	✓
Passes 0, 1 or 2 of 6 criteria	Poor (1)	

Native Hedgerow; assessed using 'Hedgerow' habitat type condition sheet: **proposed**

Hedgerow favourable condition attributes				
Attributes and functional groupings (A, B, C, & D)	**Criteria (the minimum requirements for 'favourable condition'**	**Description**	**Criterion passed (Yes or No)**	**Notes/Justification**
A1. Height	>1.5 m average along length	The average height of woody growth estimated from base of stem to the top of shoots, excluding any bank beneath the hedgerow, any gaps or isolated trees. Newly laid or coppiced hedgerows are indicative of good management and pass this criterion for up to a maximum of four years (if undertaken according to good practice). A newly planted hedgerow does not pass this criterion (unless it is > 1.5 m height).	Y	Hedgerow will average > 1.5m in height.
A2. Width	>1.5 m average along length	The average width of woody growth estimated at the widest point of the canopy, excluding gaps and isolated trees. Outgrowths (e.g. blackthorn suckers) are only included in the width estimate when they >0.5 m in height. Laid, coppiced, cut and newly planted hedgerows are indicative of good management and pass this criterion for up to a maximum of four years (if undertaken according to good practice).	Y	Hedgerow will average > 1.5m in width.
B1. Gap – hedge base	Gap between ground and base of canopy <0.5 m for >90% of length	This is the vertical 'gappiness' of the woody component of the hedgerow, and its distance from the ground to the lowest leafy growth. Certain exceptions to this criterion are acceptable (see page 65 of the Hedgerow Survey Handbook).	Y	No gaps between the ground and base will be present.
B2. Gap – hedge canopy continuity	Gaps make up <10% of total length and No canopy gaps >5 m	This is the horizontal 'gappiness' of the woody component of the hedgerow. Gaps are complete breaks in the woody canopy (no matter how small). Access points and gates contribute to the overall 'gappiness', but are not subject to the >5 m criterion (as this is the typical size of a gate).	Y	No canopy gaps.

C1.	Undisturbed ground and perennial vegetation	>1 m width of undisturbed ground with perennial herbaceous vegetation for >90% of length: - measured from outer edge of hedgerow, and - is present on one side of the hedge (at least)	This is the level of disturbance (excluding wildlife disturbance) at the base of the hedge. Undisturbed ground should be present for at least 90% of the hedgerow length, greater than 1m in width and must be present along at least one side of the hedge. This criterion recognises the value of the hedge base as a boundary habitat with the capacity to support a wide range of species. Cultivation, heavily trodden footpaths, poached ground etc. can limit available habitat niches.	Y	At least one side of the hedge has >1m of undisturbed ground with perennial herbaceous vegetation for >90% of length.
C2.	Undesirable perennial vegetation	Plant species indicative of nutrient enrichment of soils dominate <20% cover of the area of undisturbed ground	The indicator species used are nettles (*Urtica* spp.), cleavers (*Galium aparine*) and docks (*Rumex* spp.). Their presence, either singly or together, should not exceed the 20% cover threshold.	N	High abundance of cleavers in understorey (>20%) is likely as the hedgerow will be located adjacent to a parcel of modified grassland and other neutral grassland.
D1.	Invasive and neophyte species	>90% of the hedgerow and undisturbed ground is free of invasive non-native and recently introduced species	Recently introduced species refer to plant that have naturalised in the UK since AD 1500 (neophytes). Archaeophytes count as natives.	Y	No invasives will be present.
D2.	Current damage	>90% of the hedgerow or undisturbed ground is free of damage caused by human activities	This criterion addresses damaging activities that may have led to or lead to deterioration in other attributes. This could include evidence of pollution, piles of manure or rubble, or inappropriate management practices (e.g. excessive hedge cutting).	N	<90% of hedgerow and understorey will free of damage caused by human activities due to potential pruning and cutting regimes.

Condition categories for hedgerows without trees		
Category	**Maximum number of attributes that can fail to meet 'favourable condition' criteria in Table TS1-2**	**Weighting (score)**
Good	No more than 2 failures in total AND No more than 1 failure in any functional group	3

Moderate	No more than 4 failures in total AND Does not fail both attributes in more than one functional group (e.g., fails attributes A1, A2, B1, and C2 = moderate condition)	2	
Poor	Fails a total of more than 4 attributes OR Fails both attributes in more than one functional group (e.g. fails attributes A1, A2, B1, and B2 = poor condition)	1	
Score achieved:	Good		

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Version control			
Status	**Issue**	**Name**	**Date**
Draft	0.1	Somerled Macdonald BSc (Hons), MSc – Graduate Ecologist	10/06/2026
Proof	0.2	Harry Brindle BSc (Hons) – Consultant Ecologist	10/06/2026
Final	0.3	Somerled Macdonald BSc (Hons), MSc – Graduate Ecologist	10/06/2026
Amended	1.0	Somerled Macdonald BSc (Hons), MSc – Graduate Ecologist	04/09/2026