

26th February 2024

File Note: BNGat Formerly the Deighton Centre, Deighton Road, Huddersfield HD2 1JP

Ref: Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) version 4.0 reporting file note

Site address: Formerly the Deighton Centre, Deighton Road, Huddersfield HD2 1JP

National Grid Reference: Centred on SE 1591 1956

Site area: 1.97765ha BNG area assessed.

**Recipients:** Frank Shaw Associates

### Record of activity

### Background

Arbtech consulting Ltd were instructed by Frank Shaw Associates o undertake a Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) evaluation of a development on the site, subject to a planning application with Kirkless Council for:

• The construction of a school.

### Purpose of survey

The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) makes it clear (para 170) that "Planning policies and decisions should contribute to and enhance the natural and local environment by; minimising impacts on and providing net gains for biodiversity, including by establishing coherent ecological networks that are more resilient to current and future pressures".

Paragraph 174 requires the promotion of "the conservation, restoration and enhancement of priority habitats, ecological networks and the protection and recovery of priority species; and identify and pursue opportunities for securing measurable net gains for biodiversity".

Proposals for net gain should be clearly recorded and reported through use of an appropriate metric such as the DEFRA Biodiversity Metric 4.0. Natural England advise that any net gain should be fully secured and funded for the lifetime of the development.

BNG Formerly the Deighton Centre HD2 1JP

Therefore, the purpose of this survey report is to provide an evaluation of the proposed plans

compared to the ecological baseline, and to report any net gain (or loss) to biodiversity using

the DEFRA Biodiversity Metric 4.0 scheme.

> Surveyor and date of survey

This survey report was carried out by Craig Williams, BSc (Hons), MSc, DIC, MRSB of Arbtech

Consulting Ltd. iteratively, with the latest version on 26th February 2024. A previous

preliminary ecological appraisal (PEA) is used as the ecological baseline and was carried out

on 1st November 2022. The baseline habitat map and the current proposed soft landscaping

plans are fond in appendix 1 and 2.

**Summary findings** 

> The full results of the metric are included in the excel file:

Biodiversity Metric 4.0 (Former Deighton Centre, HD2 1JP) v3.2

This highlights that the current change in the biodiversity habitat metric is:

• +33.25% in habitat units

• +100% in linear units (default when the baseline is 0)

The results indicate a net gain in habitat area units (1.26 units), and a net gain in linear units

(0.36 units). This is mainly contributed to replacement of part of the baseline grassland and

some woodland and scrub areas with the proposed school site of buildings, sealed and

permeable surfaces, ornamental planting and grass areas, but compensated for with

enhanced retained woodland condition on site, native scrub planting, proposed trees and the

proposed planting of new hedgerows. Relevant enhanced/created habitat condition

requirements are outlined below:

Enhanced broadleaved woodland (poor to moderate condition)

0.31907ha on site (within redline).

Total scores of at least 26 up to 32 from the below matrix

		Good (3 points)	Moderate (2 points)	Poor (1 point)
A	Age distribution of trees	Three age-classes <sup>1</sup> present.	Two age-classes <sup>1</sup> present.	One age-class¹ present.
В	Wild, domestic and feral herbivore damage	No significant browsing damage evident in woodland <sup>2</sup> .	Evidence of significant browsing pressure is present in 40% or less of whole woodland <sup>2</sup> .	Evidence of significant browsing pressure is present in 40% or more of whole woodland <sup>2</sup> .
С	Invasive plant species	No invasive species <sup>3</sup> present in woodland.	Rhododendron  Rhododendron  ponticum or cherry  laurel Prunus  laurocerasus not  present, other invasive  species³ <10% cover.	Rhododendron or cherry laurel present, or other invasive species <sup>3</sup> >10% cover.
D	Number of native tree species	Five or more native tree or shrub species <sup>4</sup> found across woodland parcel.	Three to four native tree or shrub species <sup>4</sup> found across woodland parcel.	Two or less native tree or shrub species <sup>4</sup> across woodland parcel.
E	Cover of native tree and shrub species	>80% of canopy trees and >80% of understory shrubs are native <sup>5</sup> .	50 - 80% of canopy trees and 50 - 80% of understory shrubs are native <sup>5</sup> .	<50% of canopy trees and <50% of understory shrubs are native <sup>5</sup> .

1 1		10 - 20% of woodland		
		has areas of		<10% or >40% of
F				
		temporary open		woodland has areas of
	Open space	space <sup>6.</sup>	21 - 40% of woodland	temporary open space <sup>6</sup> .
	within	Unless woodland is	has areas of temporary	But if woodland <10ha
	woodland	<10ha, in which case	open space <sup>6</sup> .	has <10% temporary
		0 - 20% temporary		open space, please see
		open space is		Good category <sup>7</sup> .
		permitted <sup>7</sup> .		
		All three classes		
		present in woodland <sup>8</sup> ;		No alección de la companion
G		trees 4 - 7 cm		
	Woodland	Diameter at Breast	One or two classes only	No classes or coppice
	regeneration	Height (DBH), saplings	present in woodland <sup>8</sup> .	regrowth present in
		and seedlings or		woodland <sup>8</sup> .
		advanced coppice		
		regrowth.		
		Tree mortality less	11% to 25% mortality	Greater than 25% tree
н	Tree health	than 10%, no pests or	and/or crown dieback	mortality and or any
		diseases and no	or low-risk pest or	high-risk pest or
		crown dieback <sup>9</sup> .	disease present <sup>9</sup> .	disease present <sup>9</sup> .
		Recognisable NVC		
	Vegetation	plant community <sup>10</sup> at	Recognisable woodland	No recognisable
	and ground	ground layer present,	NVC plant community <sup>10</sup>	woodland NVC plant
	flora	strongly characterised	at ground layer present.	community <sup>10</sup> at ground
		by ancient woodland	at greatia tayor presenti	layer present.
		flora specialists.		
J		Three or more storeys		
	Woodland	across all survey plots	Two storeys across all	One or less storey
	vertical	or a complex	survey plots <sup>11</sup> .	across all survey
	structure	woodland <sup>11</sup> .		plots <sup>11</sup> .

К	Veteran trees	Two or more veteran trees <sup>12</sup> per hectare.	One veteran tree <sup>12</sup> per hectare.	No veteran trees <sup>12</sup> present in woodland.
L	Amount of deadwood	50% of all survey plots within the woodland parcel have deadwood, such as standing deadwood, large dead branches and or stems, branch stubs and stumps, or an abundance of small cavities <sup>13</sup> .	Between 25% and 50% of all survey plots within the woodland parcel have deadwood, such as standing deadwood, large dead branches and or stems, stubs and stumps, or an abundance of small cavities <sup>13</sup> .	Less than 25% of all survey plots within the woodland parcel have deadwood, such as standing deadwood, large dead branches and or stems, stubs and stumps, or an abundance of small cavities <sup>13</sup> .
М	Woodland disturbance	No nutrient enrichment or damaged ground evident <sup>14</sup> .	Less than 1 hectare in total of nutrient enrichment across woodland area and or less than 20% of woodland area has damaged ground <sup>14</sup> .	More than 1 hectare of nutrient enrichment and or more than 20% of woodland area has damaged ground <sup>14</sup> .

## **Discussion**

The creation and management of the habitats on site to the appropriate condition would need to be secured for at least 30 years - linked to the application through a planning obligation in Section 106 (S106) agreement.

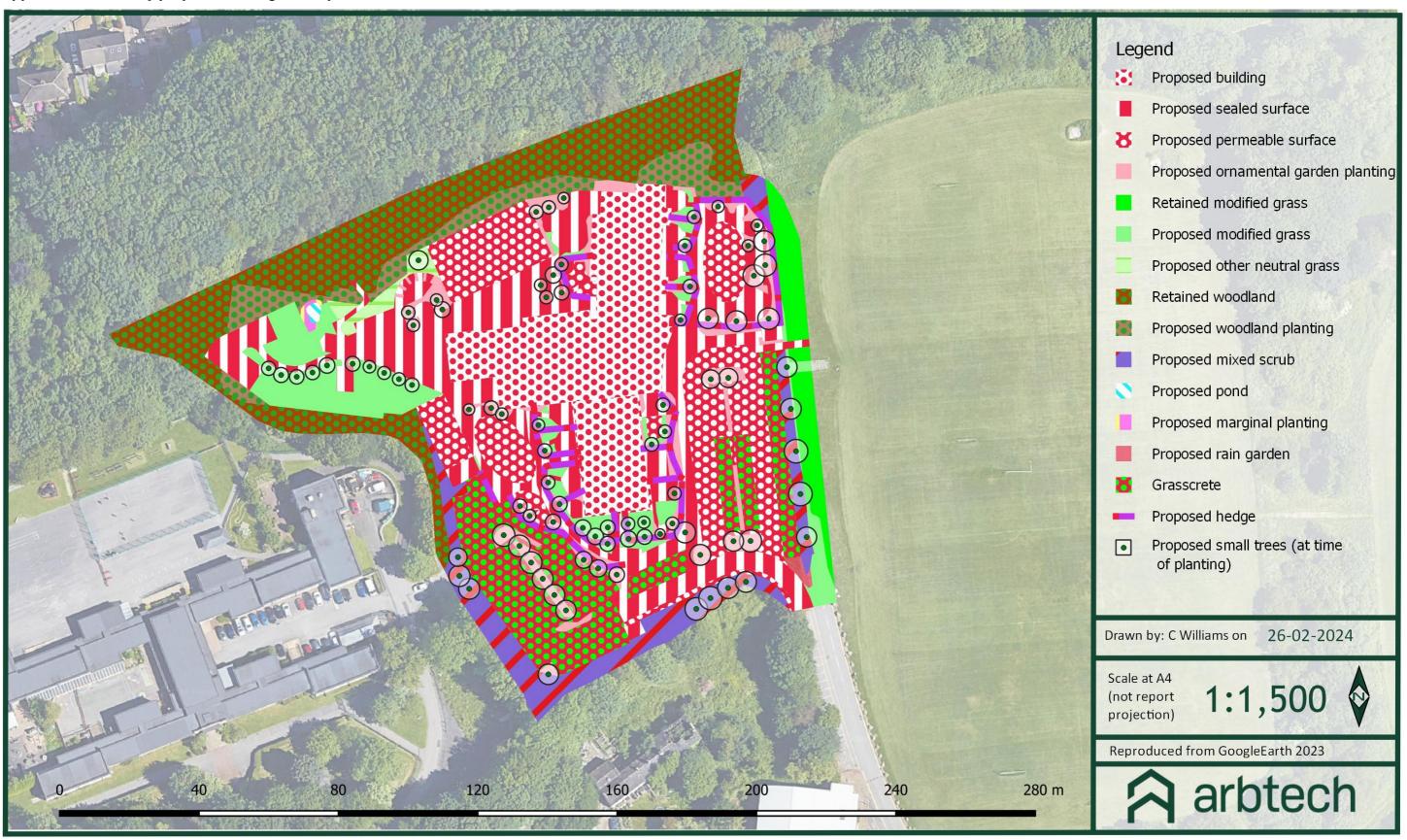
# Design statement

This report contains recommendations on measures for achieving BNG. These recommendations do not constitute a design for BNG. In submitting these recommendations, Arbtech Consulting has no Design Liability associated with these recommendations for BNG. The strategy sets out the criteria which the landscape team can use to design the creation and management of the site.

Appendix 1: Habitat baseline map



Appendix 2: Currently proposed ecological map of the site (based on the site habitats in the metric)



BNG Formerly the Deighton Centre HD2 1JP

**BACK PAGE** 

**Arbtech Consultant's Contact details:** 

Craig Williams BSc (Hons), MSc, DIC, MRSB

cw@arbtech.co.uk

**Arbtech Consulting Ltd** 

https://arbtech.co.uk

Limitations

Arbtech Consulting Limited has prepared this report for the sole use of the above-named Client or his agents in accordance with our General Terms and Conditions, under which our services are performed. It is expressly stated that no other warranty, expressed or implied, is made as to the professional advice included in this Report or any other services provided by us. This report may not be relied upon by any other party without the prior and express written agreement of Arbtech Consulting Limited. The assessments made assume that the sites and facilities will continue to be used for their current purpose without significant change. The conclusions and recommendations contained in this report are based upon information provided by third parties. Information obtained from third parties has not been independently verified by Arbtech Consulting Limited.

Copyright

© This report is the copyright of Arbtech Consulting Limited. Any unauthorised reproduction or usage by any person other than the addressee is strictly prohibited