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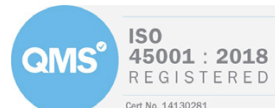
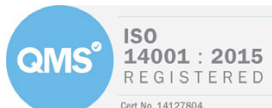
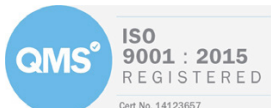
PHASE 3

REMEDIATION STRATEGY REPORT

job number	C2446/22/E/4492	date	September 2022
site address	LandAdjacent to Holmfirth Fresh Fish, Berry Bank Lane, Holmfirth, HD9 7LN		
written by	S. Alexander	checked by	R. Palmer
issued by	S. Alexander		



Please consider the environment before printing this report.



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<ENVIRONMENTAL> <GEOTECHNICAL>

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Phase 3: Remediation Statement

Location:	Land Adjacent to Holmfirth Fresh Fish, Berry Bank Lane, Holmfirth, HD9 7LN	
For:	Mr G & R Bowden	
Consultants:	Hinchcliffe Architecture & Design Ltd	
Report No.	C2446/22/E/4492	Report date: September 2022

For and on behalf of **Rogers Geotechnical Services Ltd**

Scott Alexander BSc FGS
Geo-environmental Engineer

Rob Palmer MSc FGS ACIEM
Senior Geo-environmental Engineer

1. Introduction

Further to the site-specific risk assessment provided within the geo-environmental report (C2446/22/E/3791, June 2022), it is considered that the site is generally uncontaminated with respect to soil and leachate risks. However, from the results of the gas monitoring presented within the geo-environmental report, it was determined that Characteristic Situation Level 2 should be adopted for the site. Thus, protection from bulk ground gasses (CO₂ and CH₄) is required and some remediation will be required at this site to protect against hazardous ground gases. This report provides the strategy for that remediation.

2. Remediation Strategy

2.1 Remediation Objectives

Based on the site-specific risk assessment provided in the geo-environmental report, the object of remediation at the site is as follows:

Based on the site-specific risk assessment the objectives are to be as follows.

- To protect the site operatives during the construction process from the ingestion of soil or dust, dermal contact with the soil and inhalation of dust and vapours.
- To protect site workers from exposure to hazardous ground gases.
- To protect the end user from the elevated levels of hazardous ground gases.
- To protect neighbours from the inhalation and ingestion of dust during the construction process.

- To ensure that contamination, either on site or introduced cannot reach controlled waters via surface run-off or permeable strata.
- To ensure that contamination cannot enter the former services occupying the site which may return to controlled waters.
- To protect plastic services from being penetrated by, or degrading due to potentially aggressive ground conditions.

On completion of the ground-works a careful site inspection of the sub-grade would be required. Should visual or olfactory evidence of contamination be revealed then further testing may become necessary.

2.2 Development Requirements.

It is expected that the final development will comprise the development of a new steel portal frame warehouse building for a commercial end use. It is expected the surrounding area will comprise service yards comprising hardstanding. No landscaped or garden areas are expected as part of the development with a commercial end use.

3. Scope

In order to fulfill the objectives defined above the following strategy will be utilised. A pragmatic approach will be undertaken, with observational techniques being employed at each stage of the work.

3.1 Groundworks

During the ground-works phase of the development, protection to the site operatives is required. The risk to site operatives is considered under the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974, together with regulations made under the act, which includes the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) regulations. Therefore the risks to site personnel will be considered under the Construction Design and Management (CDM) regulations at the planning stage and be included in the contractor's Health and Safety Plan and site specific Method Statements. These documents shall include the following main elements.

- Site operatives at all levels will be made aware of the hazards of working with made ground.
- Site operatives entering into confined spaces, or excavations will be provided with a personal gas monitor to monitor the levels of potentially hazardous gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, methane, hydrogen sulphide and oxygen.
- Personal hygiene facilities, including washing and messing, must be provided and site operatives must be encouraged to use them.
- Where work is undertaken in dry weather the site will be dampened down to avoid dust. In addition, dust masks must be provided to all site operatives for use in dry weather.
- Where breaking out or demolition occurs, measures will be implemented to limit dust escape from the site to site workers or neighbouring receptors.
- Where soils are to be removed for offsite disposal, Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC) testing will be carried out at source in accordance with BS EN 12457.
- Any stockpiles of material will be placed upon impermeable sheeting and sheeted to prevent excessive amounts of airborne dust and cross contamination.

- Where vehicles are transferring soil to the landfill site they must be covered to prevent contamination of the surrounding area by dust.
- Where work is undertaken in wet weather, vehicle and wheel washing facilities will be required to ensure that the vehicles leaving the site do not transfer contamination to surrounding areas.

On completion of the ground-works a careful site inspection of the sub-grade will take place. Should visual or olfactory evidence of contamination be revealed, then suitably qualified specialists will be consulted. Further testing and updates to the site specific ground model, risk assessment, and remediation strategy will be undertaken where necessary

3.2 Construction

During the construction phase of the contract the following items are required to protect the end user from the potential contaminants revealed at this site.

- Beneath buildings, pavements and hard-standings clean inert granular sub-base shall be employed.
- New plastic services will be constructed in a surround of clean inert material and a risk assessment will be carried as instructed by the statutory water authority for the area. Where necessary testing as recommended in the United Kingdom Water Industry Research (UKWIR) website under Report Ref. No. 10/WM/03/21 - 'Guidance for the Selection of Water Supply Pipes to be used in Brownfield Sites' will be carried out.
- The redundant services revealed at this site will be de-commissioned and piped services sealed. Any existing services that are to be employed in the new development will be carefully inspected to ensure that they are serviceable and will not allow the ingress of contamination.
- Buried concrete placed at the site will conform to the guidance given in BRE Special Digest 1 in accordance with a design class of DC-1.

3.3 Gas Protection Measures

In order to assess the protection measures required BS8485: 2015: Code of practice for the design of protective measures for methane and carbon dioxide ground gases for new buildings has been employed. In accordance with Table 3, Building types, of the code, the development may be considered to conform to Type D. Therefore, on the basis of Table 4 Gas protection score by CS and type of building, the minimum gas protection score (points) is 1.5. The gas protection system will consist of at least two different elements. The elements work independently and collaboratively, and a single element should not be used because there would be no redundancy to allow for defects in the component.

In order to achieve this score the following shall be undertaken in line with the outlined ground gas protection measures in "*Proposed Section X-X, Drawing No. 037-21-BR03, Rev. A*". A copy of the technical drawing is presented in Appendix 2.

Table 1: Combination of Protection Elements (BS8485: 2015) for CS2

Reference	Protection Element	Score
Table 5	Precast beam and block floor suspended between pile cap locations.	0
Table 6 ¹	Passive sub-floor dispersal layer with vents and a clear sub-floor void.	1.5
Table 7	Gas resistant membrane complying with the requirements given in Table 7 (Note 1)	2
Total Score		1.5

Note 1:

The gas resistant membrane shall meet the following criteria (from Table 7, BS 8485: 2015):

- Sufficiently impervious (methane gas transmission rate <40.0ml/day/m²/atm (average) BS ISO 15105-1 manometric method).
- Sufficiently durable and strong to remain serviceable for the anticipated life of the building, to withstand in-service stresses and installation process.
- Capable, after installation, of providing a complete barrier to the entry of the relevant gas.
- Verified in accordance with CIRIA C735: 2014: *Good practice on the testing and verification of protection systems of buildings against hazardous ground gasses*.
- Chemically resistant to degradation by other contamination that might be present.

It should be appreciated that if the membrane installed does not meet all the criteria above, then the score for the membrane is considered to be zero.

In addition to the above, the following points shall be considered.

- Technical drawings of the incorporation of the gas protection measures into the sub-structure will be provided by a suitably qualified engineer/architect and produced in accordance with the guidance given in BRE 414.
- The sequence of construction indicating when the gas protection system will be installed will be presented in a method statement for laying the gas membrane. Where possible the installation of membranes will take place as a unique activity on site and shall not take place until sub-structure construction is complete.
- During and following the installation of the membrane, all parties in attendance at the site shall be made aware that a gas protection system is to be employed within the construction. Such communications should include, but not be limited to, the CDM documentation for the site and site inductions.
- The installation of the membrane shall be carried out only by suitable personnel and the qualifications or experience/training will be provided within the chosen contractors method statements. The suitability of personnel will be assessed in accordance with Annex 1 of CIRIA C735.
- The installation shall be in strict accordance with manufacturer specifications and recommendations, which shall also be included as part of the remediation statement.
- The membrane system employed will not be an ensemble (i.e. a system comprising a mixture of products from different manufacturers will not be employed).
- Membranes shall be supplied to site on a single wound roll, creased product will not be accepted or employed.

¹ For details on the criteria for good and very good performance see Annex B of BS84845: 2015.

- Whilst membranes are exposed, signage will be provided to indicate the access to the installation area is prohibited unless authorised. Footwear will be checked prior to accessing the membrane surface to ensure no sharp objects are apparent, such as stones caught in treads. The use of sharp objects or hot-works around the exposed membrane will be strictly prohibited unless the risk of damaging the membrane has been fully assessed and mitigated.
- Non-conformance of manufacturer recommendations shall be discussed and agreed as acceptable, in writing, with a suitably qualified person from the manufacturer.

3.4 Fill Materials

Any materials to be used as fill at the site, will be subjected to the following assessment to determine its suitability.

Fill materials will be initially screened, by a suitably qualified engineer, for the following.

- It is free from obvious contamination i.e. visual or olfactory evidence.
- It has not come from areas where Japanese Knotweed or other invasive or injurious plants are suspected to be growing.
- It is not a statutory nuisance, such as being odorous.
- It is free from unsuitable material.

It should also be appreciated that any fill will be subjected to validation testing to assess its suitability. The following table has been taken from YALPAG² documentation and will be used in the first instance. Depending on the origin and nature of the material, not all fill will require the sampling frequency and testing indicated, although this will be in agreement with any regulatory bodies (such as the Local Authority).

Fill Type	Frequency	Minimum Determinands
Virgin Quarried Material	1 or 2 depending on the type of stone (to confirm the inert nature of the material)	Standard metals/metalloids (As, Cd, Cr, Cr ^{VI} , Cu, Hg, Ni, Pb, Se, Zn)
Crushed Hardcore, Stone, Brick	Minimum 1 per 1000m ³	Standard metals/metalloids as above plus PAH (16 USEPA) and Asbestos
Greenfield/ Manufactured Soils	The greater of a minimum of 3 or 1 per 250m ³	Standard metals/metalloids as above plus PAH (16 USEPA) and Asbestos
Brownfield/ Screened Soils	The greater of a minimum of 6 or 1 per 100m ³	Standard metals/metalloids as above plus PAH (16 USEPA), TPH (CWG banded) and Asbestos Any additional analysis dependant on the history of the donor site.

It should be noted that screening values for the above regime have been included within Appendix 1 of this report. The screening values will need to be agreed with any regulatory bodies. It is anticipated, for example, that 1% SOM values will be employed for typical granular fill and 6% SOM for topsoil. However, organic matter testing will determine which screening values are appropriate for each material. Moreover, testing will comply with UKAS and MCERTS, where applicable, and undertaken by an accredited laboratory.

² YALPAG Technical Guidance for Developers, Landowners and Consultants – Verification Requirements for Cover Systems V3.3 Appendix 1a, October 2016.

Where the material has been derived from a commercial company, certificates or other industry quality protocol compliance i.e. WRAP shall be obtained. However, it will be necessary to ensure that this documentation is specifically related to the material being imported, is no more than two months old and complies with the screening and frequency requirements given above.

Suitable fill materials will either be placed immediately or sufficiently quarantined to prevent cross-contamination. If it is necessary, the quarantined material will be placed on appropriate sheeting and covered to prevent it becoming mixed with contaminated soils or dust, or penetrated by mobile contaminants.

4. Verification Report

In order to demonstrate that the remediation has been sufficiently carried out and risks highlighted in the conceptual ground model are mitigated, a verification report will be produced and submitted to any statutory authorities.

The report will be produced by a suitably qualified engineer or engineers and will include the following:

4.1 Ground Works

- A record of the measures taken to cap and seal any disused services.
- Verification of any materials imported to site for use as construction or fill material.
- Location, and waste certificates of any material removed for disposal offsite

4.2 Ground Gas Protection System

- The qualifications or relevant experience/training of the persons carrying out the installation.
- The independence of the person carrying out the verification, along with evidence of their qualifications or relevant experience/training.
- Details of the verification process including the dates of inspections and findings.
- Signed statements to confirm that protection measures were constructed as agreed. These statements shall also include confirmation that:
 - Membranes were free from tears and punctures, and installed in accordance within manufacturer guidelines.
 - Underfloor voids were clear and free from debris.
- Clear photographic evidence of the construction of membranes and underfloor voids, which should include key details such as air vents, membrane penetrations etc.
- Details of non-conformances and how they were rectified.
- A declaration that remedial objectives set out in the conceptual site model have been achieved.

We trust that this information is of interest, clearly Rogers Geotechnical Services Ltd would be happy to offer advice with respect to the above and assist where necessary.

Appendix 1

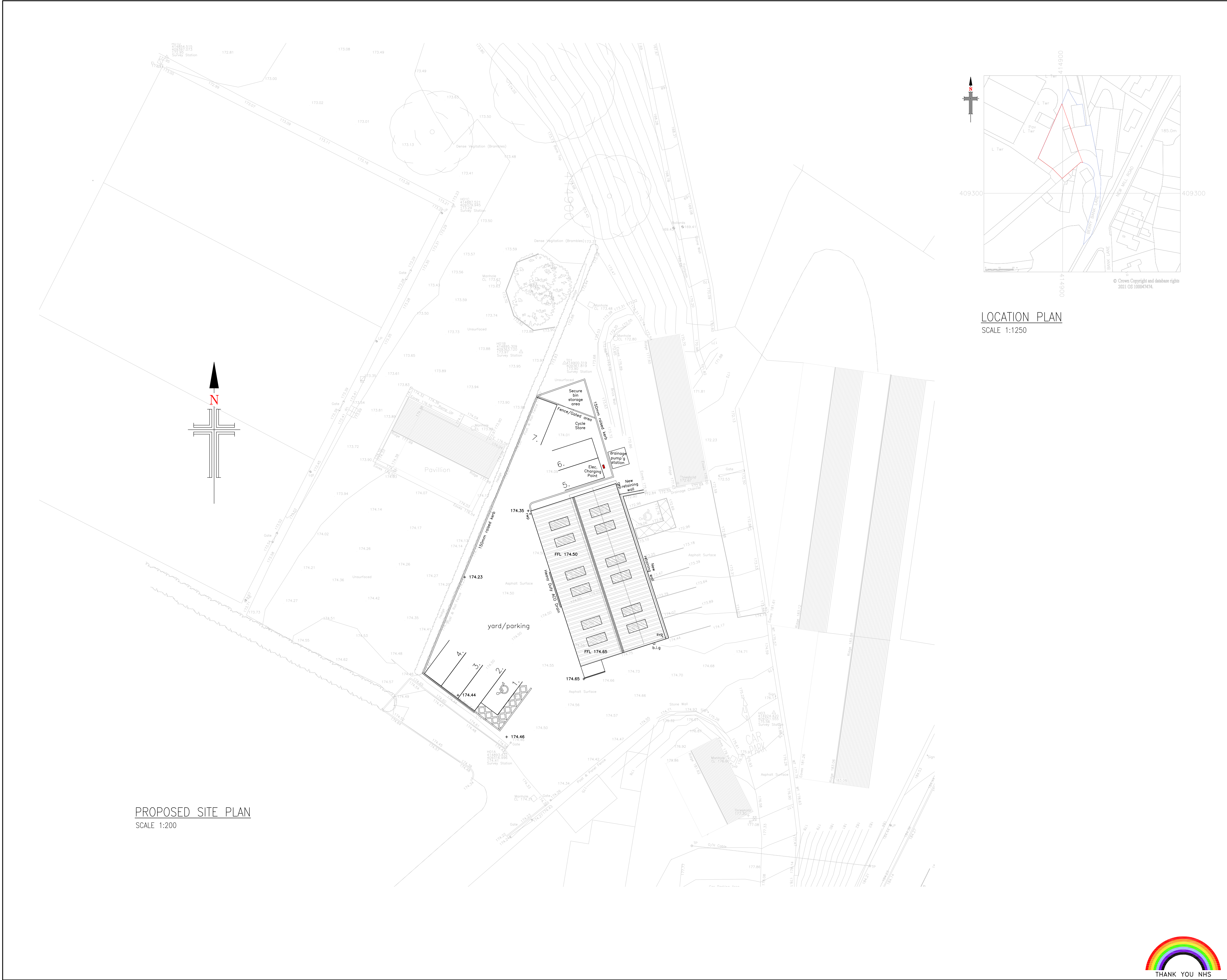
Screening Levels Summary Sheet

Atkins ATRISK Soil Screening Values (SSVs) - Commercial Landuse

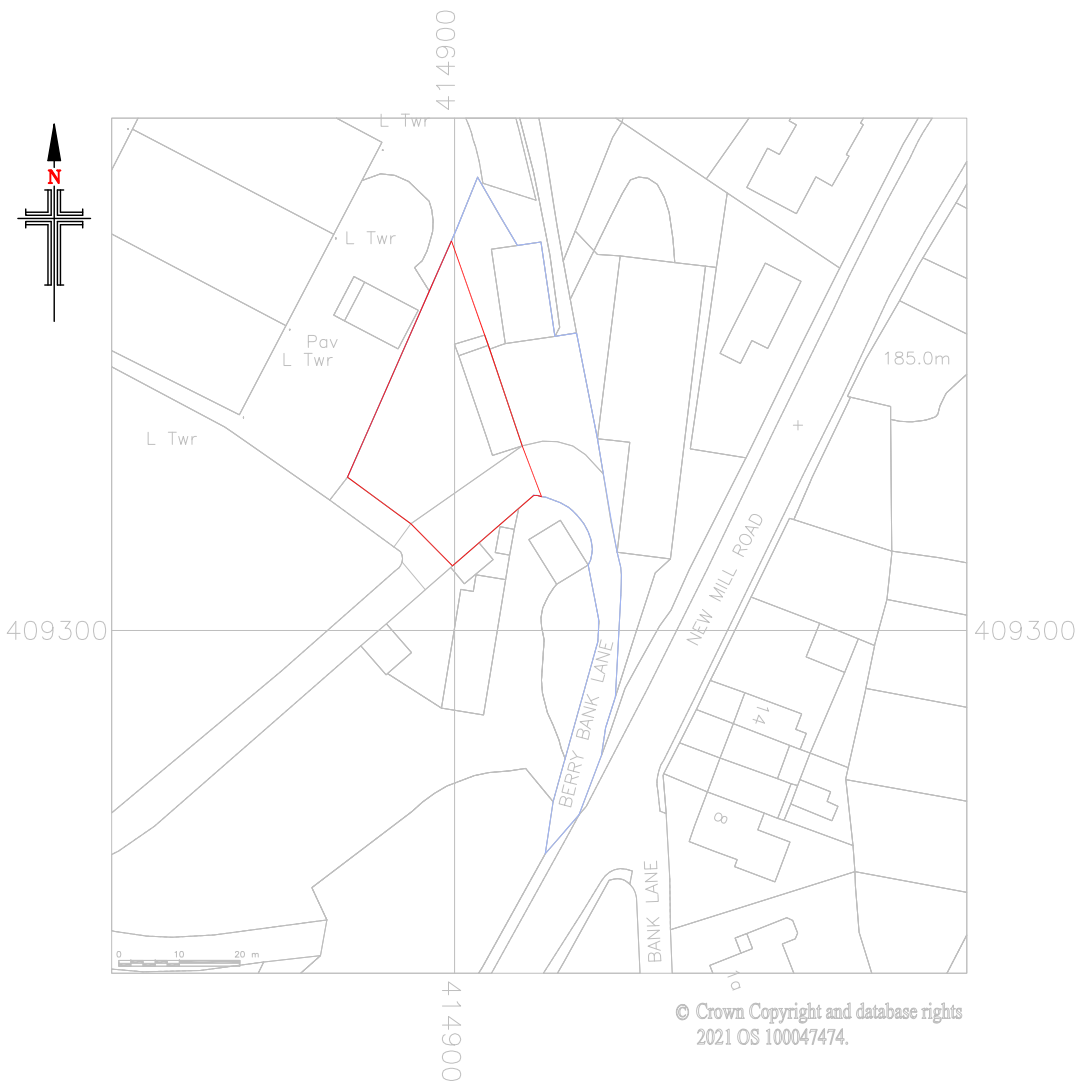
A = WS ATKINS PLC, ATRISK SOIL SCREENING VALUES BASED ON 1% SOIL ORGANIC MATTER
A+ = Values updated June 2017.
A* Atrisk's SSV is lower than Chemtest's detectable limit for this compound.
B = health criterion values, which are available from toxicological reviews published in the C4SL project methodology report.
C = Category 4 Screening Levels (C4SLs) based on 1% soil organic matter.
D - Value provided is based on Methyl Mercury. Should elemental mercury be observed or a source be known then a limit of 7.95 should be used.

Appendix 2

Gas Protection Measures Technical Drawings



PROPOSED SITE PLAN
SCALE 1:200

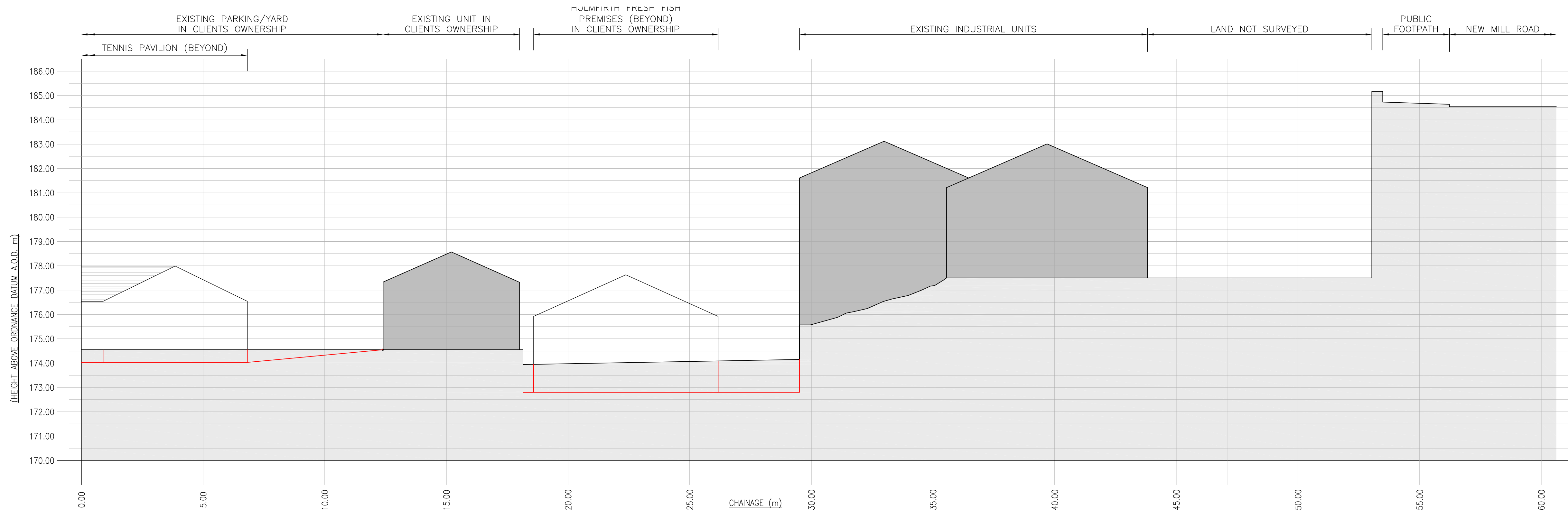


LOCATION PLAN
SCALE 1:1250

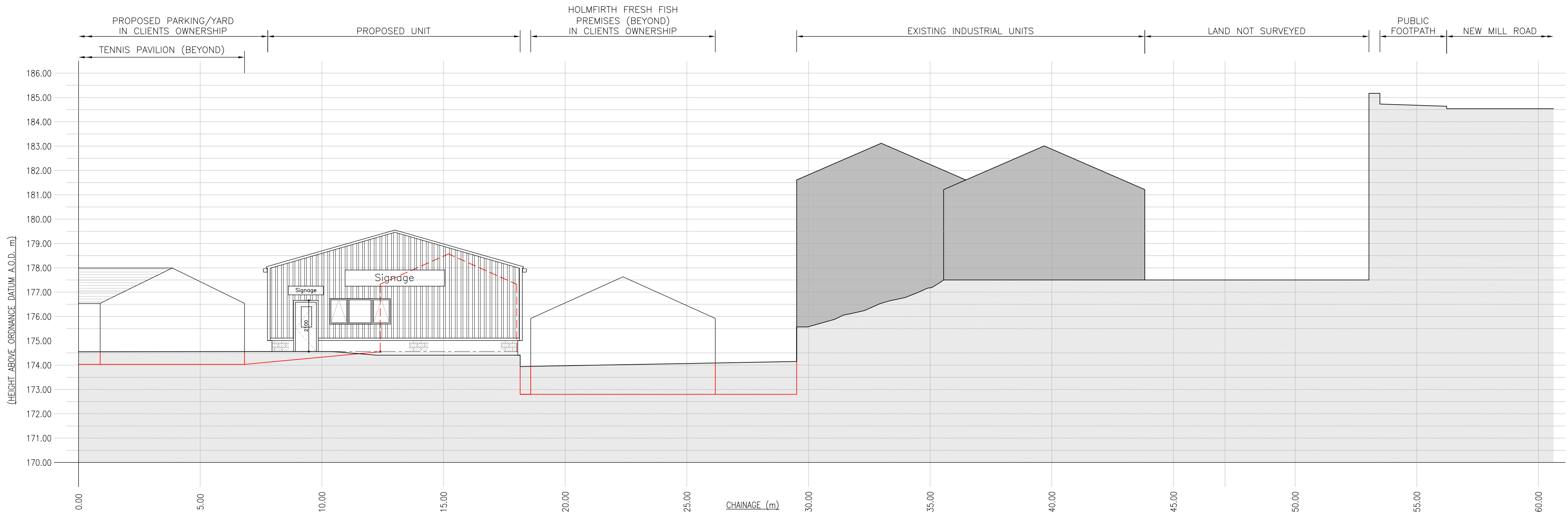
- NOTES**
1. No dimensions to be scaled.
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 2. All dimensions must be checked and verified on site by the Contractor prior to the commencement of works and Hinchliffe Architecture & Design Ltd. to be notified of any discrepancies.
 3. The copyright of these drawings remains the property of Hinchliffe Architecture & Design Ltd. They must not be reproduced in any way without prior written consent from the originator (Hinchliffe Architecture & Design Ltd.)
 4. Any works undertaken on site prior to obtaining full written approval from Kirklees Planning Department & Kirklees Building Control is at the Contractor/Clients own risk. Works should not commence until ALL approvals are granted.

Rev.	Date	Description
BUILDING REGS		
hinchliffe architecture & design Hinchliffe A&D 24 Carr View Road Holmfirth West Yorkshire HD9 7AQ 07921 907 142 01664 520 764 info@hinch-architecture.co.uk www.hinch-architecture.co.uk		
Client		
MR R. BOWDEN		
Project		
LAND ADJ. HOLMFIRTH FRESH FISH, BERRY BANK LANE NEW MILL ROAD HOLMFIRTH, HD9 7LN		
Drawing Title		
PROPOSED SPECULATIVE INDUSTRIAL UNIT, PROPOSED SITE PLAN		
Scale (at A1)		Date
AS SHOWN		DEC 2021
Drg. no.		Rev.
037-21-BR01		-





EXISTING SECTION A - A
SCALE 1:100

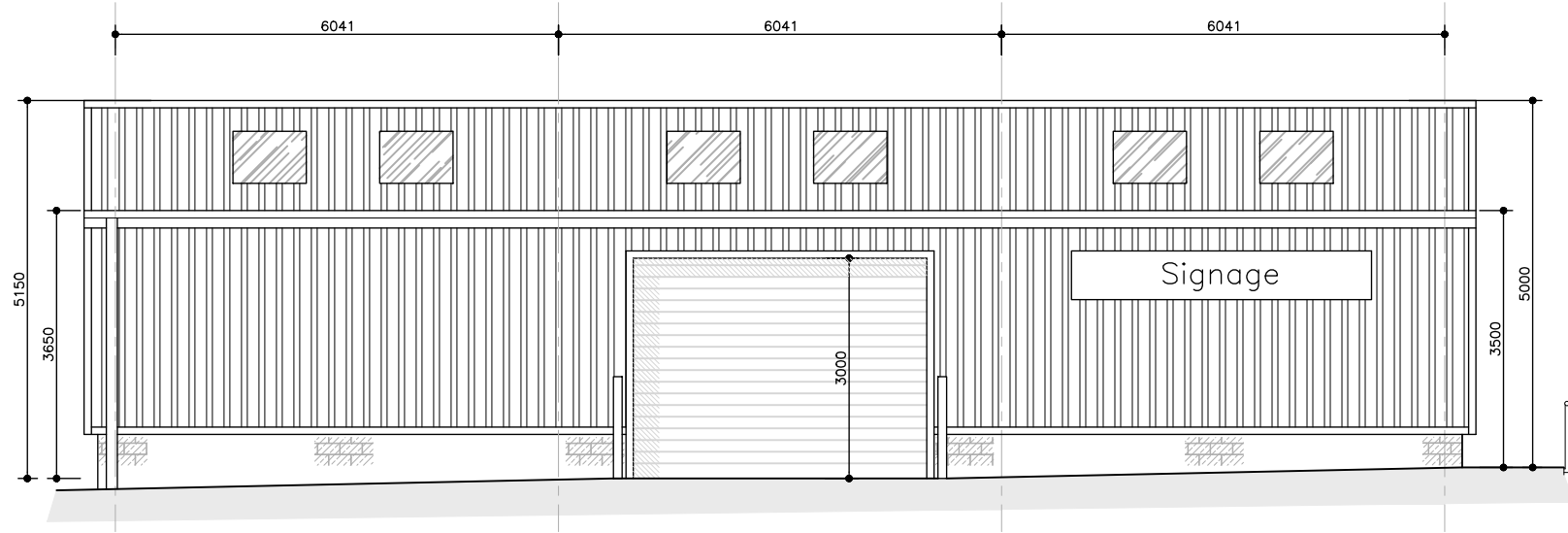


PROPOSED SECTION A - A
SCALE 1:100

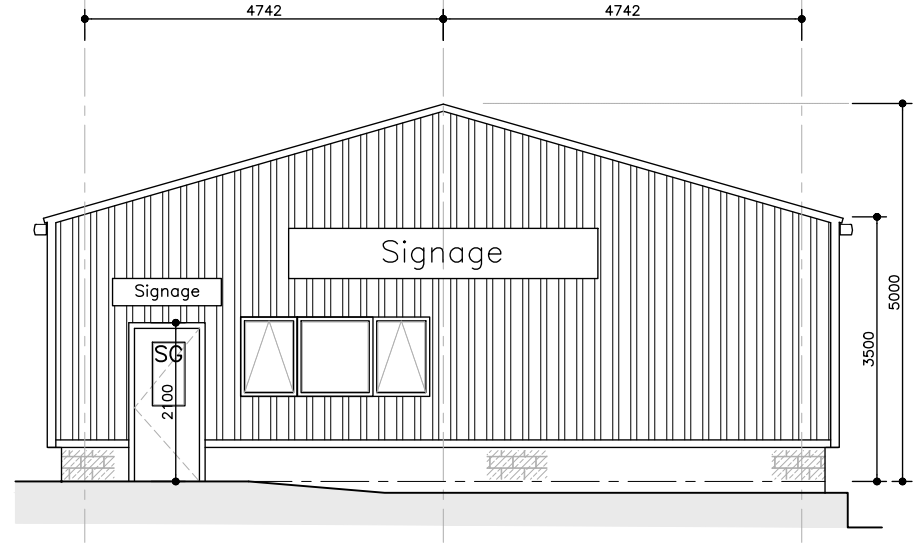
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Rev.	Date	Description
Status		
BUILDING REGS		
 Hinchliffe A&D 24 Carr View Road Holmfirth West Yorkshire HD9 7AQ 07921 907 142 01484 520 764 info@hinch-architecture.co.uk www.hinch-architecture.co.uk		
Client		
MR R & G. BOWDEN		
Project		
LAND ADJ. HOLMFIRTH FRESH FISH, BERRY BANK LANE NEW MILL ROAD HOLMFIRTH, HD9 7LN		
Drawing Title		
PROPOSED SPECULATIVE INDUSTRIAL UNIT, SITE SECTIONS		
Scale (at A1)		Date
AS SHOWN		DEC 2021
Drg. no.		Rev.
037-21-BR02		-

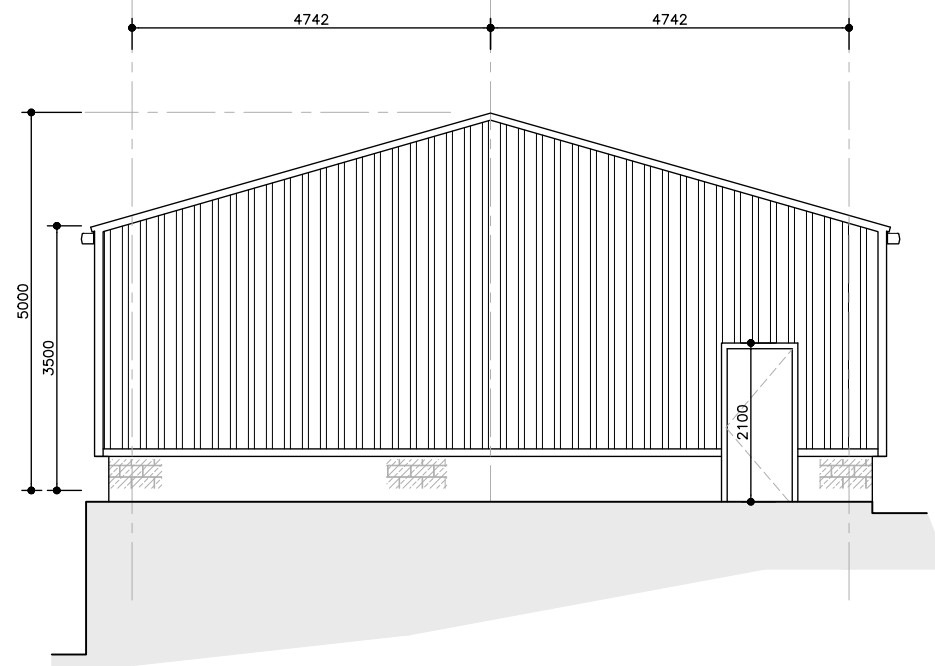




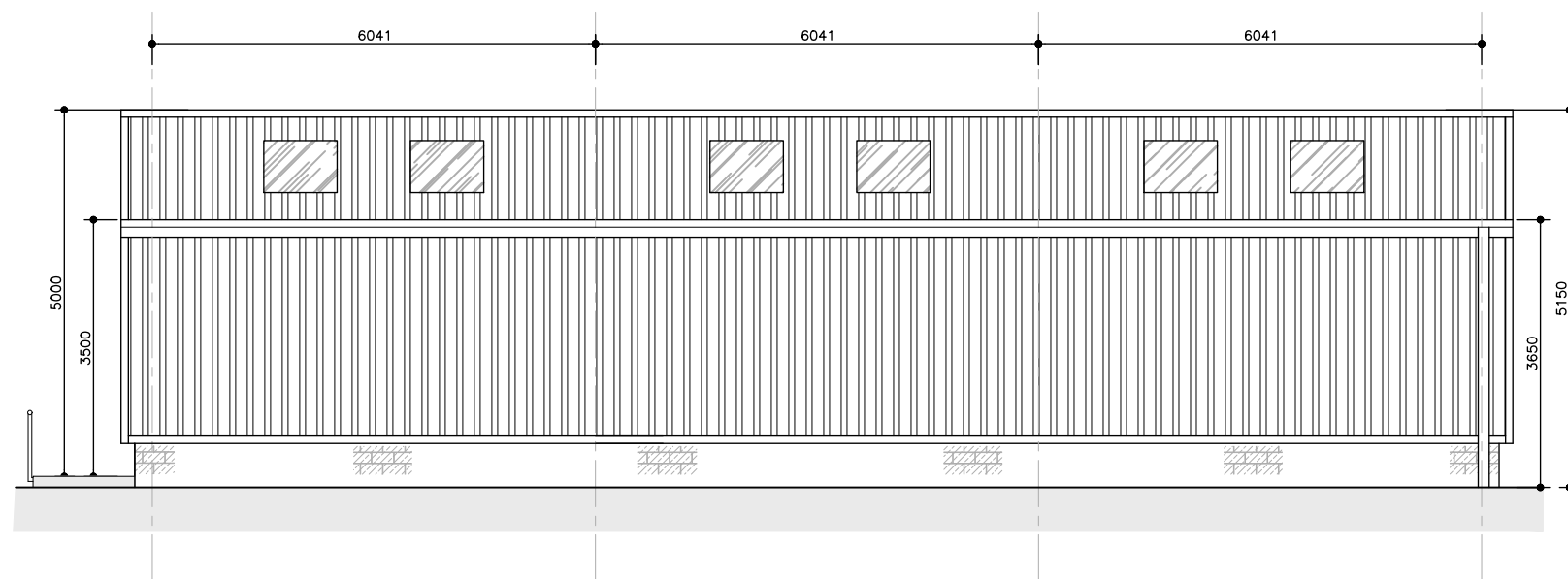
PROPOSED SOUTH WEST FACING ELEVATION
SCALE 1:50



PROPOSED SOUTH EAST FACING ELEVATION
SCALE 1:50



PROPOSED NORTH WEST FACING ELEVATION
SCALE 1:50



PROPOSED NORTH EAST FACING ELEVATION
SCALE 1:50

PROPOSED MATERIALS

- WALLS
 - NATURAL COURSED STONE
 - ANTHRACITE GREY PROFILED CLADDING
- ROOF COVERING
 - ANTHRACITE GREY PROFILED CLADDING
- RAINWATER GOODS
 - ALUMINIUM
- DOORS
 - ANTHRACITE GREY ROLLER SHUTTERS

NOTE: CONTRACTOR TO CHECK ALL DIMENSIONS ON SITE PRIOR TO ANY FABRICATION OR CONSTRUCTION

NOTE: DRAWING TO BE READ STRICTLY IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS INFORMATION AND SKETCHES.

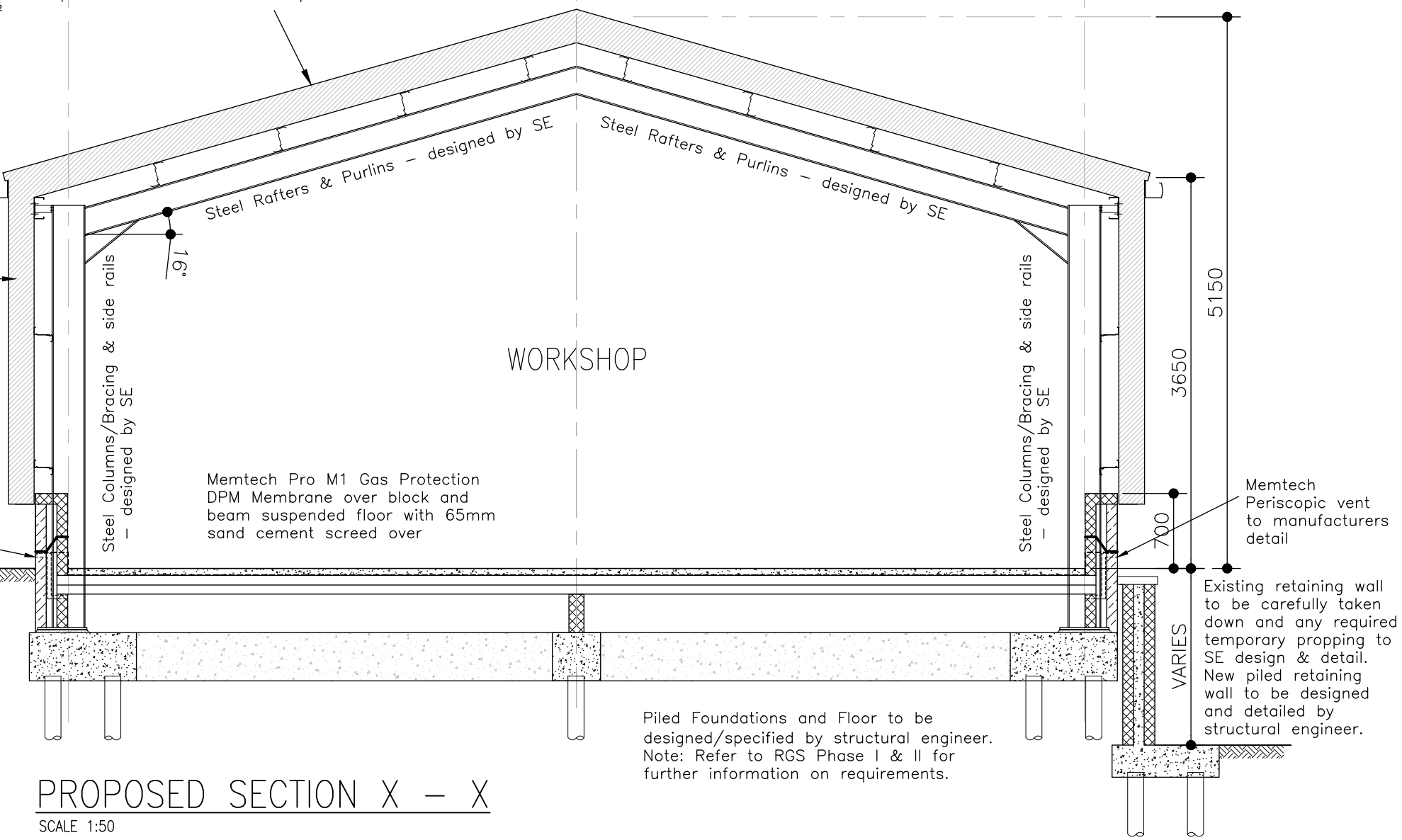
NOTE: ALL FOUNDATIONS, STEEL & TIMBER SIZES SHOWN ARE TO STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS DESIGN & CALCULATION. REFER TO STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS & SKETCHES.

NOTES

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- Any works undertaken on site prior to obtaining full written approval from Kirklees Planning Department & Kirklees Building Control is at the Contractor/Clients own risk. Works should not commence until ALL approvals are granted.

Outer roof cladding to be Trisobuild RWL System (or similar approved) 0.7mm thick galvanised steel sheet, specialist manufactured HPS 200 plastisol coated on the outer surface in a standard colour and a standard washcoat to the internal surface; include all appropriate cappings and flashings. Colour to be RAL 7016 Anthracite grey to all external exposed area's.

LP1000 Inner lining (or similar) and insulation 0.4mm thick white steel lining tray complete with galvanised metal zed spacers, ferrules and Knauf Earthwool Factoryclad glass mineral wool insulation and spacer bracket of 300mm to incorporate 300mm insulation depth to achieve u-value of 0.14W/m²

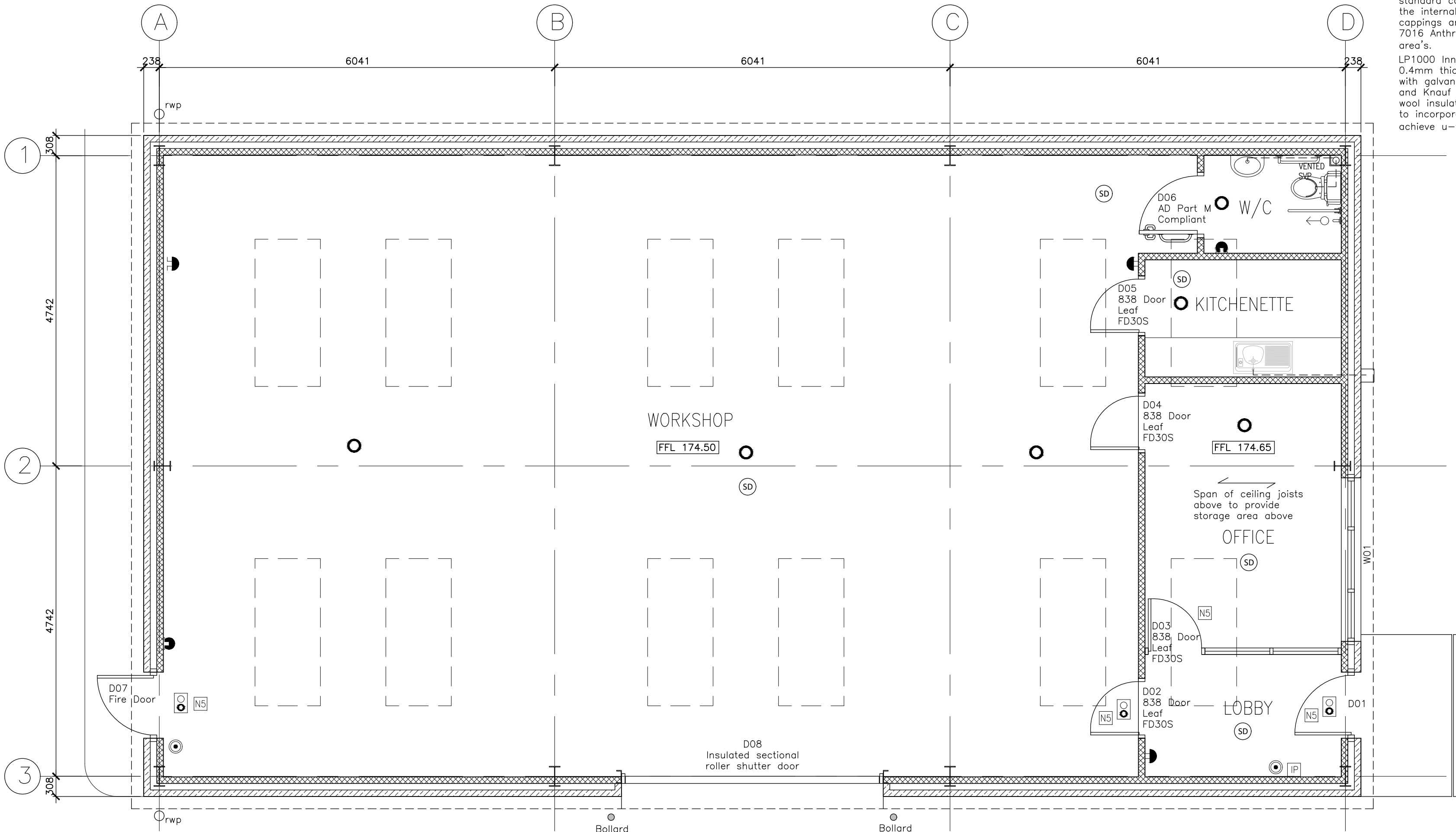


PROPOSED SECTION X - X
SCALE 1:50

Outer wall cladding above dado cavity wall to be Trisobuild VW System Profile C32 (or similar approved) 0.7mm thick galvanised steel sheet, specialist manufactured HPS 200 plastisol coated on the outer surface in a standard colour and a standard washcoat to the internal surface; include all appropriate cappings and flashings. Colour to be RAL 7016 Anthracite grey to all external exposed area's.

LP1000 Inner lining (or similar) and insulation 0.4mm thick white steel lining tray complete with galvanised metal zed spacers, ferrules and Knauf Earthwool Factoryclad glass mineral wool insulation and spacer bracket of 240mm to incorporate 240mm insulation depth to achieve u-value of 0.18W/m²

Memtech Periscopic vent to manufacturers detail



PROPOSED FLOOR PLAN
SCALE 1:50

KEY TO FIRE DETECTION SYMBOLS

- Smoke alarm - mains powered and interconnected
- Heat Detector - mains powered and interconnected
- Notice on door "THIS DOOR TO BE KEPT LOCKED SHUT WHEN NOT IN USE"
- Notice on door "FIRE EXIT - KEEP CLEAR"
- Notice on door "FIRE DOOR - KEEP SHUT"
- Fire alarm indicator panel
- Fire alarm call point
- audible warning device
- visual warning device
- emergency assistance call point
- emergency light point
- illuminated exit sign
- illuminated exit sign - directional
- fire extinguisher - water type
- fire extinguisher - foam type
- fire extinguisher - foam type
- fire extinguisher - dry powder
- fire blanket
- alarm sounder
- Beam detectors

A	08.09.2022	Pile & Ground beam foundations and Gas Protection measures added
Rev.	Date	Description
Status		
BUILDING REGS		
hinchliffe architecture & design		
Client		
MR R & G. BOWDEN		
Project		
LAND ADJ. HOLMFIRTH FRESH FISH, BERRY BANK LANE NEW MILL ROAD HOLMFIRTH, HD9 7LN		
Drawing Title		
PROPOSED SPECULATIVE INDUSTRIAL UNIT, ELEVATIONS & FLOOR PLAN		
Scale (at A1)		Date
AS SHOWN		DEC 2021
Drg. no.	037-21-BR03	Rev.
		A



