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|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Consultation Response from KC Public Health</b>                                                                                                                                                        |                                        |                        |
| <b>2021/93547 Icuk Technologies, 110-112, Lockwood Road, Lockwood, Huddersfield, HD1 3QX</b>                                                                                                              |                                        |                        |
| <b>Change of use to form no. 2 hot food takeaways (Sui Generis) at ground floor with ancillary office and store at first floor and sub division of first floor apartment to form no. 3 dwellings (C3)</b> |                                        |                        |
| <b>Date Responded: 1 November 2021</b>                                                                                                                                                                    | <b>Responding Officer: Priti Gohil</b> | <b>Responding Ref:</b> |

The council has a responsibility to enable and support residents to live in and access healthy environments.

In Kirklees, 1 in 5 (19%) adults eat fast food or takeaway meals at least once a week, and a further 64% eat fast food or takeaway meals sometimes but less than once a week<sup>1</sup>. Those living in the most deprived areas are the most likely to eat takeaway at least once a week (21%), and those living in the least deprived areas are the least likely to (14%).

There are also inequalities in obesity rates between different socioeconomic groups: among children in reception and year 6, the prevalence of obesity in the 10% most deprived groups is approximately double that in the 10% least deprived. There is also a marked gradient in obesity levels among adults.<sup>2</sup>

In order to reflect the complexities of the obesogenic environment, public health has developed a tool which will support the decision making process for new applications. The tool will use a range of local data in order to assess which areas have multiple risk factors for obesity. These are:

- Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) quintile
- % of adults overweight
- % of adults obese
- % of 5-year olds with excess weight
- % of 11-year olds with excess weight
- Diabetes prevalence rate
- Coronary heart disease prevalence rate

Postcodes are scored against each of these indicators using the following criteria:

| INDICATOR                         | Category | Worst             | 2                    | 3                    | 4                     | Best                   |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| IMD RANK                          | Range    | Most deprived 20% | Most deprived 20-40% | Most deprived 40-60% | Least deprived 60-80% | Least deprived 80-100% |
|                                   | Score    | 6                 | 4                    | 2                    | 0                     | 0                      |
| ADULTS OVERWEIGHT                 | Range    | >=38%             | 36%-38%              | 34%-36%              | 32%-34%               | <32%                   |
|                                   | Score    | 6                 | 4                    | 2                    | 0                     | 0                      |
| ADULTS OBESE                      | Range    | >=13%             | 12%-13%              | 11%-12%              | 10%-11%               | <10%                   |
|                                   | Score    | 6                 | 4                    | 2                    | 0                     | 0                      |
| 5 YEAR OLDS WITH EXCESS WEIGHT    | Range    | >=29%             | 26%-29%              | 23%-26%              | 20%-23%               | <20%                   |
|                                   | Score    | 6                 | 4                    | 2                    | 0                     | 0                      |
| 11 YEAR OLDS WITH EXCESS WEIGHT   | Range    | >=40%             | 38%-40%              | 36%-38%              | 34%-36%               | <34%                   |
|                                   | Score    | 6                 | 4                    | 2                    | 0                     | 0                      |
| DIABETES PREVALENCE               | Range    | >=11.5%           | 9.5%-11.5%           | 7.5%-9.5%            | 5.5%-7.5%             | <5.5%                  |
|                                   | Score    | 6                 | 4                    | 2                    | 0                     | 0                      |
| CORONARY HEART DISEASE PREVALENCE | Range    | >=4%              | 3.5%-4%              | 3%-3.5%              | 2.5%-3%               | <2.5%                  |
|                                   | Score    | 6                 | 4                    | 2                    | 0                     | 0                      |

The middle scoring category is set around the Kirklees average, with consistent ranges above and below the mid-point to the 'worst' and 'best' categories, respectively. Locations score points where they are around the average or above, and score most points when they fall into the 'worst' category. Public Health would advise that an application should be refused permission where it has a combined points total above 20 across the seven indicators of deprivation, obesity and related health conditions.

<sup>1</sup> Current Living in Kirklees survey 2016

<sup>2</sup> Public Health England, Chartered Institute of Environmental Health and Local Government Association and (2014) Obesity and the environment: regulating the growth of fast food outlets and Butland B, Jebb S, Kopelman P, McPherson K, Thomas S, Mardell J, et al. Tackling obesity: future choices – project report. London 2007.)

**The results based on this application are as follows:**

**Location: Newsome Ward**

|                                         |                 |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|
| IMD rank: Worst 20 -30&                 | Score: 4 points |
| Adults overweight: 33.4%                | Score: 0 points |
| Adults obese: 7.1%                      | Score: 0 points |
| 5 year olds with excess weight: 26.5%   | Score: 4 points |
| 11 year olds with excess weight: 33.5%  | Score: 0 points |
| Diabetes prevalence: 2.7%               | Score: 0 points |
| Coronary heart disease prevalence: 0.9% | Score: 0 points |
| <b>TOTAL SCORE: 8 points</b>            |                 |

**If the application is granted we would recommend that the business is referred for further support from the FINE team:**

Kirklees Food Initiatives and Nutrition Education (FINE) Project can offer FREE one-to-one support and consultancy or specific masterclasses (minimum number of businesses required) to fast food take-aways across Kirklees to enable them to assess where they can make improvements and implement positive change within their business.

Requests for support to: Kirklees FINE Project 01484 221000 (ask for FINE Project) or email: [fine.project@kirklees.gov.uk](mailto:fine.project@kirklees.gov.uk)