



TIM O'HARE ASSOCIATES
SOIL & LANDSCAPE CONSULTANCY

Alan Draper
R. Draper Ltd
Barrow Nook Lane
Bickerstaffe
Nr. Ormskirk
Lancashire
L39 0ET

23rd January 2020
Our Ref: TOHA/20/9367/SS
Your Ref: as below

Dear Sirs

Topsoil Analysis Report – G1 Topsoil

We have completed the analysis of the topsoil sample recently submitted, referenced *G1 Topsoil*, and have pleasure reporting our findings.

The purpose of the analysis was to determine the suitability of the topsoil sample for general landscape purposes (trees, shrubs, amenity grass). In addition, this sample has been assessed to determine its compliance with the requirements of the British Standard for Topsoil (*BS3882:2015 Specification for Topsoil – Multipurpose Topsoil*).

This report presents the results of analysis for the sample submitted to our office, and it should be considered 'indicative' of the topsoil source. The report and results should therefore not be used by third parties as a means of verification or validation testing or waste designation purposes, especially after the topsoil has left the R Draper Ltd site.

SAMPLE EXAMINATION

The sample was described as a very dark grey (Munsell Colour 10YR 3/1) slightly moist, slightly plastic, very slightly calcareous LOAMY SAND with a weakly developed, fine to occasionally coarse granular structure*. The sample was slightly stony and contained very common organic fines. No unusual odours, deleterious materials, roots or rhizomes of pernicious weeds were observed.

*This appraisal of soil structure was made from examination of disturbed sample(s). Structure is a key soil characteristic that may only be accurately assessed by examination in an in-situ state.

Tim O'Hare Associates LLP
Howbery Park Wallingford Oxfordshire OX10 8BA
T:01491 822653 E:info@toha.co.uk
www.toha.co.uk

ANALYTICAL SCHEDULE

The sample was submitted to a UKAS and MCERTS accredited laboratory for a range of physical and chemical tests to confirm the composition and fertility of the soil, and the concentration of selected potential contaminants. The following parameters were determined:

- particle size analysis (sand, silt, clay);
- stone content (2-20mm, 20-50mm, >50mm);
- pH and electrical conductivity values;
- exchangeable sodium percentage;
- major plant nutrients (N, P, K, Mg);
- organic matter content;
- C:N ratio;
- heavy metals (As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni, Se, Zn, B);
- total cyanide and total (mono) phenols;
- speciated PAHs (US EPA16 suite);
- aromatic and aliphatic TPH (C5-C35 banding);
- benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene (BTEX);
- asbestos screen.

The results are presented on the attached Certificate of Analysis and an interpretation of the results is given below.

RESULTS OF ANALYSIS

Particle Size Analysis and Stone Content

The sample fell into the *loamy sand* texture class, which is usually considered suitable for general landscape applications provided the soil's physical condition is satisfactory.

The stone content of the sample was low and, as such, stones should not restrict the use of the soil for general landscape purposes.

pH and Electrical Conductivity Values

The sample was slightly acid in reaction (pH 6.5), with a pH value that would be considered ideal for general landscape purposes.

The electrical conductivity (salinity) value (water extract) was moderately high. Although the growth of many plant species (including amenity turf) are unlikely to be affected by this level of salinity, it is possible that salt sensitive species, including emergent seedlings, could show reduced growth potential.

The electrical conductivity value by CaSO₄ extract (3530 µS/cm - BS3882 requirement) slightly exceeded the maximum specified value (3300 µS/cm) given in BS3882:2015 – Table 1.

Organic Matter and Fertility Status

The sample was adequately supplied with organic matter and all major plant nutrients.

The C:N ratio of the sample was acceptable for general landscape purposes.

Potential Contaminants

With reference to BS3882:2015 - Table 1: Notes 3 and 4, there is a recommendation to confirm levels of potential contaminants in relation to the topsoil's proposed end use. This includes human health, environmental protection and metals considered toxic to plants. In the absence of site-specific assessment criteria, the concentrations that affect human health have been compared with the *residential with home grown produce* land use in the Suitable For Use Levels (S4ULs) presented in *The LQM/CIEH S4ULs for Human Health Risk Assessment* (2015) and the DEFRA SP1010: *Development of Category 4 Screening Levels (C4SLs) for Assessment of Land Affected by Contamination – Policy Companion Document* (2014).

Of the potential contaminants determined, none was found at levels that exceeded their guideline values.

Phytotoxic Contaminants

Of the phytotoxic (toxic to plants) contaminants determined (copper, nickel, zinc), none was found at levels that exceeded the maximum permissible levels specified in *BS3882:2015 – Table 1*.

CONCLUSION

The purpose of the analysis was to determine the suitability of the topsoil sample for general landscape purposes (trees, shrubs, amenity grass). In addition, this sample has been assessed to determine compliance with the requirements of the British Standard for Topsoil (*BS3882:2015 Specification for Topsoil – Multipurpose Topsoil*).

From the soil examination and laboratory analysis, the sample was described as a slightly acid, moderately saline, very slightly calcareous loamy sand with a weakly developed structure and low stone content. The sample contained sufficient reserves of organic matter and major plant nutrients. Of the potential contaminants determined, none exceeded their respective guideline values.

The electrical conductivity (salinity) value (water extract) was moderately high. In this instance, the proportion of soluble salts should not be significant for more hardy plants or grass cultivars. However, the soil represented by this sample may not be suitable for salt-sensitive species or young seedlings.

To conclude, based on our findings, the topsoil represented by this sample would be considered suitable for general landscape purposes (hardy trees, shrubs and amenity grass), provided the physical condition of the soil is satisfactory.

The sample was largely compliant with the requirements of the British Standard for Topsoil (*BS3882:2015 – Specification for Topsoil – Table 1, Multipurpose Topsoil*) with the exception of the slightly elevated electrical conductivity (CaSO₄ extract). On this occasion, this non-compliance is considered minor when reviewed in the context of all the other results and given the proposed end-use of the soil.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Soil Handling Recommendations

It is important to maintain the physical condition of the soil and avoid structural damage during all phases of soil handling (e.g. stockpiling, resspreading, cultivating, planting, seeding or turfing). As a consequence, soil handling operations should be carried out when soil is reasonably dry and non-plastic (friable) in consistency.

It is important to ensure that the soil is not unnecessarily compacted by trampling or trafficking by site machinery, and soil handling should be stopped during and after heavy rainfall and not continued until the soil is friable in consistency. If the soil is structurally damaged and compacted at any stage during the course of soiling or landscaping works, it should be cultivated appropriately to relieve the compaction and to restore the soil's structure prior to any planting, turfing or seeding.

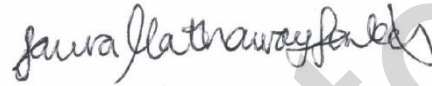
Further details on soil handling are provided in Annex A of *BS3882:2015*.

We hope this report meets with your approval and provides the necessary information. Please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned if we can be of further assistance.

Yours faithfully



Aaron Cross
BSc
Graduate Soil Scientist



Laura Hathaway-Jenkins
BSc MSc EngD MISOilSci
Senior Associate

For & on behalf of Tim O'Hare Associates LLP



Client:	R Draper Ltd
Project	G1 Topsoil
Job:	Topsoil Analysis - BS3882:2015
Date:	23/01/2020
Job Ref No:	TOHA/20/9367/SS

Sample Reference		Accreditation	
Clay (<0.002mm)	%	UKAS	
Silt (0.002-0.063mm)	%	UKAS	
Sand (0.063-2.0mm)	%	UKAS	
Texture Class (UK Classification)	--	UKAS	
Stones (2-20mm)	% DW	GLP	
Stones (20-50mm)	% DW	GLP	
Stones (>50mm)	% DW	GLP	

pH Value (1:2.5 water extract)	units	UKAS	
Electrical Conductivity (1:2.5 water extract)	uS/cm	UKAS	
Electrical Conductivity (1:2 CaSO ₄ extract)	uS/cm	UKAS	
Exchangeable Sodium Percentage	%	UKAS	
Organic Matter (LOI)	%	UKAS	
Total Nitrogen (Dumas)	%	UKAS	
C : N Ratio	ratio	UKAS	
Extractable Phosphorus	mg/l	UKAS	
Extractable Potassium	mg/l	UKAS	
Extractable Magnesium	mg/l	UKAS	

Total Arsenic (As)	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Total Cadmium (Cd)	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Total Chromium (Cr)	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Total Copper (Cu)	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Total Lead (Pb)	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Total Mercury (Hg)	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Total Nickel (Ni)	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Total Selenium (Se)	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Total Zinc (Zn)	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Water Soluble Boron (B)	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Total Cyanide (CN)	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Total (mono) Phenols	mg/kg	MCERTS	

Naphthalene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Fluorene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Anthracene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Pyrene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Chrysene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Total PAHs (sum USEPA16)	mg/kg	MCERTS	

Aliphatic TPH >C5 - C6	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aliphatic TPH >C6 - C8	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aliphatic TPH >C8 - C10	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aliphatic TPH >C10 - C12	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aliphatic TPH >C12 - C16	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aliphatic TPH >C16 - C21	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aliphatic TPH >C21 - C35	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aliphatic TPH (C5 - C35)	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aromatic TPH >C5 - C7	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aromatic TPH >C7 - C8	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aromatic TPH >C8 - C10	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aromatic TPH >C10 - C12	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aromatic TPH >C12 - C16	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aromatic TPH >C16 - C21	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aromatic TPH >C21 - C35	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Aromatic TPH (C5 - C35)	mg/kg	MCERTS	

Benzene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Toluene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
p & m-xylene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
Xylene	mg/kg	MCERTS	
MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether)	mg/kg	MCERTS	

Asbestos Screen	N/ND	ISO 17025	
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LS = LOAMY SAND

Visual Examination

The sample was described as a very dark grey (Munsell Colour 10YR 3/1) slightly moist, slightly plastic, very slightly calcareous LOAMY SAND with a weakly developed, fine to occasionally coarse granular structure. The sample was slightly stony and contained very common organic fines. No unusual odours, deleterious materials, roots or rhizomes of pernicious weeds were observed.

Results of analysis should be read in conjunction with the report they were issued with.

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G1 Topsoil

7
8
85
LS
6
6
0

6.5
1640
3530
5.2
5.4
0.22
14
65
1450
141

7
< 0.2
13
< 4.0
26
33
< 0.3
10
< 1.0
48
1.5
< 1
< 1.0

< 0.05
< 0.05
< 0.05
< 0.05
0.4
< 0.05
0.36
0.33
< 0.05
< 0.05
< 0.05
< 0.05
< 0.05
< 0.05
< 0.05
< 0.05
< 0.05
1.1

< 0.001
< 0.001
< 0.001
< 1.0
< 2.0
< 8.0
< 8.0
< 10
< 0.001
< 0.001
< 0.001
< 1.0
< 2.0
< 10
< 10
< 10

< 0.001
< 0.001
< 0.001
< 0.001
< 0.001
< 0.001

Not-detected

A. Cross

Aaron Cross
BSc MSc
Graduate Soil Scientist