



Health and wellbeing



**key issues for
the people of Kirklees**

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Huddersfield

One in 3 of the Kirklees population live in Huddersfield. People in the south of Huddersfield generally had poorer health than those in the north. South Huddersfield had more adults with long term conditions and higher rates of dying aged under 75 than Kirklees overall.

Some young people's lives have improved with fewer 14 year olds regularly smoking, drinking, being sexually active or feeling miserable. Educational attainment improved across all ages and groups.

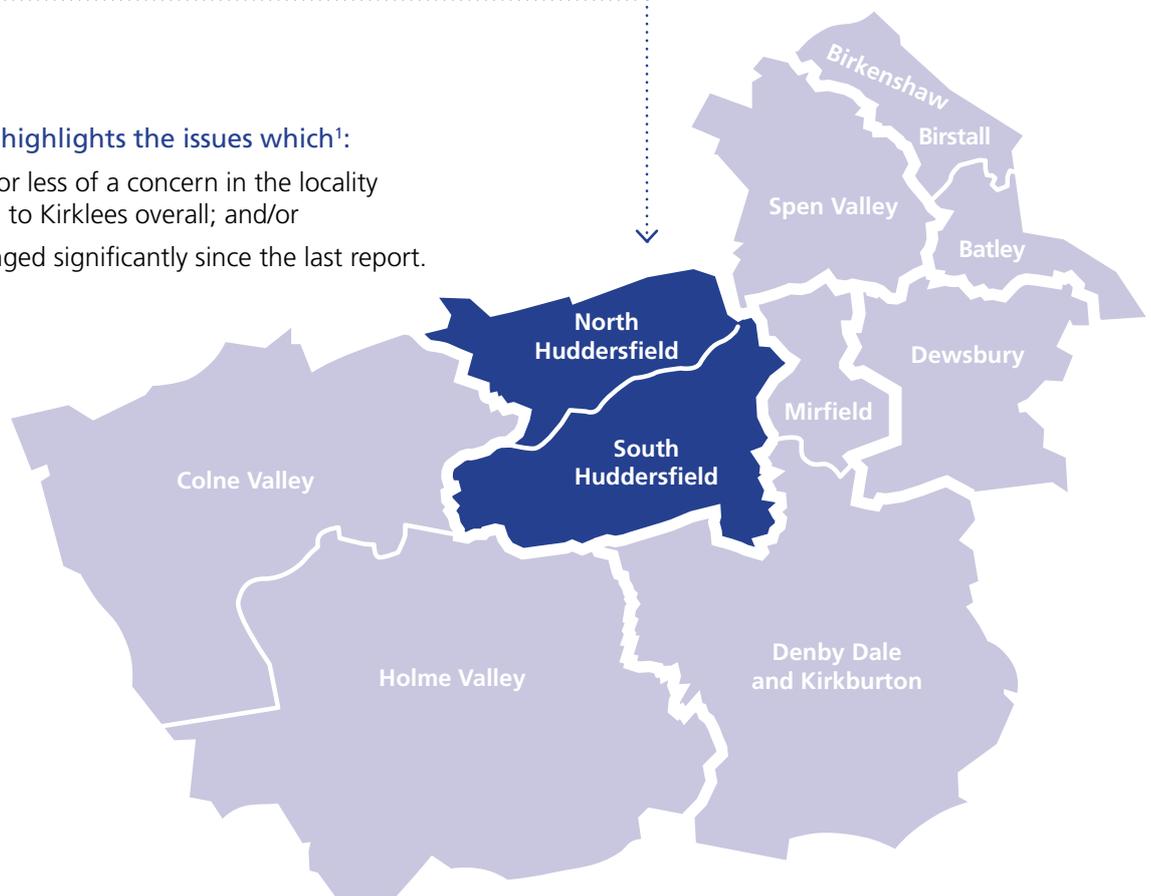
Significant challenges remain, especially in the south of Huddersfield, such as infant deaths, obesity, girls smoking and low attainment by pupils of Asian Pakistani heritage and by boys. Teenage conceptions were still too high across the locality.

Deprivation is increasing with high rates of unemployment, especially amongst young adults and older people living in poverty. Crime rates in Huddersfield are the highest in Kirklees.

To enable a more detailed analysis of the issues facing the Huddersfield locality, where possible the data is given for the north and south of the locality. The north of Huddersfield includes Ashbrow, Greenhead and Lindley wards, and the south of Huddersfield includes Almondbury, Crosland Moor and Netherton, Dalton and Newsome wards.

This section highlights the issues which¹:

- are more or less of a concern in the locality compared to Kirklees overall; and/or
- have changed significantly since the last report.



Key issues in this locality are:

Overall health in the south of Huddersfield was worse than in the north of Huddersfield, with the south having the highest rate of long term limiting illness in Kirklees.

High rates of deaths aged under 75, especially in the south of Huddersfield.

The infant death rate in the south of Huddersfield was still well above the national rate.

South Huddersfield had the highest rates in Kirklees of stroke, asthma, pain problems, including arthritis and depression, anxiety and other nervous illness.

Very few adults did enough physical activity, this was especially low amongst women of childbearing age.

High rates of adults smoking, especially in the south of Huddersfield and amongst people of south Asian origin. The south of Huddersfield had the highest rate of smoking in 14 year old girls, the north a low rate.

Regular drinking amongst 14 year olds had fallen. Of those who drank, getting really drunk was much more common in boys in the north of Huddersfield than in the rest of Kirklees.

The rate of teenage conceptions was amongst the highest in Kirklees.

Highest rate of 14 year olds reporting not getting on with their peers and higher than average reporting regularly feeling angry in the north of Huddersfield.

High rates of obesity in children age 11 years, especially in the south of Huddersfield.

Educational attainment improved but was still below the Kirklees average, especially in the south of Huddersfield, for pupils of Asian Pakistani heritage and for boys.

The south of Huddersfield had the highest rate of school leavers not in education, training or employment (NEET).

Increasing levels of deprivation with low average household income, high rates of adults on out of work benefits and children and older people living in income deprived households.

Large numbers of houses inadequate for the needs of those living in them, especially those with dependent children.

Highest levels of all types of crime in Kirklees.

High traffic levels around the town centre and the related problem of poor air quality.

The main report highlights a number of issues that are important across Kirklees. So whilst these issues may not be significantly better or worse in the locality they should still be a focus of concern and action.

- **Smoking** - 1 in 5 (20%) of all adults in Kirklees still smoked and whilst rates in Huddersfield were similar, there were more than 23,000 adults who smoked.
- **Alcohol** - 1 in 5 (20%) 14 year olds² drank weekly or more and 1 in 3 (36%) men and 1 in 4 (26%) women drank above sensible limits across Kirklees, similar to Huddersfield.
- **Obesity** - 1 in 5 (18%) adults in Huddersfield were obese, the same as Kirklees, but obesity rates of 11 year olds in south Huddersfield (18%) were the second highest in Kirklees.
- **Long term conditions** - the lives of 1 in 3 adults in Huddersfield were affected by a long term limiting illness i.e. over 32,700 people and the south of Huddersfield had the highest rate in Kirklees. Rates of diabetes across the locality and pain, especially in the south of Huddersfield, were high.
- **Cancers** - were the main cause of death aged under 75 in every locality, with breast, lung, prostate and colon being the most common cancers. Huddersfield was similar to Kirklees, except for cervical cancer being the highest in the north and lowest in the south.
- **Mental health** - around 1 in 5 of adults in Kirklees were living with a mental health issue, including depression or anxiety, so nearly 25,000 adults in Huddersfield were affected. The south of Huddersfield had the second worst rate in Kirklees. Across Kirklees 1 in 5 14 year olds reported feeling miserable weekly or more in the last year, and 1 in 5 did not have someone to talk to about their problems.
- **Older people and carers** - 15% of the population was over 65 and this was projected to grow by 50% by 2030, especially in those aged over 85. So the number of older people in Huddersfield will increase from 20,800 to over 31,000. 1 in 8 of all adults had some caring responsibilities, around 12,300 adults in Huddersfield, and this is projected to rise as the population becomes older.
- **Deprivation** - whilst there were concentrations of deprivation in some localities there were significant numbers of people who were income deprived in each locality. In Huddersfield 1 in 3 (30%) of those aged 0-15 years and 1 in 5 (22%) of those aged over 60 lived in income deprived households - a combined total of over 13,000 people. More than half of all households had an annual income of below £20,000.

Health and wellbeing indicators for children and young people in Huddersfield 2010

Indicator	Huddersfield		Change*	Diff**	Kirklees 2010
	2009	2010			
Resident Population characteristics of those aged under 19					
Population count aged under 19 years	30405	30692	NA	NA	101505
Aged under 19 years	226	225	NA	NA	237
South Asian aged under 19 years (Kirklees total = 27107)	288	298	NA	NA	267
Non-south Asian aged under 19 years (Kirklees total = 74398)	712	702	NA	NA	733
Number of live births	1722	1796	NA	NA	5666
Live birth rate	61	64			65
Proportion of live births that were to South Asian women (percentage)	Nav	33	Nav		31
Being healthy					
Babies born with a low birth weight, i.e. under 2500 gm	88	89			88
Deaths in infants aged under 1 year	6.8	5.1			6.0
Still births	6.7	5.9			5.4
Breastfed on initiation	787	797		▲	712
Breastfed at 6-6 weeks from birth	Nav	452			407
Obesity 4-5 year olds (reception class)	97	92		ND	92
Obesity 10-11 year olds (school year 6)	190	175			164
Self-reported health and health problems of 14 year olds (school Year 9)					
Overall health good to excellent	903	895			893
Everyday life affected by health problem and/or disability	121	98			118
Health behaviours					
Food and nutrition (14 year olds)					
Never/hardly ever eat something before school starts	228	231			220
Smoking (14 year olds)					
Smoking weekly or more (of all 14 year olds)	120	88			95
Alcohol (14 year olds)					
Have ever drunk alcohol	693	605	▼	▼	656
and drink alcohol weekly or more	497	179	▼		208
and have been 'really drunk' weekly or more	81	62			65
and drink alone	148	114			119
Illegal drugs (14 year olds)					
Ever taken illegal drugs	148	111			121
Sexual Health (14 year olds unless otherwise stated)					
Teenage conceptions (aged 15-17 years)	49.7	54.9			44.8
Have had sexual intercourse	175	127	▼		129
Of those who have had sexual intercourse no contraception/protection used	151	117			182
Physical activity (14 year olds)					
30+ mins average per day physical activity in last 7 days	878	855			874
Recommended (60 mins+) average daily physical activity levels	Nav	619	Nav		657
Sedentary (under 30 mins average physical activity per day)	122	145			126
Psychological & emotional health & wellbeing (14 year olds)					
NOT happy with the way they look	374	322			335
Problems getting to sleep (weekly or more) due to being anxious or worried	119	150			171
Weekly or more (in the last school year) had sudden changes of mood	232	193			208
felt miserable	233	179	▼		208
felt angry	361	293	▼		289
felt lonely	115	113			109
Relationships for 14 year olds					
Sometimes or never happy with his/her self as a person	262	248			264
Do NOT have someone to talk to about their problems	241	191			205

Indicator	Huddersfield		Change*	Diff**	Kirklees 2010
	2009	2010			
Bullying in 14 year olds					
Year 9 pupils who have ever been bullied	449	382	▼		397
Bullied weekly or more in past 2 months (of those who have been bullied)	108	189	▲		204
Ever been a bully	279	204	▼		216
Bully others weekly or more in past 2 months (of those who have been bullies)	61	80			102
Staying/feeling Safe					
Children aged under 18 years with a Child Protection Plan (CPP)	Nav	4.0	Nav	▲	2.9
14 year olds who feel very/quite safe in local area	Nav	803	Nav		801
14 year olds worried about violence at home monthly or more	57	30	▼		45
Economic well being					
Primary school pupils (years R to 6 incl.) eligible for free school meals	Nav	237	Nav	▲	184
Secondary school pupils aged 11-16 years (years 7 to 11 incl.) eligible for free school meals	Nav	206	Nav	▲	157
Children aged 0-15 years living in income deprived households (percentage)	Nav	30	Nav	▲	24
School leavers known not to be in employment, education or training (NEET)	Nav	111	Nav		97
Housing					
Households with dependent children whose home is perceived as NOT adequate for household's needs	321	Nav	NA		298
Education					
Pupils with Statement of Educational Needs	30	29			27
Achievement at Early Years Foundation Stage	520	579	▲	▼	619
Attainment of 5+ GCSEs A*-C [including English and Maths]					
Males	398	454			481
Females	477	548			577
Asian Pakistani heritage students attaining 5 A*-C including English and Maths	407	524			470
Community & community cohesion (14 year olds)					
Agree that people from different backgrounds get on well together in local area	Nav	609	Nav	▲	514
Agree that people of different ages get on well together in local area	Nav	863	Nav		845
Families (14 year olds)					
Sometimes or never get on well with family	207	135	▼		139
Caring for a parent/sibling/other relative with a disability/illness	151	152			141
Never/hardly ever sit down for a family meal	Nav	229	Nav		197
Live with adult(s) who smoke	482	468		▲	415
Those who drink who usually get their alcohol from family/relatives living at home	Nav	511	Nav		511
Think that family/close friends drink too much	318	234	▼		250

Key:

 Comparable with adults data obtained from CLIK 2008 survey.

 Comparable with adults data obtained from Place Survey 2009.

 Data suppressed as denominator <=5 (or <=3 for deaths).

 Not applicable.

 Not available.

*** Change**

Significantly worse (higher or lower) than this locality in 2009



Significantly better (higher or lower) than this locality in 2009



Significant change from 2009 but labels of better or worse not appropriate

**** Difference**

Significantly worse (higher or lower) in this locality than Kirklees overall



Significantly better (higher or lower) in this locality than Kirklees overall



Significantly different to Kirklees but labels of better or worse not appropriate

Significant differences/ changes were identified by comparing the 95% confidence intervals of the two rates. Where these do not overlap, we can be confident that the difference is not due to chance.

The place and its people, population, births and deaths

Huddersfield locality includes the wards of Ashbrow, Greenhead, Lindley, Almondbury, Crosland Moor and Netherton, Dalton and Newsome. Huddersfield had a population of 137,000, of which 60,000 lived in the north of Huddersfield and 77,000 lived in the south of Huddersfield. Overall 1 in 3 (32%) of all Kirklees residents live in Huddersfield. The proportion of the population of the south of Huddersfield of south Asian origin was similar to Kirklees, whilst in the north of Huddersfield the proportion was higher than Kirklees but still lower than Dewsbury and Batley. The age profile of Huddersfield broadly reflected Kirklees.

There were 1,790 live births in the locality in 2008, 1 in 3 (32%) of all live births in Kirklees, with the birth rate being similar to Kirklees. Life expectancy at birth and aged 65 is similar to Kirklees, although the under 75 years death rate is higher.

Health and wellbeing inequalities for children and young people

The **infant death rate** across the locality fell to 5.1 per 1,000. In the north of Huddersfield it was 4.5 whilst in the south it was 5.6 - still well above the national rate (4.8). The rate of **low birth weight babies** was the same as Kirklees 1 in 11 (9%). **Breastfeeding** initiation rates (80%) were above the Kirklees rate (71%). However, the **teenage conception** rate remained stubbornly high across the whole locality, 55 per 1,000 girls aged 15-17 and was amongst the highest in Kirklees.

Fewer 14 year olds were **sexually active** (13%) now, similar to Kirklees. Of all those 14 year olds having sex, fewer reported not using a condom or other protection (down from 1 in 7 (15%) to 1 in 9 (12%)) and this was better than Kirklees, 1 in 5 (18%).

The average number of **decayed/missing/filled teeth** in 5 year olds was less than Kirklees overall, but worse in the south than the north of Huddersfield. This is an indicator of poor diet. 14 year olds in Huddersfield were the least likely in Kirklees to eat something before school starts (23%).

Smoking amongst 14 year olds had decreased, especially amongst girls, although 1 in 9 (11%) of 14 year old girls in Huddersfield still smoked, 13% in the south of Huddersfield - the highest in Kirklees. Of those who smoked, 1 in 4 (26%) were happy to continue (1 in 3 (35%) in the north of Huddersfield). Nearly half (47%) of all 14 year olds in Huddersfield lived with an adult who smoked.

Along with all other localities, regular **alcohol** drinking amongst 14 year olds fell since the last report, but of those who drank, 1 in 5 (18%) drank weekly or more. In the north of Huddersfield 14 year olds were more likely to get 'really drunk' at least monthly (16%) than those in the south (10%), especially boys (18%). The proportion of 14 year olds who thought that family/close friends drank too much fell since the last report (from 32% to 23%) as, significantly, did those with family or friends who used illegal drugs (from 21% to 15%).

Emotional wellbeing in 14 year olds was similar to Kirklees, as 1 in 5 (18%) felt miserable at least weekly in the last year, 1 in 3 (29%) feeling angry at least weekly and 1 in 5 (19%) not having someone to talk to about their problems - all of which had improved since the last report.

Whilst being bullied was similar to Kirklees in 14 year olds,

1 in 3 (38%), this had improved (from 45%) since the last report. Similarly fewer of them (20%) reported ever being a bully than previously (28%). However, there was an increase in those 14 year olds who had been bullied weekly or more in the last two months, to 1 in 5 (19%), similar to Kirklees.

The locality had the second highest rate of children with a **Child Protection Plan** (4.0 per 1,000), with the south of Huddersfield (4.6) being much higher than the north (3.3). Feelings of safety for 14 year olds across the locality (80%) reflected Kirklees.

Overall the level of **educational attainment** across the locality was slightly below the Kirklees average at each key stage. The north of Huddersfield was above the Kirklees average, whilst the south was below at all key stages. At the Early Years Foundation Stage, attainment continued to improve in the south but remained the lowest in Kirklees, 52% versus the Kirklees overall, 62%, in 2010. The north of Huddersfield had also improved and was above average (65%). At Key Stage 4 GCSE level (5+ A*-C GCSEs including English and Maths) attainment in Huddersfield had improved since 2009, but in the south was still below the Kirklees average for boys and girls. Attainment of all boys in the south was low (40%) and had fallen since 2009 but had risen across Kirklees by 7%. Nearly 2 out of 3 (63%) of Asian Pakistani heritage pupils achieved 5+ A*-C including English and Maths in the north of Huddersfield, the highest in Kirklees, compared with less than half (43%) in the south of Huddersfield.

Huddersfield had one of the main geographic Not in Education, Employment or Training (**NEET**) 'hotspots' - Dalton, Rawthorpe and Kirkheaton.

Nearly half (an average of around 44%) of all children and young people in Huddersfield lived in the 20% most deprived areas in Kirklees. Across Huddersfield 1 in 3 (30%) children aged under 16 lived in **income deprived** households, the highest, along with Dewsbury and Batley.

14 year olds in Huddersfield were most likely to feel that people of different backgrounds (61%) and different ages (86%) **got on well** together, and be most satisfied with their area as a place to live (72%).

Health and wellbeing inequalities for adults in Huddersfield

Health status

Adults had slightly worse **health functioning** for every aspect compared to Kirklees, especially in the south of Huddersfield.

More than 7 in 10 adults reported having good or excellent health. However in the south of Huddersfield this was the lowest in Kirklees (71%).

Whilst 1 in 4 (28%) adults in the north of Huddersfield had a **long term limiting illness**, the rate rose to 1 in 3 (32%) in the south - the highest rate in Kirklees.

One in 3 (37%) people aged 65 and over needed **help with daily living tasks** with 3,330 people estimated to have a high or very high social care need.

Behaviours

Alcohol consumption broadly reflected Kirklees overall. Nearly half of women of childbearing age binged in the past week, 46% in the south, the second highest rate in Kirklees. Rates had slightly improved since 2005, particularly for bingeing.

Only 1 in 4 (27%) of all adults did sufficient **physical activity** per week, amongst the lowest in Kirklees. Less than 1 in 3 (30%) women of childbearing age did enough physical activity weekly, less than 2005, and also the lowest in Kirklees.

23% of adults smoked in the south of Huddersfield, less in the north.

Smoking among south Asians in the south was high at 24%, compared to other localities. 1 in 4 (26%) women of childbearing age smoked rising from 20% in 2005. Smoking during pregnancy was below the Kirklees average but still too high at 13% in the north and 18% in the south.

Conditions

Overall the locality had higher death rates in those aged under 75 than the rest of Kirklees, except Dewsbury. The rates had improved for cancer and **stroke** in the south of Huddersfield, **circulatory diseases and heart disease** worsened and were higher than Kirklees.

New cases of cervical **cancer** were the highest in Kirklees in the north of Huddersfield and the lowest in the south. New cases of colon cancer in the north of Huddersfield in women were the lowest in Kirklees. In the north of Huddersfield the overall death rate aged under 75 for cancer was below the rate in Kirklees but in the south it was above the Kirklees rate, but falling.

The rate of **diabetes** in the north of Huddersfield in those aged under 65 (7%) was the second highest in Kirklees, after Dewsbury. For those over 65 in the south of Huddersfield it was the highest in Kirklees (18%).

One in 5 adults were **obese** and over half were overweight or obese, similar to Kirklees. The locality had amongst the highest rate for women of childbearing age being either overweight or obese, especially in the north of Huddersfield (46%).

The area had amongst the highest rate of **incontinence of urine**, 1 in 11 amongst all ages and this was worse than 2005 figures.

One in 3 people suffered **pain** (including arthritis) and 1 in 4 had back pain. In the south of Huddersfield, more residents aged under 65 suffered pain than elsewhere in Kirklees.

One in 4 (23%) people suffered **depression, anxiety or other nervous illnesses**, the second worst rate in Kirklees, and worse than 2005.

Living and working conditions

Average **household income** in Huddersfield was still below Kirklees especially in the south of Huddersfield. Levels of benefit claimants rose across the locality. The increase was most marked in Council Tax Benefit which rose from 23% to 28%. 1 in 6 (18%) of all working age adults were claiming Job Seekers Allowance, and 1 in 14 (7%) were claiming Incapacity Benefit or Employment and Support Allowance. So almost 1 in 3 of all working age adults were claiming an out of work benefit.

The locality had some of the highest rates of Disability Living Allowance claimants which is consistent with long term limiting illness.

Within Kirklees the number of people with **learning disabilities** known to services, continued to rise. Between 2009 and 2010 it increased by 1% to 19% in the south and 14% in the north of Huddersfield.

Of the 55,000 households in Huddersfield, more than 1 in 4 felt that their **home** was inadequate for their needs. Of families with dependent children in the north of Huddersfield, 1 in 3 (35%) felt their current home was inadequate, as did older people in the south of Huddersfield, 1 in 3 (29%).

Huddersfield had the highest levels of all type of **crime** across Kirklees, with criminal damage, other violence, and theft the most reported crime types. Although **domestic violence** levels were just below average for the locality, they were high within the Ashbrow and Greenhead wards.

More than 3 in 4 residents were satisfied with Huddersfield as a place to live. Residents felt there was a good level of cohesion, 3 in 4 (74% in the south and 79% in the north) believed people from different backgrounds **get on well** together.

Huddersfield had one of the lowest levels of **volunteering** in Kirklees. Only 1 in 4 (25%) adults participated in regular volunteering (i.e. at least monthly) in the north and 1 in 5 (22%) in the south.

The level of traffic increased with traffic flows in Huddersfield more than 8% higher between 1999 and 2009. **Transport** activity impacts on air quality. High levels of key transport related pollutants which affect health have been identified in the Cooper Bridge area of the A62.

- 1 All data are from the Kirklees Indicator Tables 2010 or relevant section of the Kirklees JSNA, 2010 and are available on the website.
- 2 All data specifically relating to '14 year olds' are from Young People's (YPS) Survey, 2009.

Health and wellbeing indicators for adults in Huddersfield 2010

Indicator		Hudds North	HN vs Kirklees	HN vs 2009 report	Hudds South	HS vs Kirklees	HS vs 2009 report
Resident population characteristics		% %					
By age groups	aged 18-44 years	39	higher	N/A	41	higher	N/A
	aged 45-64 years	23	lower	=	23	lower	=
	aged 65-74 years	8	=	N/A	9	higher	N/A
	aged 75 years and over	8	higher	N/A	7	=	N/A
South Asian	aged 18 years and over	20	higher	higher	15	higher	higher
Non-south Asian	aged 18 years and over	80	lower	higher	85	lower	lower
Health Status: mean score (out of 100)		Score			Score		
Role - Physical	mean aged 18 years and over	74	=	NND	70	X	NND
	mean aged under 65 years	80	X	NND	77	X	NND
	mean aged 65 years and over	50	✓	NND	46	X	NND
Role - Emotional	mean aged 18 years and over	77	X	NND	74	X	NND
	mean aged under 65 years	79	X	NND	77	X	NND
	mean aged 65 years and over	73	X	NND	69	X	NND
Social functioning	mean aged 18 years and over	78	X	NND	76	X	NND
	mean aged under 65 years	80	X	NND	78	X	NND
	mean aged 65 years and over	73	✓	NND	71	X	NND
Mental health	mean aged 18 years and over	71	=	NND	69	X	NND
	mean aged under 65 years	70	=	NND	69	X	NND
	mean aged 65 years and over	75	✓	NND	72	X	NND
Physical functioning	mean aged 18 years and over	75	X	NND	73	X	NND
	mean aged under 65 years	81	=	NND	80	X	NND
	mean aged 65 years and over	56	=	NND	56	=	NND
Bodily pain	mean aged 18 years and over	69	=	NND	66	X	NND
	mean aged under 65 years	71	X	NND	70	X	NND
	mean aged 65 years and over	59	✓	NND	56	X	NND
Life Expectancy (years)							
	at birth (male)	77.3	=	X	76.8	X	X
	at birth (female)	80.7	X	✓	80.7	X	✓
Deaths (rate per 1000)							
All cancers*	aged under 75 years	1.01	✓	✓	1.07	✓	✓
All circulatory diseases*	aged under 75 years	0.84	X	✓	0.93	X	X
Coronary heart disease*	aged under 75 years	0.46	✓	✓	0.52	X	✓
Stroke*	aged under 75 years	0.17	X	✓	0.17	X	X
Bronchitis, emphysema & other COPD*	aged under 75 years	0.14	✓	X	0.15	=	✓
Biological Factors		% %					
Heart disease	aged under 65 years	3	=	NND	3	=	NND
	aged 65 years and over	14	✓	NND	15	✓	NND
High blood pressure	aged under 65 years	15	✓	NND	14	✓	NND
	aged 65 years and over	39	✓	NND	41	=	NND
Stroke	aged under 65 years	<1	=	NND	<1	=	NND
	aged 65 years and over	3	=	NND	3	=	NND
Asthma	aged under 65 years	11	✓	NND	12	=	NND
	aged 65 years and over	14	=	NND	15	X	NND
Diabetes	aged under 65 years	6	X	NND	5	=	NND
	aged 65 years and over	15	✓	NND	18	X	NND
Incontinence of urine	aged under 65 years	6	X	NND	6	X	NND
	aged 65 years and over	15	✓	NND	16	=	NND
Pain problems including arthritis	aged under 65 years (male)	30	=	NND	35	X	NND
	aged under 65 years (female)	25	X	NND	26	X	NND
	aged 65 years and over (male)	42	✓	NND	50	X	NND
	aged 65 years and over (female)	59	X	NND	60	X	NND

Indicator			Hudds North	HN vs Kirklees	HN vs 2009 report	Hudds South	HS vs Kirklees	HS vs 2009 report
Back pain	aged under 65 years		24	=	NND	27	X	NND
	aged 65 years and over		31	=	NND	33	=	NND
Depression, anxiety or other nervous illness	aged 18 years and over		22	X	NND	24	X	NND
Obesity	Obese - Body Mass Index 30+	aged 18 years and over	18	=	NND	19	X	NND
	Either obese or overweight aged 18 years and over		54	=	NND	53	✓	NND
Women of child bearing age	Either obese or overweight	aged 18-44 years	46	X	NND	41	✓	NND
Health Behaviours			%			%		
Smoking	At least 1 daily	aged 18 years and over	20	=	NND	23	X	NND
Physical activity	Moderate activity at least 30 mins 5 times weekly	aged 18 years and over	26	X	NND	28	=	NND
Alcohol	Over sensible limits	aged 18 years and over (male)	33	✓	NND	34	✓	NND
		aged 18 years and over (female)	25	✓	NND	29	X	NND
	Binge drinking	aged 18 years and over (male)	33	✓	NND	38	=	NND
		aged 18 years and over (female)	34	✓	NND	38	X	NND
Women of child bearing age			27	X	NND	26	X	NND
Smoking	Smoking at least 1 daily	aged 18-44 years	27	X	NND	26	X	NND
	Smoking at birth	all deliveries (excl. South Asian)	13	✓	✓	18	✓	✓
Alcohol	Over sensible limits	aged 18-44 years	26	✓	NND	32	X	NND
	Binge drinking	aged 18-44 years	41	✓	NND	46	X	NND
Physical activity	Moderate activity at least 30 mins 5 times weekly	aged 18-44 years	31	X	NND	29	X	NND
Economic wellbeing and community			%			%		
Income support claimants	aged 16-64 years		5.6	X	X	5.8	X	X
Council Tax Benefit claimants	aged 16 years and over		27	X	X	29.8	X	X
Household income average gross	£000s		32.8	X	✓	30.5	X	✓
Disability Living Allowance claimants	all ages		5.8	X	✓	6.1	X	✓
Claimants of Severe Disability Allowance or Incapacity Benefit or Employment Support Allowance	aged 16-64 years		6.9	X	N/A	6.9	X	N/A
People who believe people from different backgrounds get on well together in local area	aged 18 years and over		79	✓	NND	74	✓	NND
Home perceived as NOT adequate for household's needs (all household types)	households		27	X	NND	27	X	NND
Home perceived as NOT adequate for needs of pensioner households	pensioner households		26	✓	NND	29	X	NND
Older people living in income deprived households	aged 60 years and over		21	=	N/A	22	X	N/A

Key:

✓ Better X Worse = Same NND No New Data N/A Not Available * Small numbers ◆ Suppressed